

Supporting information

The impact of aerosol size-dependent hygroscopicity and mixing state on the cloud condensation nuclei potential over the Northeast Atlantic

Wei Xu^{1,2}, Kirsten N. Fossum¹, Jurgita Ovadnevaite¹, Chunshui Lin^{1,2}, Ru-Jin Huang², Colin O'Dowd¹, Darius Ceburnis¹

¹School of Physics, Ryan Institute's Centre for Climate and Air Pollution Studies, National University of Ireland Galway, Galway, Ireland.

²State Key Laboratory of Loess and Quaternary Geology and Key Laboratory of Aerosol Chemistry and Physics, Institute of Earth Environment, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Xi'an, China.

Correspondence to: Ru-Jin. Huang (rujin.huang@ieecas.cn) and Colin O'Dowd (colin.odowd@nuigalway.ie)

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Table S1. The arithmetic mean (standard deviation) of predicted N_{CCN} by each method in different types of air masses.

sector	supersaturation	A	B	C	D	E	F
Clean-H	0.25% SS	97(43)	115(53)	110(48)	107(47)	107(47)	106(47)
	0.5% SS	146(88)	212(125)	212(118)	170(97)	176(101)	173(98)
	0.75% SS	211(127)	326(177)	346(177)	287(155)	287(154)	279(150)
	1% SS	424(199)	539(272)	556(282)	505(254)	502(253)	495(248)
Clean-L	0.25% SS	143(79)	171(100)	162(90)	156(87)	155(87)	153(85)
	0.5% SS	202(130)	294(186)	279(172)	224(149)	228(151)	223(146)
	0.75% SS	289(186)	422(238)	430(238)	337(211)	340(211)	333(207)
	1% SS	373(219)	474(271)	486(277)	412(247)	406(248)	399(243)
Mix-H	0.25% SS	233(157)	267(175)	249(162)	231(149)	227(146)	224(141)
	0.5% SS	371(293)	448(329)	435(327)	365(271)	359(260)	354(253)
	0.75% SS	491(388)	593(418)	597(426)	504(370)	497(360)	488(352)
	1% SS	620(491)	706(522)	728(551)	625(461)	616(457)	603(446)
Mix-L	0.25% SS	679(767)	752(858)	636(737)	595(716)	570(698)	559(691)
	0.5% SS	1041(1221)	1129(1267)	1023(1196)	925(1141)	897(1133)	870(1112)
	0.75% SS	1267(1426)	1385(1480)	1298(1423)	1174(1361)	1152(1361)	1114(1341)
	1% SS	1405(1638)	1504(1655)	1419(1568)	1279(1507)	1255(1498)	1214(1478)
Polluted-H	0.25% SS	564(418)	601(416)	538(376)	485(351)	467(334)	455(322)
	0.5% SS	1019(691)	1096(673)	1036(642)	869(587)	833(558)	804(522)
	0.75% SS	1335(827)	1424(817)	1411(808)	1210(728)	1152(708)	1114(656)
	1% SS	1604(858)	1668(843)	1689(842)	1477(752)	1436(744)	1351(687)
Polluted-L	0.25% SS	1465(1039)	1442(1034)	1154(922)	1061(889)	975(863)	952(848)
	0.5% SS	2343(1530)	2309(1463)	2040(1355)	1793(1308)	1692(1287)	1608(1251)
	0.75% SS	2830(1768)	2825(1685)	2622(1601)	2328(1555)	2244(1539)	2108(1482)
	1% SS	3379(2188)	3322(1929)	3141(1861)	2834(1790)	2768(1785)	2583(1722)

Table S2. The mass concentration (ng m⁻³) of chemical composition and κ_{chem} in each type of air mass (arithmetic mean \pm standard deviation).

sector	κ_{chem}	BC	Org	$nss - SO_4$	sea-salt	MSA	NH_4	NO_3
Clean-H	0.64 \pm 0.087	7 \pm 3.8	120 \pm 160	340 \pm 210	170 \pm 130	36 \pm 31	28 \pm 15	9.7 \pm 3.1
Clean-L	0.84 \pm 0.094	6.5 \pm 4.2	55 \pm 41	110 \pm 61	430 \pm 270	1.3 \pm 0.79	10 \pm 7.3	16 \pm 6.3
Mixed-H	0.56 \pm 0.11	49 \pm 410	250 \pm 260	660 \pm 690	120 \pm 110	54 \pm 49	100 \pm 100	26 \pm 27
Mixed-L	0.57 \pm 0.21	84 \pm 130	510 \pm 860	270 \pm 380	280 \pm 220	2.9 \pm 3	96 \pm 230	140 \pm 390
Polluted-H	0.4 \pm 0.087	100 \pm 83	880 \pm 840	760 \pm 560	35 \pm 63	48 \pm 31	260 \pm 230	200 \pm 270
Polluted-L	0.33 \pm 0.097	320 \pm 200	2700 \pm 1700	990 \pm 620	76 \pm 87	5.5 \pm 3.8	510 \pm 400	760 \pm 810

Table S3. The κ_{HTDMA} in each type of air mass (arithmetic mean \pm standard deviation).

sector	035nm	050nm	075nm	110nm	165nm
Clean-H	0.523 \pm 0.06	0.476 \pm 0.09	0.496 \pm 0.1	0.478 \pm 0.09	0.495 \pm 0.08
Clean-L	0.342 \pm 0.1	0.396 \pm 0.2	0.515 \pm 0.1	0.556 \pm 0.1	0.601 \pm 0.1
Mixed-H	0.364 \pm 0.1	0.335 \pm 0.1	0.332 \pm 0.1	0.354 \pm 0.09	0.389 \pm 0.09
Mixed-L	0.247 \pm 0.2	0.25 \pm 0.2	0.273 \pm 0.2	0.289 \pm 0.2	0.322 \pm 0.2
Polluted-H	0.26 \pm 0.09	0.25 \pm 0.08	0.226 \pm 0.07	0.253 \pm 0.08	0.287 \pm 0.08
Polluted-L	0.146 \pm 0.05	0.139 \pm 0.05	0.13 \pm 0.06	0.154 \pm 0.08	0.183 \pm 0.09

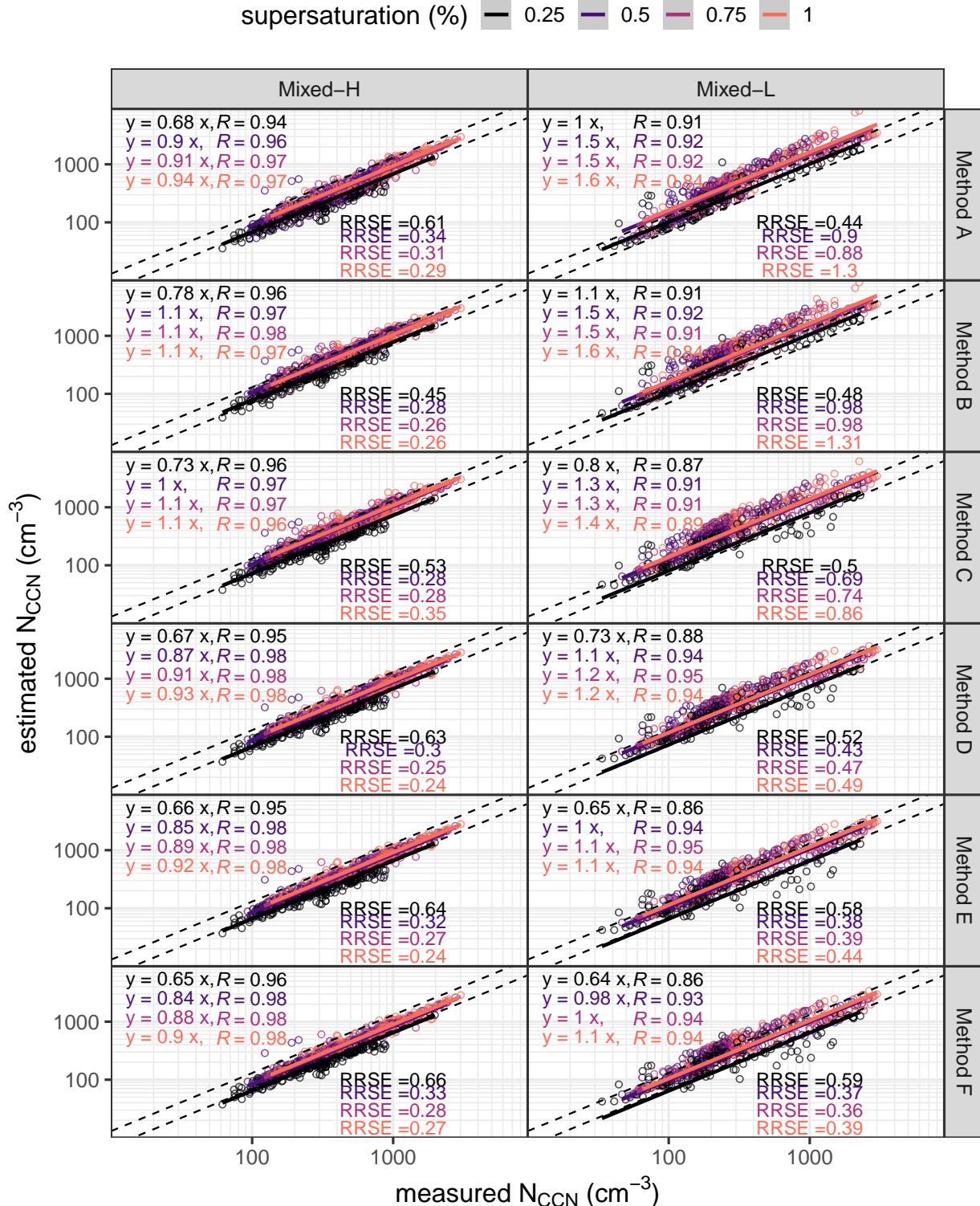


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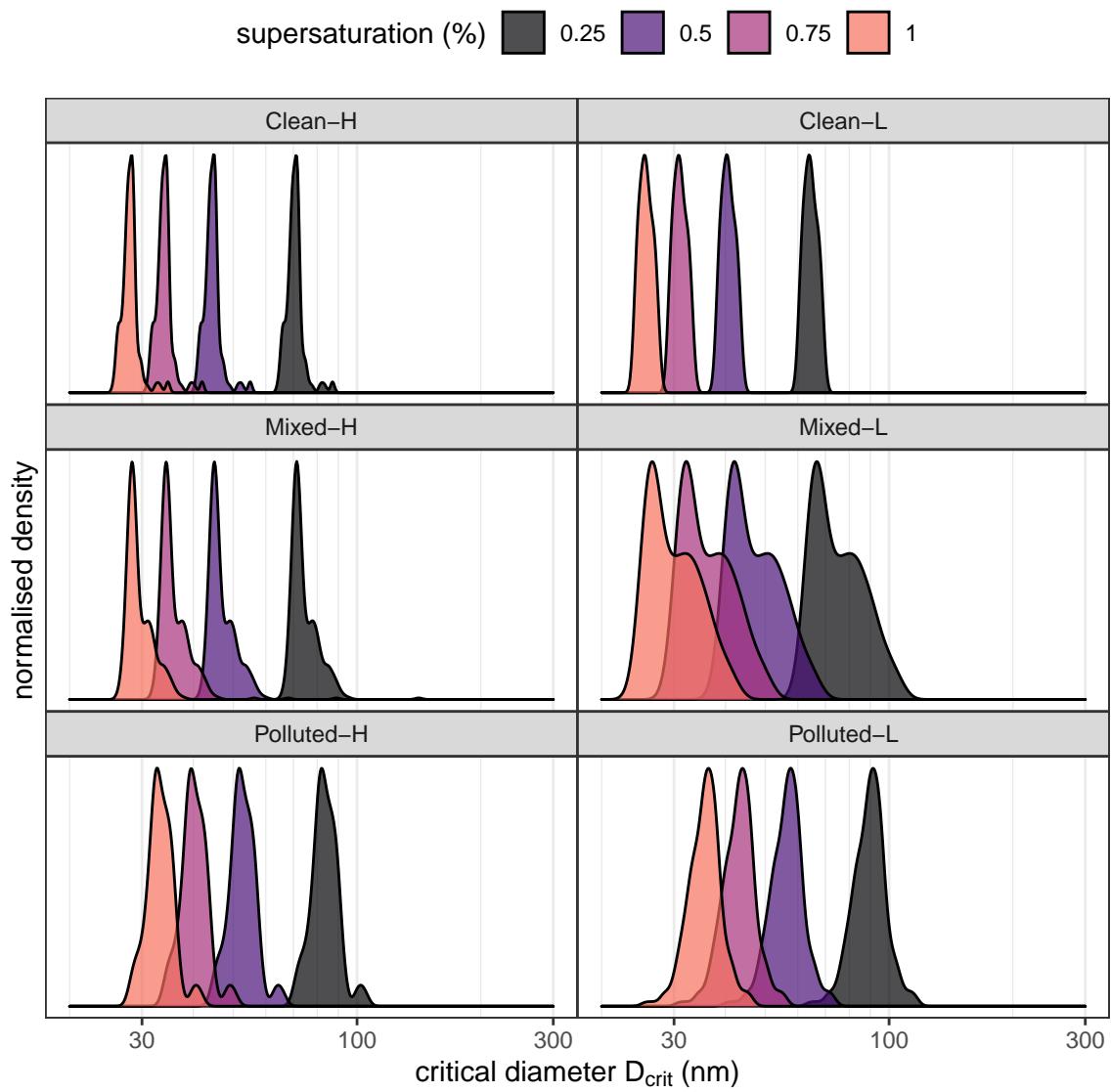


Figure S2. The normalised frequency of distribution of critical diameter (D_{crit} , nm) obtained by method A (chemical composition) for different types of air masses.

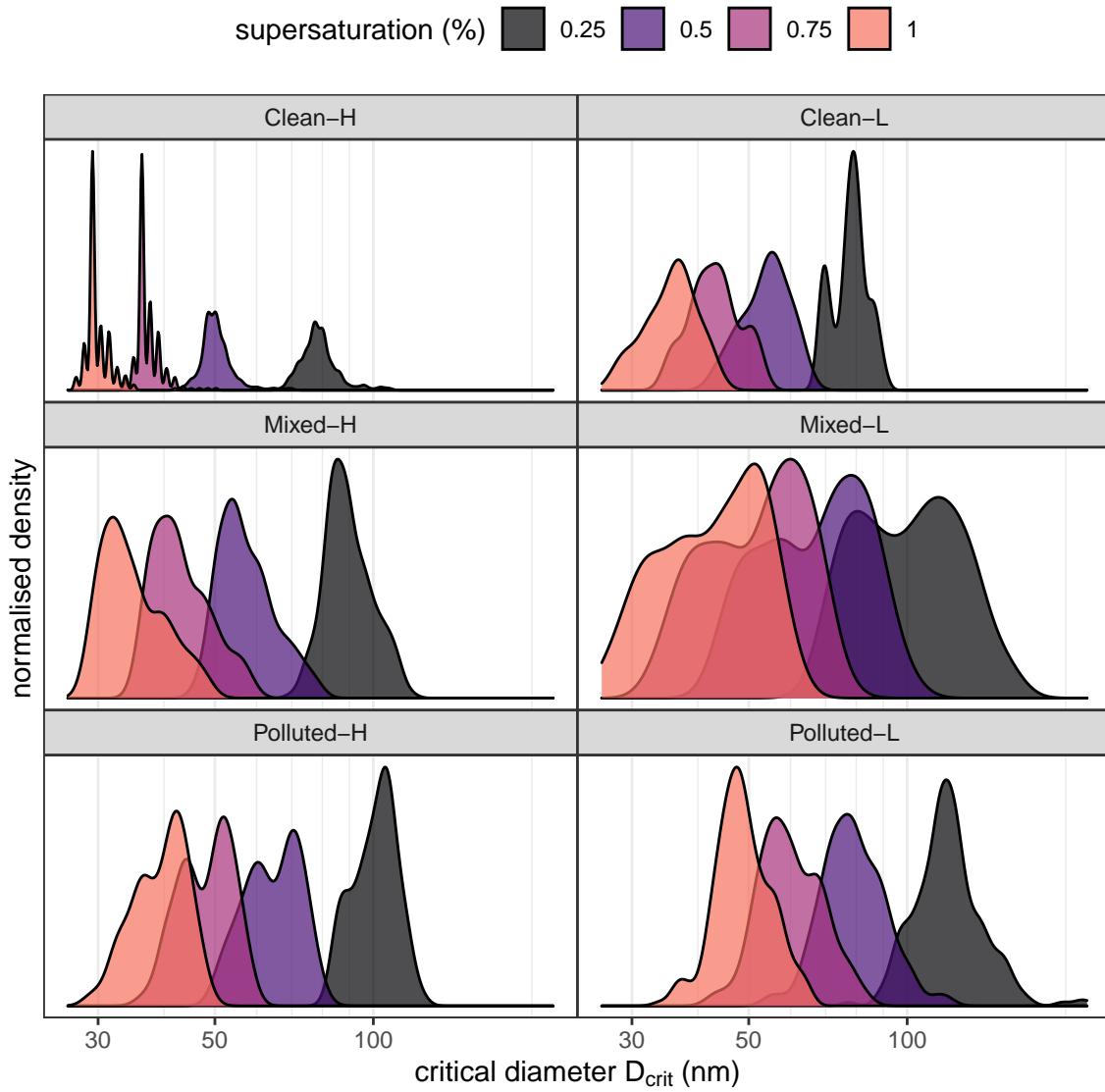


Figure S3. The normalised frequency of distribution of critical diameter (D_{crit} , nm) obtained by method D (size dependent growth factor) for different types of air masses.

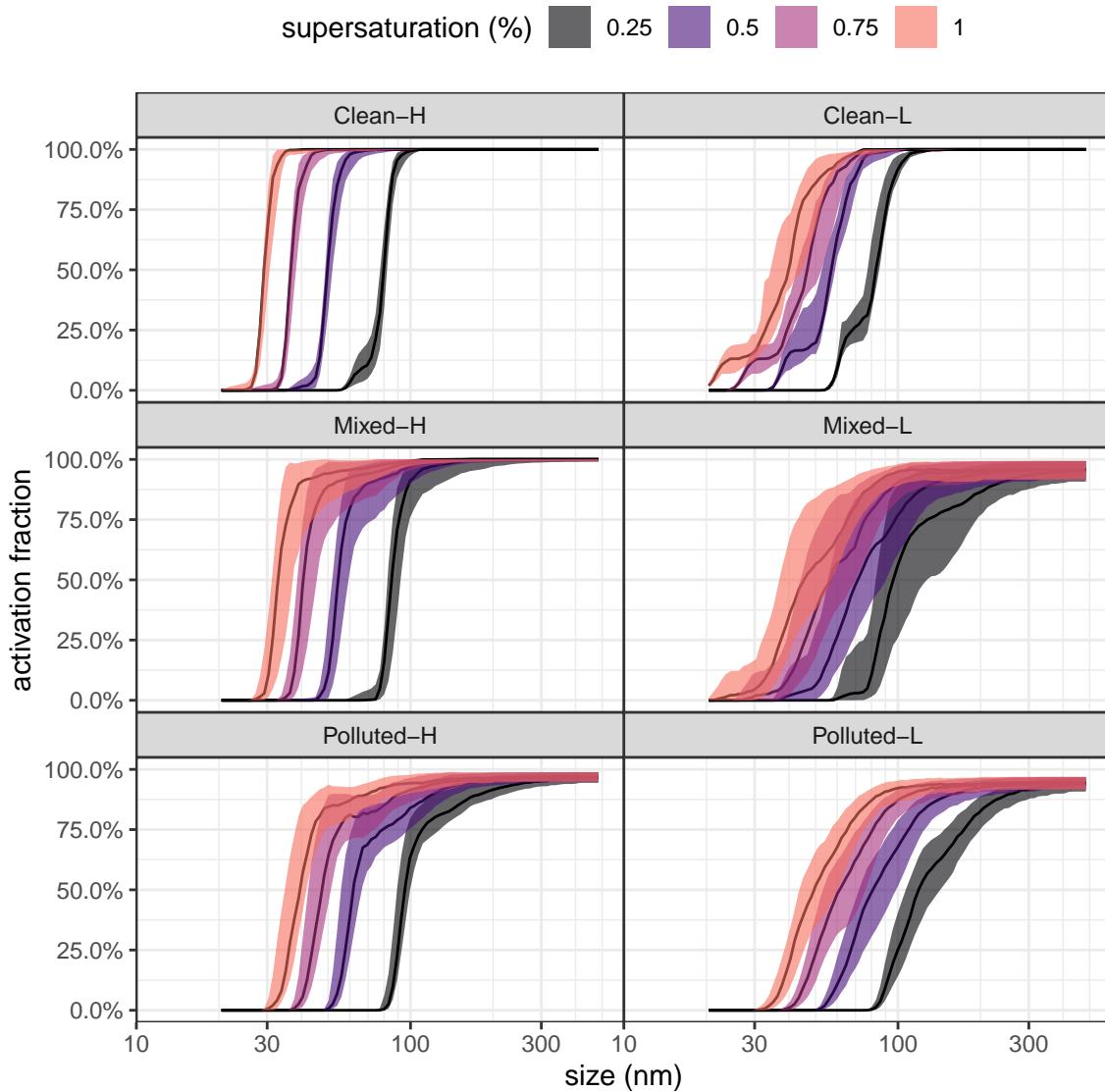


Figure S4. Size resolved activation fraction obtained by method F (growth factor- probability density function, GF-PDF) for different types of air masses. The lines represent median activation fractions, the shaded area represents 25th to 75th percentiles. The colours represent different supersaturations.

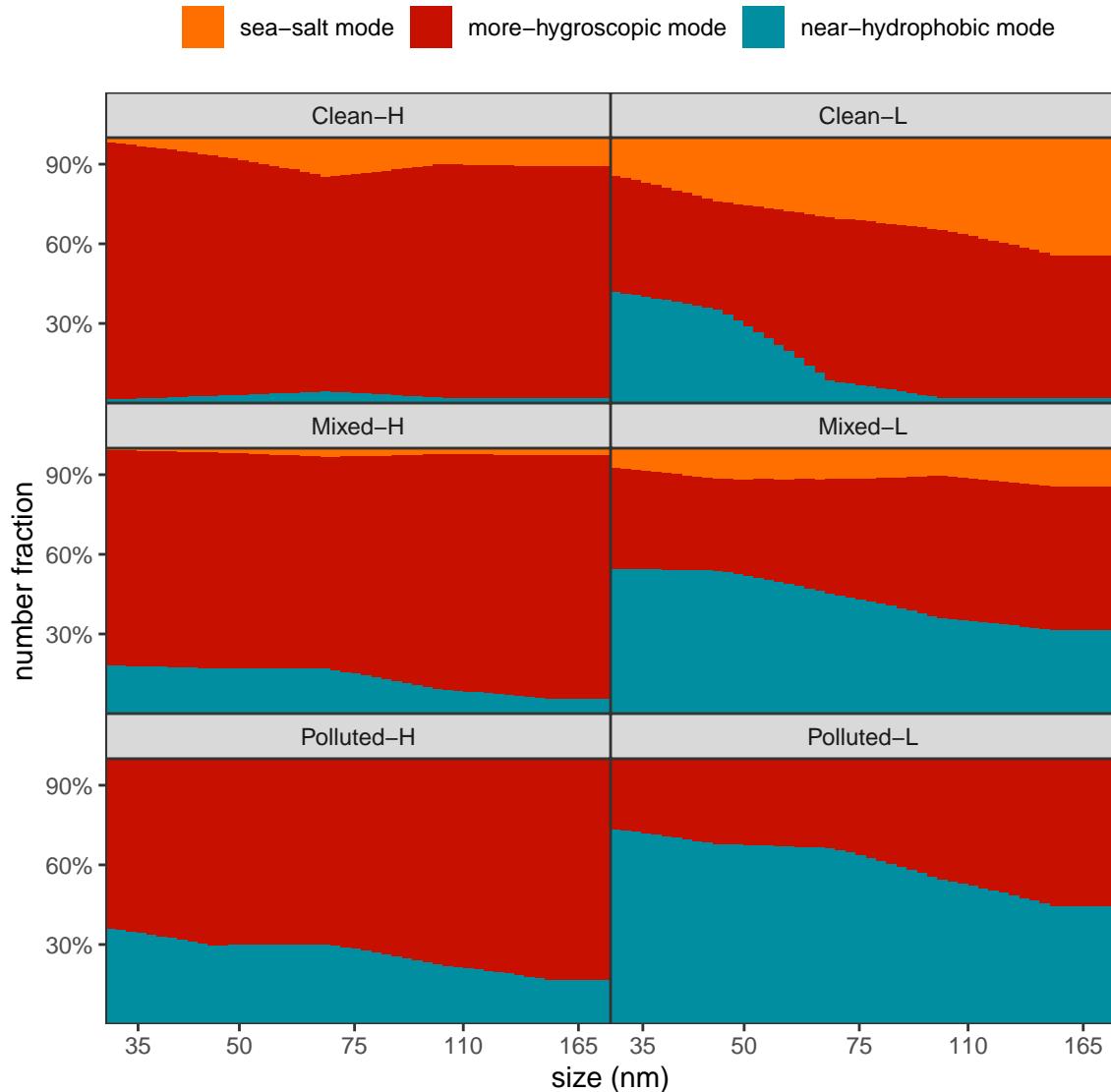


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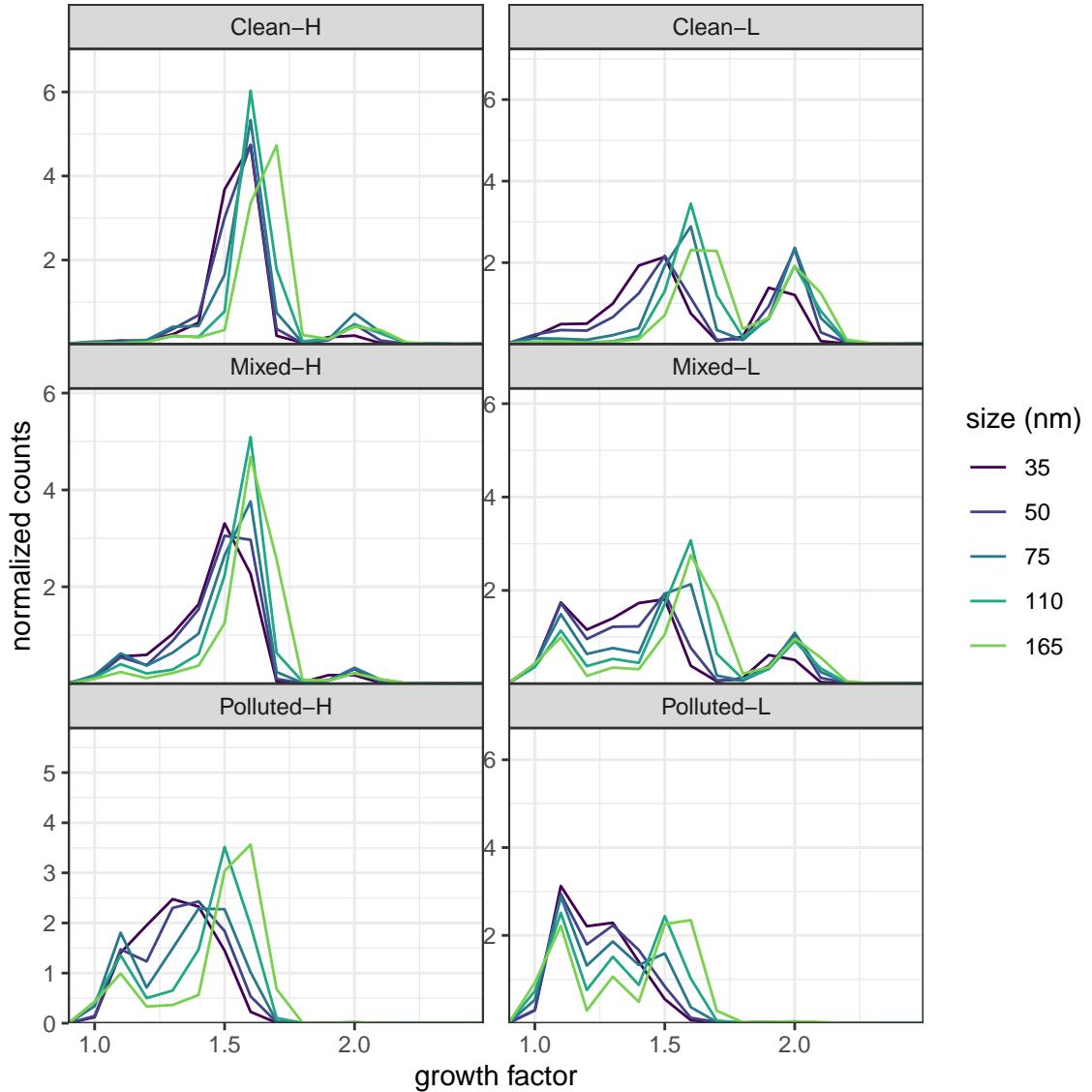


Figure S6. The averaged growth-factor probability density function for different types of air masses.