

Influence of the Change in Total Ozone Column (TOC) on the Occurrence of Tropospheric Ozone Depletion Events (ODEs) in the Antarctic: Supplement

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Table S1. Correlation coefficients of the change in TOC between stations in the Antarctic.

	Halley	Arrival Heights	Dumont D'Urville	South Pole	Belgrano II	Faraday-Vernadsky
Halley	1	0.87	0.78	0.70	0.76	0.39
Arrival Heights	0.87	1	0.79	0.64	0.64	0.33
Dumont D'Urville	0.78	0.79	1	0.73	0.82	0.31
South Pole	0.70	0.64	0.73	1	0.87	0.63
Belgrano II	0.76	0.64	0.82	0.87	1	0.52
Faraday-Vernadsky	0.39	0.33	0.31	0.63	0.52	1

Table S2. The complete chemical reaction mechanism with an implementation of a constant temperature $T = 258$ K, and the rate of third-body reactions is estimated as $k = k_{\infty} \times \frac{k_0/k_{\infty}}{(1+k_0/k_{\infty})} \times F_c^{\frac{1}{1+(\log_{10}(k_0/k_{\infty}))^2}}$ (Atkinson et al., 2006).

Reaction Number	Reaction	k [(molec. cm ⁻³) ¹⁻ⁿ s ⁻¹]	Order n	Reference
(SR1)	$O_3 + h\nu \rightarrow O(^1D) + O_2$	calculated by TUV model	1	Madronich and Flocke (1997, 1999)
(SR2)	$O(^1D) + O_2 \rightarrow O_3$	$3.20 \times 10^{-11} \exp(67/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR3)	$O(^1D) + N_2 \rightarrow O_3 + N_2$	$1.80 \times 10^{-11} \exp(107/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR4)	$O(^1D) + H_2O \rightarrow 2OH$	2.20×10^{-10}	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR5)	$Br + O_3 \rightarrow BrO + O_2$	$1.70 \times 10^{-11} \exp(-800/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR6)	$Br_2 + h\nu \rightarrow 2Br$	calculated by TUV model	1	Madronich and Flocke (1997, 1999)
(SR7)	$BrO + h\nu \xrightarrow{O_2} Br + O_3$	calculated by TUV model	1	Madronich and Flocke (1997, 1999)
(SR8)	$BrO + BrO \rightarrow 2Br + O_2$	2.70×10^{-12}	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR9)	$BrO + BrO \rightarrow Br_2 + O_2$	$2.90 \times 10^{-14} \exp(840/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR10)	$BrO + HO_2 \rightarrow HOBr + O_2$	$4.5 \times 10^{-12} \exp(500/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR11)	$HOBr + h\nu \rightarrow Br + OH$	calculated by TUV model	1	Madronich and Flocke (1997, 1999)
(SR12)	$CO + OH(+M) \xrightarrow{O_2} HO_2 + CO_2(+M)$	$1.44 \times 10^{-13} (1 + \frac{[N_2]}{4 \times 10^{19}})$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR13)	$Br + HO_2 \rightarrow HBr + O_2$	$7.70 \times 10^{-12} \exp(-450/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR14)	$HOBr + HBr \xrightarrow{\text{aerosol}} Br_2 + H_2O$	$(\frac{r}{D_g} + \frac{4}{v_{\text{therm}} \gamma})^{-1} \alpha_{\text{eff,aerosol}}$		Cao et al. (2014)
(SR15)	$HOBr + H^+ + Br^- \xrightarrow{\text{ice}} Br_2 + H_2O$	$(r_a + r_b + r_c)^{-1} \alpha_{\text{eff,ice}}$		Cao et al. (2014)
(SR16)	$Br + HCHO \xrightarrow{O_2} HBr + CO + HO_2$	$7.70 \times 10^{-12} \exp(-580/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR17)	$Br + CH_3CHO \xrightarrow{O_2} HBr + CH_3CO_3$	$1.80 \times 10^{-11} \exp(-460/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR18)	$Br_2 + OH \rightarrow HOBr + Br$	$2.0 \times 10^{-11} \exp(240/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR19)	$HBr + OH \rightarrow H_2O + Br$	$5.50 \times 10^{-12} \exp(205/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR20)	$Br + C_2H_2 \xrightarrow{3O_2} 2CO + 2HO_2 + Br$	4.20×10^{-14}	2	Borken (1996)
(SR21)	$Br + C_2H_2 \xrightarrow{2O_2} 2CO + HO_2 + HBr$	8.92×10^{-14}	2	Borken (1996)
(SR22)	$Br + C_2H_4 \xrightarrow{3.5O_2} 2CO + 2HO_2 + Br + H_2O$	2.52×10^{-13}	2	Barnes et al. (1993)
(SR23)	$Br + C_2H_4 \xrightarrow{2.5O_2} 2CO + HO_2 + HBr + H_2O$	5.34×10^{-13}	2	Barnes et al. (1993)
(SR24)	$CH_4 + OH \xrightarrow{O_2} CH_3O_2 + H_2O$	$1.85 \times 10^{-12} \exp(-1690/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR25)	$BrO + CH_3O_2 \rightarrow Br + HCHO + HO_2$	1.60×10^{-12}	2	Aranda et al. (1997)
(SR26)	$BrO + CH_3O_2 \rightarrow HOBr + HCHO + 0.5O_2$	4.10×10^{-12}	2	Aranda et al. (1997)
(SR27)	$OH + O_3 \rightarrow HO_2 + O_2$	$1.70 \times 10^{-12} \exp(-940/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR28)	$OH + HO_2 \rightarrow H_2O + O_2$	$4.80 \times 10^{-11} \exp(250/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR29)	$OH + H_2O_2 \rightarrow HO_2 + H_2O$	$2.90 \times 10^{-12} \exp(-160/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR30)	$OH + OH \xrightarrow{O_2} H_2O + O_3$	$6.20 \times 10^{-14} (T/298)^{2.6} \exp(945/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR31)	$HO_2 + O_3 \rightarrow OH + 2O_2$	$2.03 \times 10^{-16} (T/300)^{4.57} \exp(693/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR32)	$HO_2 + HO_2 \rightarrow O_2 + H_2O_2$	$2.20 \times 10^{-13} \exp(600/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR33)	$C_2H_6 + OH \rightarrow C_2H_5 + H_2O$	$6.90 \times 10^{-12} \exp(-1000/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR34)	$C_2H_5 + O_2 \rightarrow C_2H_4 + HO_2$	3.80×10^{-15}	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)

Table S2. (continued).

Reaction Number	Reaction	k [(molec. cm ⁻³) ¹⁻ⁿ s ⁻¹]	Order n	Reference
(SR35)	$C_2H_5 + O_2(+M) \rightarrow C_2H_5O_2(+M)$	$k_0 = 5.90 \times 10^{-29}(T/300)^{-3.8}[N_2]$ $k_\infty = 7.80 \times 10^{-12}$ $F_c = 0.58 \exp(-T/1250)$ $+0.42 \exp(-T/183)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR36)	$C_2H_4 + OH(+M) \xrightarrow{1.5O_2} CH_3O_2 + CO + H_2O(+M)$	$k_0 = 8.60 \times 10^{-29}(T/300)^{-3.1}[N_2]$ $k_\infty = 9.00 \times 10^{-12}(T/300)^{-0.85}$ $F_c = 0.48$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR37)	$C_2H_4 + O_3 \rightarrow HCHO + CO + H_2O$	4.33×10^{-19}	2	Sander et al. (1997)
(SR38)	$C_2H_2 + OH(+M) \xrightarrow{1.5O_2} HCHO + CO + HO_2(+M)$	$k_0 = 5.00 \times 10^{-30}(T/300)^{-1.5}[N_2]$ $k_\infty = 1.00 \times 10^{-12}$ $F_c = 0.37$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR39)	$C_3H_8 + OH \xrightarrow{2O_3} C_2H_5O_2 + CO + 2H_2O$	$7.60 \times 10^{-12} \exp(-585/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR40)	$HCHO + OH \xrightarrow{O_2} CO + H_2O + HO_2$	$5.40 \times 10^{-12} \exp(135/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR41)	$CH_3CHO + OH \xrightarrow{O_2} CH_3CO_3 + H_2O$	$4.40 \times 10^{-12} \exp(365/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR42)	$CH_3O_2 + HO_2 \rightarrow CH_3O_2H + O_2$	$3.42 \times 10^{-13} \exp(780/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR43)	$CH_3O_2 + HO_2 \rightarrow HCHO + H_2O + O_2$	$3.79 \times 10^{-14} \exp(780/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR44)	$CH_3OOH + OH \rightarrow CH_3O_2 + H_2O$	$1.00 \times 10^{-12} \exp(190/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR45)	$CH_3OOH + OH \rightarrow HCHO + OH + H_2O$	$1.90 \times 10^{-12} \exp(190/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR46)	$CH_3OOH + Br \rightarrow CH_3O_2 + HBr$	$2.66 \times 10^{-12} \exp(-1610/T)$	2	Mallard et al. (1993)
(SR47)	$CH_3O_2 + CH_3O_2 \rightarrow CH_3OH + HCHO + O_2$	$6.29 \times 10^{-14} \exp(365/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR48)	$CH_3O_2 + CH_3O_2 \xrightarrow{O_2} 2HCHO + 2HO_2$	$3.71 \times 10^{-14} \exp(365/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR49)	$CH_3OH + OH \xrightarrow{O_2} HCHO + HO_2 + H_2O$	$2.42 \times 10^{-12} \exp(-345/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR50)	$C_2H_5O_2 + C_2H_5O_2 \rightarrow C_2H_5O + C_2H_5O + O_2$	6.40×10^{-14}	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR51)	$C_2H_5O + O_2 \rightarrow CH_3CHO + HO_2$	7.44×10^{-15}	2	Sander et al. (1997)
(SR52)	$C_2H_5O + O_2 \rightarrow CH_3O_2 + HCHO$	7.51×10^{-17}	2	Sander et al. (1997)
(SR53)	$C_2H_5O_2 + HO_2 \rightarrow C_2H_5OOH + O_2$	$3.80 \times 10^{-13} \exp(900/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR54)	$C_2H_5OOH + OH \rightarrow C_2H_5O_2 + H_2O$	8.21×10^{-12}	2	Sander et al. (1997)
(SR55)	$C_2H_5OOH + Br \rightarrow C_2H_5O_2 + HBr$	5.19×10^{-15}	2	Sander et al. (1997)
(SR56)	$OH + OH(+M) \rightarrow H_2O_2(+M)$	$k_0 = 6.90 \times 10^{-31}(T/300)^{-0.8}[N_2]$ $k_\infty = 2.60 \times 10^{-11}$ $F_c = 0.50$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR57)	$H_2O_2 + h\nu \rightarrow 2OH$	calculated by TUV model	1	Madronich and Flocke (1997, 1999)
(SR58)	$HCHO + h\nu \xrightarrow{2O_3} 2HO_2 + CO$	calculated by TUV model	1	Madronich and Flocke (1997, 1999)
(SR59)	$HCHO + h\nu \rightarrow H_2 + CO$	calculated by TUV model	1	Madronich and Flocke (1997, 1999)
(SR60)	$C_2H_4O + h\nu \rightarrow CH_3O_2 + CO + HO_2$	calculated by TUV model	1	Madronich and Flocke (1997, 1999)
(SR61)	$CH_3O_2H + h\nu \rightarrow OH + HCHO + HO_2$	calculated by TUV model	1	Madronich and Flocke (1997, 1999)
(SR62)	$C_2H_5O_2H + h\nu \rightarrow C_2H_5O + OH$	calculated by TUV model	1	Madronich and Flocke (1997, 1999)
(SR63)	$NO + O_3 \rightarrow NO_2 + O_2$	$1.40 \times 10^{-12} \exp(-1310/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR64)	$NO + HO_2 \rightarrow NO_2 + OH$	$3.60 \times 10^{-12} \exp(270/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR65)	$NO_2 + O_3 \rightarrow NO_3 + O_2$	$1.40 \times 10^{-13} \exp(-2470/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR66)	$NO_2 + OH(+M) \rightarrow HNO_3(+M)$	$k_0 = 3.30 \times 10^{-30}(T/300)^{-3.0}[N_2]$ $k_\infty = 4.10 \times 10^{-11}$ $F_c = 0.40$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR67)	$NO + NO_3 \rightarrow 2NO_2$	$1.80 \times 10^{-11} \exp(110/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR68)	$HONO + OH \rightarrow NO_2 + H_2O$	$2.50 \times 10^{-12} \exp(260/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR69)	$HO_2 + NO_2(+M) \rightarrow HNO_4(+M)$	$k_0 = 1.80 \times 10^{-31}(T/300)^{-3.2}[N_2]$ $k_\infty = 4.70 \times 10^{-12}$ $F_c = 0.60$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR70)	$HNO_4(+M) \rightarrow NO_2 + HO_2(+M)$	$k_0 = 4.10 \times 10^{-5} \exp(-10650/T)[N_2]$ $k_\infty = 4.80 \times 10^{15} \exp(-11170/T)$ $F_c = 0.60$	1	Atkinson et al. (2006)

Table S2. (continued).

Reaction Number	Reaction	k [(molec. cm ⁻³) ¹⁻ⁿ s ⁻¹]	Order n	Reference
(SR71)	HNO ₄ + OH → NO ₂ + H ₂ O + O ₂	$3.20 \times 10^{-13} \exp(690/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR72)	NO + OH(+M) → HONO(+M)	$k_0 = 7.40 \times 10^{-31} (T/300)^{-2.4} [\text{N}_2]$ $k_\infty = 3.30 \times 10^{-11} (T/300)^{-0.3}$ $F_c = 0.81$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR73)	OH + NO ₃ → NO ₂ + HO ₂	2.00×10^{-11}	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR74)	HNO ₃ + $h\nu$ → NO ₂ + OH	calculated by TUV model	1	Madronich and Flocke (1997, 1999)
(SR75)	NO ₂ + $h\nu$ $\xrightarrow{\text{O}_2}$ NO + O ₃	calculated by TUV model	1	Madronich and Flocke (1997, 1999)
(SR76)	NO ₃ + $h\nu$ $\xrightarrow{\text{O}_2}$ NO ₂ + O ₃	calculated by TUV model	1	Madronich and Flocke (1997, 1999)
(SR77)	NO ₃ + $h\nu$ → NO + O ₂	calculated by TUV model	1	Madronich and Flocke (1997, 1999)
(SR78)	NO + CH ₃ O ₂ $\xrightarrow{\text{O}_2}$ HCHO + HO ₂ + NO ₂	$2.30 \times 10^{-12} \exp(360/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR79)	NO ₃ + CH ₃ OH $\xrightarrow{\text{O}_2}$ HCHO + HO ₂ + HNO ₃	$9.40 \times 10^{-13} \exp(-2650/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR80)	NO ₃ + HCHO $\xrightarrow{\text{O}_2}$ CO + HO ₂ + HNO ₃	5.60×10^{-16}	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR81)	NO + C ₂ H ₅ O ₂ $\xrightarrow{\text{O}_2}$ CH ₃ CHO + NO ₂ + HO ₂	$2.60 \times 10^{-12} \exp(380/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR82)	NO + CH ₃ CO ₃ $\xrightarrow{\text{O}_2}$ CH ₃ O ₂ + NO ₂ + CO ₂	$7.50 \times 10^{-12} \exp(290/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR83)	NO ₂ + CH ₃ CO ₃ (+M) → PAN(+M)	$k_0 = 2.70 \times 10^{-28} (T/300)^{-7.1} [\text{N}_2]$ $k_\infty = 1.20 \times 10^{-11} (T/300)^{-0.9}$ $F_c = 0.30$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR84)	Br + NO ₂ (+M) → BrNO ₂ (+M)	$k_0 = 4.20 \times 10^{-31} (T/300)^{-2.4} [\text{N}_2]$ $k_\infty = 2.70 \times 10^{-11}$ $F_c = 0.55$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR85)	Br + NO ₃ → BrO + NO ₂	1.60×10^{-11}	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR86)	BrO + NO ₂ (+M) → BrONO ₂ (+M)	$k_0 = 4.70 \times 10^{-31} (T/300)^{-3.1} [\text{N}_2]$ $k_\infty = 1.80 \times 10^{-11}$ $F_c = 0.40$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR87)	BrO + NO → Br + NO ₂	$8.70 \times 10^{-12} \exp(260/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR88)	BrONO ₂ + $h\nu$ → NO ₂ + BrO	calculated by TUV model	1	Madronich and Flocke (1997, 1999)
(SR89)	BrNO ₂ + $h\nu$ → NO ₂ + Br	calculated by TUV model	1	Madronich and Flocke (1997, 1999)
(SR90)	BrONO ₂ + H ₂ O $\xrightarrow{\text{aerosol}}$ HOBr + HNO ₃	$(\frac{r}{D_g} + \frac{4}{v_{\text{therm}}})^{-1} \alpha_{\text{eff,aerosol}}$		Cao et al. (2014)
(SR91)	PAN + $h\nu$ → NO ₂ + CH ₃ CO ₃	calculated by TUV model	1	Madronich and Flocke (1997, 1999)
(SR92)	BrONO ₂ + H ₂ O $\xrightarrow{\text{ice}}$ HOBr + HNO ₃	$(r_a + r_b + r_c)^{-1} \alpha_{\text{eff,ice}}$		Cao et al. (2014)
(SR93)	CH ₃ O ₂ H + Cl → CH ₃ O ₂ + HCl	5.90×10^{-11}	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR94)	C ₂ H ₅ O ₂ H + Cl → C ₂ H ₅ O ₂ + HCl	5.70×10^{-11}	2	Sander et al. (1997)
(SR95)	Cl + HO ₂ → HCl + O ₂	3.61×10^{-11}	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR96)	Cl + HO ₂ → ClO + HO	$6.30 \times 10^{-11} \exp(-570/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR97)	Cl + H ₂ O ₂ → HCl + HO ₂	$1.10 \times 10^{-11} \exp(-980/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR98)	Cl + O ₃ → ClO + O ₂	$2.80 \times 10^{-11} \exp(-250/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR99)	Cl + CH ₄ → HCl + CH ₃ O ₂	$6.60 \times 10^{-12} \exp(-1240/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR100)	Cl + C ₂ H ₂ → 2CO + 2HO ₂ + Cl	2.00×10^{-11}	2	Borken (1996)
(SR101)	Cl + C ₂ H ₂ → 2CO + HO ₂ + HCl	4.24×10^{-11}	2	Borken (1996)
(SR102)	Cl + C ₂ H ₄ (+M) → 2CO + 2HO ₂ + Cl + H ₂ O(+M)	$k_0 = 0.59 \times 10^{-29} (T/300)^{-3.3} [\text{air}]$ $k_\infty = 6.00 \times 10^{-10}$ $F_c = 0.40$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR103)	Cl + C ₂ H ₄ (+M) → 2CO + HO ₂ + HCl + H ₂ O(+M)	$k_0 = 1.26 \times 10^{-29} (T/300)^{-3.3} [\text{air}]$ $k_\infty = 6.00 \times 10^{-10}$ $F_c = 0.40$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR104)	Cl + C ₂ H ₆ → C ₂ H ₅ + HCl	$8.30 \times 10^{-11} \exp(-100/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR105)	Cl + C ₃ H ₈ → C ₂ H ₅ O ₂ + HCl + H ₂ O + CO ₂	1.40×10^{-10}	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR106)	Cl + HCHO → HCl + CO + HO ₂	$8.10 \times 10^{-11} \exp(-34/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR107)	Cl + CH ₃ CHO → CH ₃ CO ₃ + HCl	8.00×10^{-11}	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR108)	OH + Cl ₂ → HOCl + Cl	$3.60 \times 10^{-12} \exp(-1200/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR109)	OH + HCl → Cl + H ₂ O	$1.80 \times 10^{-12} \exp(-240/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)

Table S2. (continued).

Reaction Number	Reaction	k [(molec. cm ⁻³) ¹⁻ⁿ s ⁻¹]	Order n	Reference
(SR110)	OH + HOCl → ClO + H ₂ O	5.00×10^{-13}	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR111)	OH + ClO → Cl + HO ₂	$6.86 \times 10^{-12} \exp(300/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR112)	OH + ClO → HCl + O ₂	$4.37 \times 10^{-13} \exp(300/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR113)	ClO + ClO → Cl ₂ + O ₂	$1.00 \times 10^{-12} \exp(-1590/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR114)	ClO + ClO → 2Cl + O ₂	$3.00 \times 10^{-11} \exp(-2450/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR115)	ClO + ClO → Cl + OClO	$3.50 \times 10^{-13} \exp(-1370/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR116)	ClO + ClO(+M) → Cl ₂ O ₂ (+M)	$k_0 = 2.00 \times 10^{-32} (T/300)^{-4} [\text{N}_2]$ $k_\infty = 1.00 \times 10^{-11}$ $F_c = 0.45$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR117)	Cl ₂ O ₂ (+M) → 2ClO(+M)	$k_0 = 3.70 \times 10^{-7} \exp(-7690/T) [\text{N}_2]$ $k_\infty = 1.80 \times 10^{14} \exp(-7690/T)$ $F_c = 0.45$	1	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR118)	ClO + HO ₂ → HOCl + O ₂	$2.20 \times 10^{-12} \exp(340/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR119)	ClO + CH ₃ O ₂ → Cl + CH ₂ O + HO ₂	$2.40 \times 10^{-12} \exp(-20/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR120)	ClO + NO → Cl + NO ₂	$6.20 \times 10^{-12} \exp(295/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR121)	ClO + NO ₂ (+M) → ClONO ₂ (+M)	$k_0 = 1.60 \times 10^{-31} (T/300)^{-3.4} [\text{N}_2]$ $k_\infty = 7.00 \times 10^{-11}$ $F_c = 0.40$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR122)	Cl + ClONO ₂ → Cl ₂ + NO ₃	$6.20 \times 10^{-12} \exp(145/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR123)	OCIO + NO → NO ₂ + ClO	$1.10 \times 10^{-13} \exp(350/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR124)	OH + ClONO ₂ → HOCl + NO ₃	$1.20 \times 10^{-12} \exp(-330/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR125)	ClO + BrO → Br + OClO	$1.60 \times 10^{-12} \exp(430/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR126)	ClO + BrO → Br + Cl + O ₂	$2.90 \times 10^{-12} \exp(220/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR127)	ClO + BrO → BrCl + O ₂	$5.80 \times 10^{-13} \exp(170/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR128)	Br + OClO → BrO + ClO	$2.70 \times 10^{-11} \exp(-1300/T)$	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR129)	Br + Cl ₂ O ₂ → BrCl + ClOO	3.00×10^{-12}	2	Atkinson et al. (2006)
(SR130)	Br ₂ + Cl → BrCl + Br	1.20×10^{-10}	2	Sander and Crutzen (1996)
(SR131)	BrCl + Br → Br ₂ + Cl	3.30×10^{-15}	2	Sander and Crutzen (1996)
(SR132)	Br + Cl ₂ → BrCl + Cl	1.10×10^{-15}	2	Sander and Crutzen (1996)
(SR133)	BrCl + Cl → Br + Cl ₂	1.50×10^{-11}	2	Sander and Crutzen (1996)
(SR134)	HOBr + H ⁺ + Cl ⁻ $\xrightarrow{\text{ice}}$ BrCl + H ₂ O	3.03×10^{-5}	$(r_a + r_b + r_c)^{-1} \alpha_{\text{eff,ice}}$	Cao et al. (2014)
(SR135)	BrCl + $h\nu$ → Br + Cl	calculated by TUV model	1	Madronich and Flocke (1997, 1999)
(SR136)	Cl ₂ + $h\nu$ → Cl	calculated by TUV model	1	Madronich and Flocke (1997, 1999)
(SR137)	ClO + $h\nu$ → Cl + O ₃	calculated by TUV model	1	Madronich and Flocke (1997, 1999)
(SR138)	HOCl + $h\nu$ → HO + Cl	calculated by TUV model	1	Madronich and Flocke (1997, 1999)
(SR139)	ClONO ₂ + $h\nu$ → NO ₃ + Cl	calculated by TUV model	1	Madronich and Flocke (1997, 1999)
(SR140)	OCIO + $h\nu$ → O ₃ + ClO	calculated by TUV model	1	Madronich and Flocke (1997, 1999)
(SR141)	HOBr + HCl $\xrightarrow{\text{aerosol}}$ BrCl + H ₂ O	$(\frac{r}{D_g} + \frac{4}{v_{\text{therm}} \gamma})^{-1} \alpha_{\text{eff,aerosol}}$		Cao et al. (2014)

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