Supplementary sheet

Input-adaptive linear mixed-effects model for estimating alveolar Lung Deposited Surface Area (LDSA) using multipollutant datasets

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Figure S1. Location of measurement stations involved. SC, UB, DH1–3 and RB represent street canyon, urban background, detached houses and regional background, respectively. The corresponding annual LDSA concentration at each site is indicated by different colours. The copyright of the map belongs to OpenStreetMap contributors 2021. Distributed under the Open Data Commons Open Database License (ODbL) v1.0.



Figure S2. Hourly traffic counts on workdays (solid) and weekends (dashed) site in year 2017–2018. The vehicle counting is operated by the City of Helsinki and the counting site is located 600 m north of the Mäkelänkatu SC air quality monitoring site.



Figure S3. Time series of daily meteorological conditions (First to end row: temperature (T, $^{\circ}$ C), relative humidity (RH, %), wind speed (m s⁻¹), pressure (hPa) and photosynthetically active radiation (PAR, Wm⁻²)) at the SC site during the measurement period 1 Jan 2017–31 Dec 2018. Moving average of temperature (bold line) is also calculated and used for separating seasons.



Figure S4. Time series of the selected air pollutant parameters (First to end row: LDSA ($\mu g m^{-3}$), BC ($\mu g m^{-3}$), NO_x (ppb), PM_{2.5} ($\mu g m^{-3}$) and PNC (cm⁻³)) at Kumpula UB site during the measurement period 1 Jan 2017–31 Dec 2018 (LDSA measurements until May 2018). Each bar represents a period of two weeks where the shaded diamond marker is the median and the vertical error bars are the 25th and 75th percentiles. Seasons are thermally separated.



Figure S5. Heatmaps showing the average measured LDSA in different months and different hours at the four sites for workdays and weekends. First to end row represent: SC (2017–2018), UB (2017–May 2018), DH (2018) and RB (2018). The colour scale represents the LDSA concentrations. Note that the colour scales vary from site to site for better illustration.



Figure S6. Hourly ratio of LDSA and other air pollutants including BC, $PM_{2.5}$, PNC and NO_x over workdays in different months at Mäkelänkatu SC site (blue, 2017–2018) and at Kumpula UB site (red, 2017–May 2018).



Figure S7. Hourly ratio of LDSA and other air pollutants including BC, $PM_{2.5}$, PNC and NO_x over weekends in different months at Mäkelänkatu SC site (blue, 2017–2018) and at Kumpula UB site (red, 2017–May 2018).



Figure S8. Pearson correlation coefficients as bar chart (a) at SC and (b) at UB. Blue and red bars represent positive and negative correlation, respectively. Parameters with asterisk are transformed in a logarithm scale. LDSAlag1 and LDSAlag24 represent the LDSA measurements with lag of 1 and 24 hours, respectively. CS and BC_{proxy} stand for condensation sink and black carbon proxy based on Fung et al (2020). These four variables are not included in the data analysis.

Table S1.	Measurement	sites	specification
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Station name and code	Latitude	Longitude	Sampling height (from ground level)	Nearby street and distance	Number of vehicles per workday	Retrieval period
Mäkelänkatu, SC	60°11'47''N	24°57'07''E	4 m	Mäkelänkatu, 0.5 m	28100	2017–2018
Kumpula, UB	60°12'10''N	24°57'40''E	4 m (gases and aerosols,	Erik Palménin aukio, 40 m	-	2017–2018
			including LDSA) 31 m (meteorological variables)	Hämeentie, 150 m	45000	
Rekola, DH1	60°19'33''N	25°4'48''E	4 m	Laurantie, 5 m Peijaksentie, 260 m Hanabölentie, 280 m	<300 5600 2400	2018
Itä-Hakkila, DH2	60°17'30'' N	25°6'46''E	4 m	Koulutie, 6 m Palttinatie, 5m	2700 1200	2018
Hiekkaharju, DH3	60°18'27''N	25°2'47''E	2 m	Metsätähdentie, 20 m Talkootie, 370 m	<300 4000	2018
Luukki, RB	60°18'52''N	24°41'05''E	4 m	Vihdintie, 800 m	4300	2018

		SC	UB	DH1-3	RB	
Aerosol	LDSA	Х	Х	Х	Х	Pegasor AQ Urban (Pegasor Ltd.)
variables	PSD	Х	Х			SC: DMPS (Vienna DMA and
						Airmodus A20 CPC)
						UB: Twin DMPS (Hauke-type DMA
						and TSI Model 3025 CPC + Hauke-type
						DMA and TSI Model 3010 CPC)
	PM _{2.5} /PM ₁₀	Х	Х			SC: TEOM 1405
						UB: TEOM 1405-D
	BC	Х	Х			MAAP Thermo Scientific 5012
Gaseous	NO _x /NO ₂ /NO	Х	Х			Chemiluminescence analyzers
variables						SC: APNA-370 (Horiba)
						UB: Thermo TEI42S
	O ₃	Х	Х			SC: UV photometric analyzers (Horiba
						APOA-370 and Thermo Model 49i)
						UB: IR-absorption photometer TEI49
	СО	Х	Х			Non-dispersive IR-absorption analyser
						SC: APMA-360 (Horiba)
						UB: APMA-370 (Horiba)
Weather variables	Temp/RH/WS/ WD/P/PAR	Х	х			Respective instruments

 Table S2. List of variables and the corresponding instruments used in various sites.

 SC
 UR
 DU1 3
 PR