## 1 What can we learn about urban air quality

## 2 with regard to the first outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic?

## **3** A case study from Central Europe

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- 11 **Table S1.** Macrocirculation patterns and their seasonal and annual occurrences in the Carpathian Basin
- 12 for years 1958–2010 (Maheras et al., 2018).
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No	C. I.	Description	Occurrence frequency (%)						
INO.	Code	Description	Winter	Spring	Summer	Autumn	Annual		
1	mCc	Cyclone with a cold front over NE Europe, N wind	7.3	11.3	12.1	8.0	9.7		
2	AB	Anticyclone over the British Isles, N wind	5.6	7.1	8.6	6.4	6.9		
3	СМс	Mediterranean cyclone with a cold front over S Europe, N wind	2.5	3.5	1.8	1.9	2.4		
4	mCw	Mediterranean cyclone with a warm front over NE Europe, S wind	9.2	9.7	5.7	7.2	7.9		
5	Ae	Anticyclone over E Europe, S wind	14.2	11.3	7.3	17.6	12.6		
6	CMw	Mediterranean cyclone with a warm front over S Europe, S wind	8.9	8.7	3.7	8.3	7.4		
7	zC	Highly developed cyclone over N Europe, W wind	5.0	3.2	2.7	2.9	3.5		
8	Aw	Anticyclone over W Europe, W wind	13.1	11.2	20.8	12.8	14.6		
9	As	Anticyclone over S Europe, W wind	7.0	4.4	2.9	5.6	4.9		
10	An	Anticyclone over N Europe, E wind	10.9	12.8	11.3	10.1	11.3		
11	AF	Anticyclone over Fennoscandia, E wind	2.8	5.2	5.9	3.7	4.4		
12	А	Anticyclone over the Carpathian Basin, changing wind direction	11.8	7.3	13.3	13.3	11.4		
13	C	Cyclone over the Carpathian Basin, changing wind direction	1.7	4.3	3.9	2.2	3.0		

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15	Pandemic phase	Date (dd-MM)	Day of week	Heating info	MCP code	Preci- pitation	Pandemic phase	Date (dd-MM)	Day of week	Heating info	MCP code	Preci- pitation	Pandemic phase	Date (dd-MM)	Day of week	Heating info	MCP code	Preci- pitation
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17		03-01 04-01	Fri Sat		12 1	0	е	14-03 15-03	Sat Sun		8 12	0	Р	20-05 21-05	Wed Thu		1 11	1 0
1/		04-01	Sat		8	0	r	16-03	Mon		5	0	0	21-05	Fri		11	0
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19		09-01	Thu		12	0		20-03	Fri	H e	12	0	- r	26-05	Tue		2	0
15		10-01	Fri		9	0	n	21-03	Sat	а	5	1	e	27-05	Wed		2	3
20		11-01 12-01	Sat Sun		8 12	0	-	22-03 23-03	Sun Mon	t i	2 10	0	S	28-05 29-05	Thu Fri		2 11	1
20		13-01	Mon		12	0	1	24-03	Tue	n	10	0	t	30-05	Sat		11	1
21		14-01	Tue		12	0	6	25-03	Wed	g	10	0	r	31-05	Sun		11	2
		15-01 16-01	Wed Thu		5 5	0	d _	26-03 27-03	Thu Fri	s e	10 10	0	C	01-06	Mon Tue		11 11	0
22		17-01	Fri		12	0		28-03	Sat	a	5	0	t	03-06	Wed		4	0
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35		21-02	Fri		5	0	~	02-05	Sat	a s	1	0	r	08-07	Wed		8	0
		22-02	Sat		8	0		03-05	Sun	0	1	0	g e	09-07	Thu		12	0
36		23-02 24-02	Sun Mon		7	0		04-05 05-05	Mon Tue	n	4 13	0	n	10-07 11-07	Fri Sat		12 1	0 7
		25-02	Tue		4	2		06-05	Wed	~	1	0	С	12-07	Sun		8	0
37		26-02	Wed		1	6		07-05	Thu	1 0	2	0	У	13-07	Mon		8	0
		27-02 28-02	Thu Fri		1 13	1 2		08-05 09-05	Fri Sat	7	12 9	0	-	14-07 15-07	Tue Wed		12 12	0
38		29-02	Sat		9	0		10-05	Sun	d	1	0	4	16-07	Thu		1	0
		01-03	Sun		1	17		11-05	Mon	а	6	0	4	17-07	Fri		1	2
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40		05-03	Thu		12	2		15-05	Fri		13	0	<u> </u>	21-07	Tue		1	1
		06-03 07-03	Fri Sat		13 13	11 0		16-05 17-05	Sat Sun		2 2	2 3		22-07 23-07	Wed Thu		1 1	0 1
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		09-03	Mon		6	0								25-07	Sat		13	0
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44																		

Figure S1. Survey on time intervals of interest with basic facts, daily macrocirculation pattern (MCP) codes and daily precipitation sum (mm) in Budapest from 1 January to 31 July 2020. The holidays are indicated in darker green, heating season in darker grey, non-heating season in lighter grey, Preemergency phase of the first COVID-19 outbreak in lighter blue, Pre-restriction phase in lighter yellow, Restriction phase in orange, Post-restriction phase in darker yellow and Post-emergency phase in darker blue colours. The cyclonic and anticyclonic MCP types are marked in lighter green and pink colours, respectively.

52 Motor road vehicles traffic was measured by the Budapest Public Roads Ltd., which is 53 responsible for operation, control and maintenance of all roads, streets, bridges, tunnels, other 54 structures and traffic engineering facilities in Budapest. The actual locations were 1) Szabadság 55 Bridge, 2) Váci Road near its junction with Árpád Road, 3) Alkotás Road near its junction with 56 Nagyenyed Street, 4) Margit Boulevard and Vérmező Street which both lead to Széna Square 57 (and therefore the site is called here as Széna Square), where the monitoring station for the 58 criteria air pollutants is located.

59

60 The Szabadság Bridge hosts quite complex events. The bridge was reserved for the pedestrians and was closed for motor vehicles on some summer weekends, namely on 17-18 June, 24-25 61 June, 5–6 August and 12–13 August in 2017, on 14–15 July, 21–22 July, 28–29 July and 4–5 62 August in 2018, on 6–7 July, 13–14 July, 20–21 July and 27–28 July on 2019. It was also 63 partially or completely closed for vehicles in some other intervals due to urban running races 64 or for its planned extended cleaning. The vehicle census data for these days and time intervals 65 were included in deriving the time series of vehicular traffic but were excluded when 66 67 calculating the average diurnal patterns and descriptive statistics to avoid their distortion due to these very specific or unusual circumstances. 68

69

For location no. 3 (Alkotás Road), the data coverage for year 2019 was poor (21%) and,
therefore, this year was excluded from the averaging for the reference year. Similarly, there
were larger scale traffic control arrangements and missing data in larger abundance for the site
no. 4 (Széna Square), and, therefore, year 2019 was only maintained here.

- **Table S2.** Ranges and medians of hourly mean T (°C), RH (%), absolute humidity (AH, in g m<sup>-3</sup>), WS
- 75 (m s<sup>-1</sup>), GRad (W m<sup>-2</sup>, for individual data  $\geq$ 50 W m<sup>-2</sup>), daily maximum planetary boundary layer height
- 76 (PBLH<sub>max</sub>, in km) in the average reference year of 2017-2019 (Y3Ref) and year 2020 (Y2020) together
- 77 with their relative difference (RDiff) in % and their anomaly standardised to SD (SAly) for the overall
- state of emergency time interval (from 12 March to 17 June).
- 79

Interval/	Y3Ref			Y2020		<b>DD</b> :00	G 4 1	
Variable	Min	Median	Max	Min	Median	Max	– RDiff	SAly
Т	3.2	16	30	-0.4	15	31	$-0.7^{\dagger}$	-0.1
RH	19	56	92	12	50	100	-11	-0.4
AH	2.8	7.6	17	1.2	5.9	17	-22	-0.5
WS	0.3	1.7	7.0	0.2	1.6	6.5	-6	-0.1
GRad	51	407	913	50	397	977	-2	$-10^{\ddagger}$
PBLH <sub>max</sub>	0.84	1.5	2.2	0.57	1.7	3.3	+10	+0.3

80 <sup>†</sup> Y2020–Y3Ref difference in median *T*s; in a unit of °C.

81 <sup> $\ddagger$ </sup> Anomaly not standardised to SD; in a unit of W m<sup>-2</sup>.

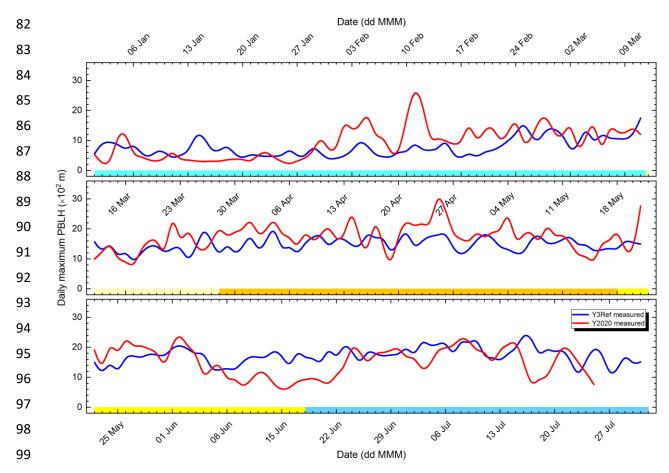


Figure S2. Time variation of the daily maximum of planetary boundary layer height (PBLH<sub>max</sub>) in the
 average reference year of 2017–2019 (Y3Ref) and year 2020 over the five consecutive phases of the
 first COVID-19 outbreak. The phases are marked by the following colour codes: Pre-emergency phase
 lighter blue, Pre-restriction phase lighter yellow, Restriction phase orange, Post-restriction phase darker
 yellow and Post-emergency phase darker blue.

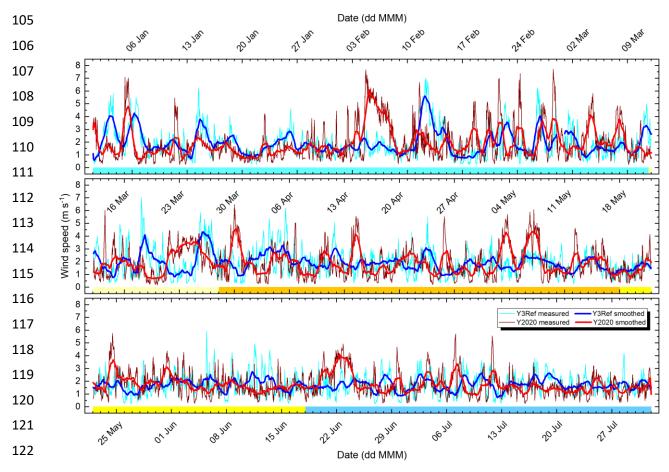


Figure S3. Time variation of wind speed in the average reference year of 2017–2019 (Y3Ref) and year 2020 together with their 24-h smoothed cures over the five consecutive phases of the first COVID-19 outbreak. The phases are marked by the following colour codes: Pre-emergency phase lighter blue, Prerestriction phase lighter yellow, Restriction phase orange, Post-restriction phase darker yellow and Postemergency phase darker blue. The tick labels of the abscissa indicate the Mondays in 2020.

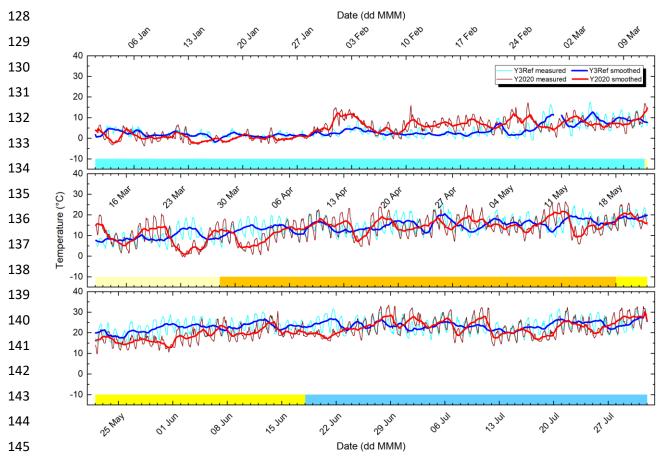


Figure S4. Time variation of air temperature in the average reference year of 2017–2019 (Y3Ref) and
year 2020 together with their 24-h smoothed cures over the five consecutive phases of the first COVID19 outbreak. The phases are marked by the following colour codes: Pre-emergency phase lighter blue,
Pre-restriction phase lighter yellow, Restriction phase orange, Post-restriction phase darker yellow and
Post-emergency phase darker blue. The tick labels of the abscissa indicate the Mondays in 2020.

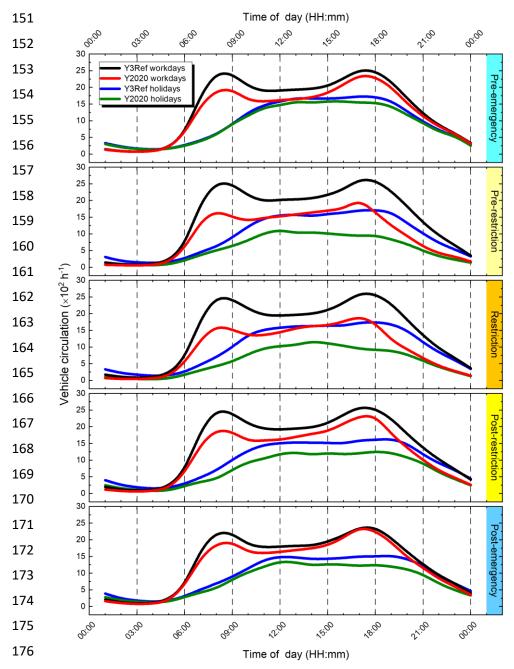


Figure S5. Average diurnal variations of motor vehicle road traffic in both directions on a major route (Váci Road) in Budapest separately for workdays and holidays in the average reference year of 2017– 2019 (Y3Ref) and year 2020 over the five consecutive phases of the first COVID-19 outbreak. The phases are marked by the following colour codes: Pre-emergency phase lighter blue, Pre-restriction phase lighter yellow, Restriction phase orange, Post-restriction phase darker yellow and Postemergency phase darker blue.

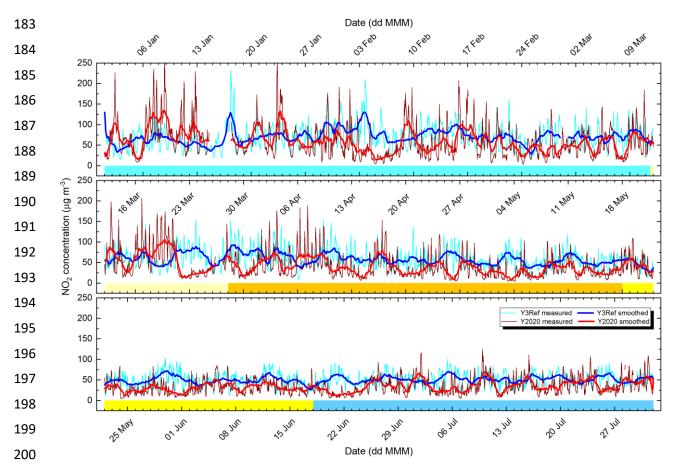


Figure S6. Time variation of NO<sub>2</sub> concentration in the average reference year of 2017–2019 (Y3Ref) and year 2020 together with their 24-h smoothed cures over the five consecutive phases of the first COVID-19 outbreak. The phases are marked by the following colour codes: Pre-emergency phase lighter blue, Pre-restriction phase lighter yellow, Restriction phase orange, Post-restriction phase darker yellow and Post-emergency phase darker blue. The tick labels of the abscissa indicate the Mondays in 2020.

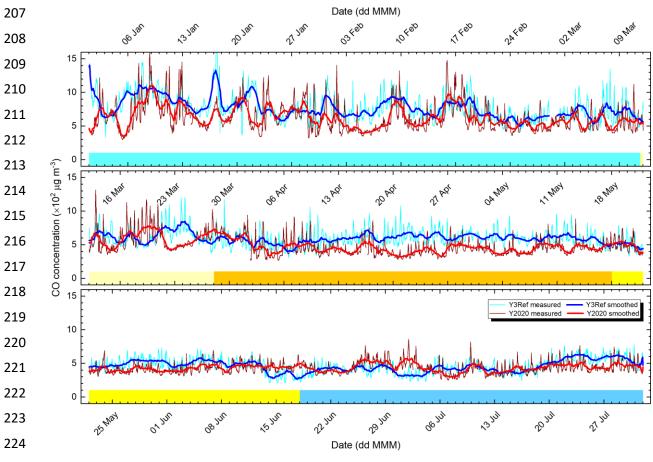


Figure S7. Time variation of CO concentration in the average reference year of 2017–2019 (Y3Ref) and year 2020 together with their 24-h smoothed curves over the five consecutive phases of the first COVID-19 outbreak. The phases are marked by the following colour codes: Pre-emergency phase lighter blue, Pre-restriction phase lighter yellow, Restriction phase orange, Post-restriction phase darker yellow and Post-emergency phase darker blue. The tick labels of the abscissa indicate the Mondays in 2020.

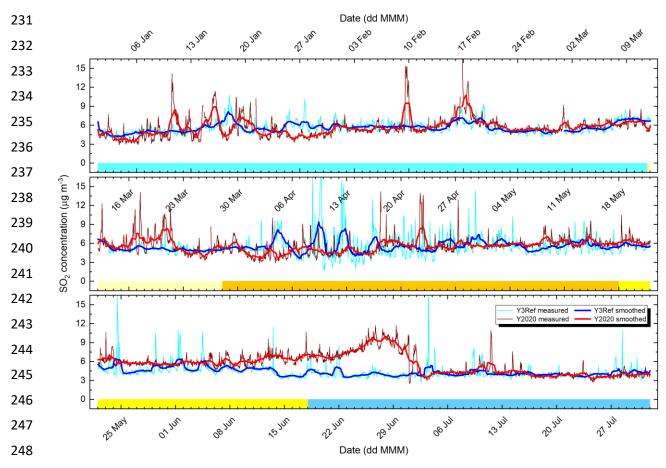


Figure S8. Time variation of SO<sub>2</sub> concentration in the average reference year of 2017–2019 (Y3Ref) and year 2020 together with their 24-h smoothed curves over the five consecutive phases of the first COVID-19 outbreak. The phases are marked by the following colour codes: Pre-emergency phase lighter blue, Pre-restriction phase lighter yellow, Restriction phase orange, Post-restriction phase darker yellow and Post-emergency phase darker blue. The tick labels of the abscissa indicate the Mondays in 2020.

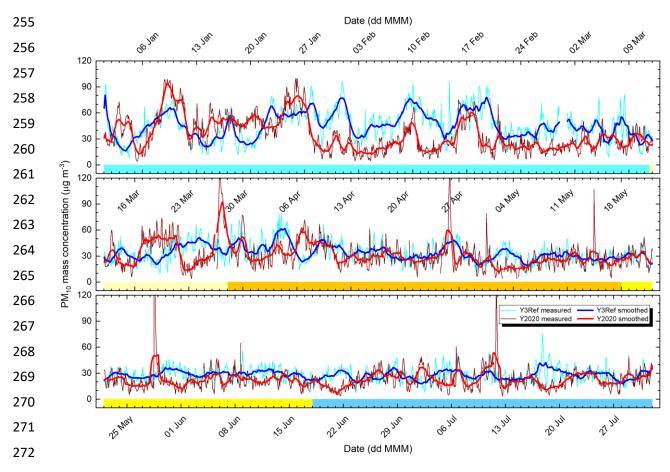
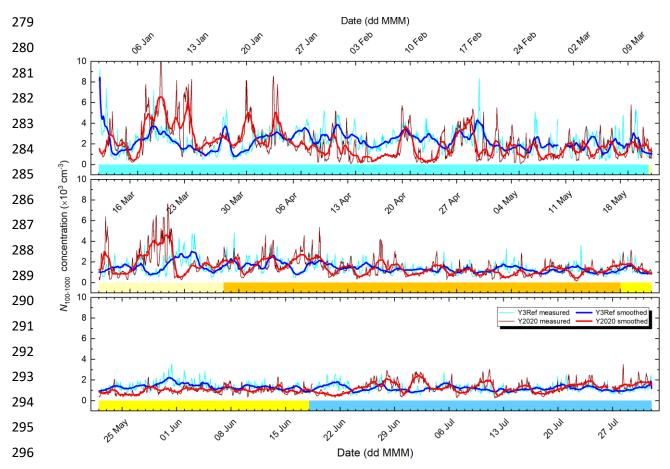


Figure S9. Time variation of PM<sub>10</sub> mass concentration in the average reference year of 2017–2019 (Y3Ref) and year 2020 together with their 24-h smoothed curves over the five consecutive phases of the first COVID-19 outbreak. The phases are marked by the following colour codes: Pre-emergency phase lighter blue, Pre-restriction phase lighter yellow, Restriction phase orange, Post-restriction phase darker yellow and Post-emergency phase darker blue. The tick labels of the abscissa indicate the Mondays in 2020.



**Figure S10.** Time variation of  $N_{100-1000}$  concentration in the average reference year of 2017–2019 (Y3Ref) and year 2020 together with their 24-h smoothed curves over the five consecutive phases of the first COVID-19 outbreak. The phases are marked by the following colour codes: Pre-emergency phase lighter blue, Pre-restriction phase lighter yellow, Restriction phase orange, Post-restriction phase darker yellow and Post-emergency phase darker blue. The tick labels of the abscissa indicate the Mondays in 2020.

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## 305 Reference

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