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Figure S1: The 120-hours air masses back-trajectories (hourly time step) calculated by the NOAA HYSPLIT model arriving at Ny-Ålesund sampling station at times correponding to DFPC INPs samples during A) Spring and B) Summer 2018. The color scale represents the conditions of the ground crossed by the back-trajectories. Air masses traveling at high altitude (> 500 m above mean sea level), which have been excluded in CWT calculations, are represented by the symbol "+".



Figure S2: Effect of precipitation events on the INP concentration at Ny-Ålesund.



Figure S3: Influence of the "Land" ground type (fLand) during the DFPC summer (left) and WT-CRAFT (right) campaigns overlapped with the INP atmospheric concentrations at T = -15, -18 and -22°C.



Figure S4: Spatial distribution of the correlation coefficient between DFPC nINPPM1 [T= -15 $^{\circ}$ C] sampled at Ny-Ålesund in Summer 2018 and CHL over the Arctic Ocean at different time-lags from 0 to 27 days. The grey color represents non-significant correlation coefficients (p<0.05). The 3 samples with land influences were excluded from the analysis.



Figure S4: Continued.



Figure S5: Spatial distribution of the correlation coefficient between DFPC nINPPM10 [T= -15 $^{\circ}$ C] sampled at Ny-Ålesund in Summer 2018 and CHL over the Arctic Ocean at different time-lags from 0 to 27 days. The grey color represents non-significant correlation coefficients (p<0.05). The 3 samples with land influences were excluded from the analysis.



Figure S5: Continued.



Figure S6: CWT plots for nINPPM1 at (a) T= -15 °C, (b) T= -18 °C, and (c) T= -22 °C and nINPPM10 at (d) T= -15 °C, (e) T= -18 °C, and (f) T= -22 °C measured by DFPC in Summer 2018. The 5-days low travelling (< 500 m) air masses back-trajectories simultaneous to the INP samples calculated by the NOAA HYSPLIT model arrived at Ny-Ålesund were used in this approach. The 3 samples with land influences were excluded from the analysis.