

Supplement to "Smoke-charged vortices in the stratosphere generated by wildfires and their behaviour in both hemispheres : comparing Australia 2020 to Canada 2017"

Hugo Lestrelin, Bernard Legras, Aurélien Podglajen, and Mikael Salihoglu

Laboratoire de Météorologie Dynamique, UMR CNRS 8539, IPSL, PSL-ENS//Ecole Polytechnique/Sorbonne Université, Paris, France

Correspondence: Bernard Legras (bernard.legras@lmd.ipsl.fr)

This work is licensed under a [Creative Commons “Attribution-NoDerivatives 4.0 International”](https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nd/4.0/) license.



Warning: The animations run interactively on most operating systems if the directory media containing them is located in the same directory as this file.

S1 Tracking of the smoke bubble

- 5 The animation [tracking.mov](#) shows how the tracking of the smoke bubble is interactively performed on a scattering ratio section.

S2 Time evolution of vortex O

- The animation [movieMax_VortexO.mp4](#) in the media folder shows the time evolution of vortex O in six panels: a) PV at the isentropic level of the vortex according to PV tracking; b) ozone mixing ratio at the isentropic level of the vortex according to ozone tracking; c) PV altitude-latitude section at the longitude of the vortex according to PV tracking; d) ozone mixing ratio altitude-latitude section at the longitude of the vortex according to ozone tracking; e) PV altitude-latitude section at the longitude of the vortex according to PV tracking; f) ozone mixing ratio altitude-latitude section at the longitude of the vortex according to ozone tracking. In all panels the white cross indicates the location of the centroid vortex according to the relevant tracking. In panels c-f, the contours show the potential temperature.
- 10
- 15 Using a standard reader, the animation can be played in a continuous way or slide by slide to follow the evolution.

S3 Time evolution of vortices A, B1 and B2

The animations [movie_VortexA.mp4](#), [movie_VortexB1.mp4](#) and [movie_VortexB2.mp4](#) show, respectively, the time evolution of vortices A, B1 and B2 in two panels: a) PV at the isentropic level of the vortex according to PV tracking; b) ozone mixing ratio at the isentropic level of the vortex according to ozone tracking. The black cross indicates the location of the centroid vortex according to the relevant tracking

S4 Trajectories of vortices O, B1 and B2 in 2017

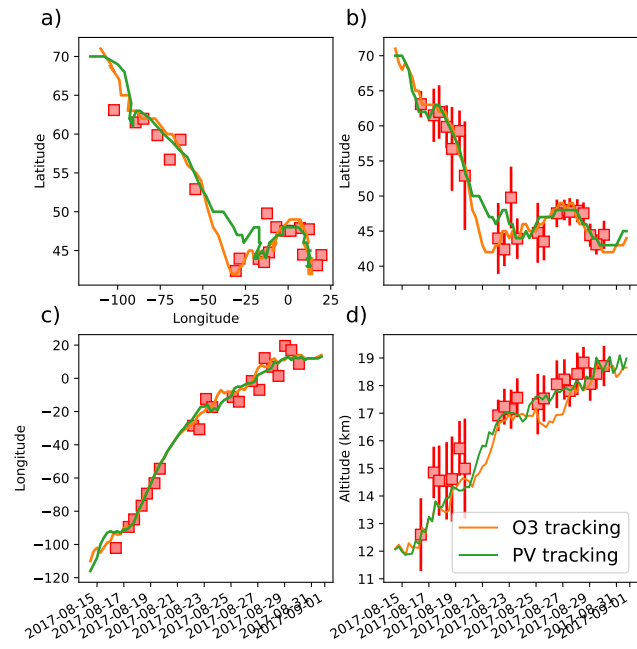


Figure S1. Same as Fig. 5 of the main text but for vortex O.

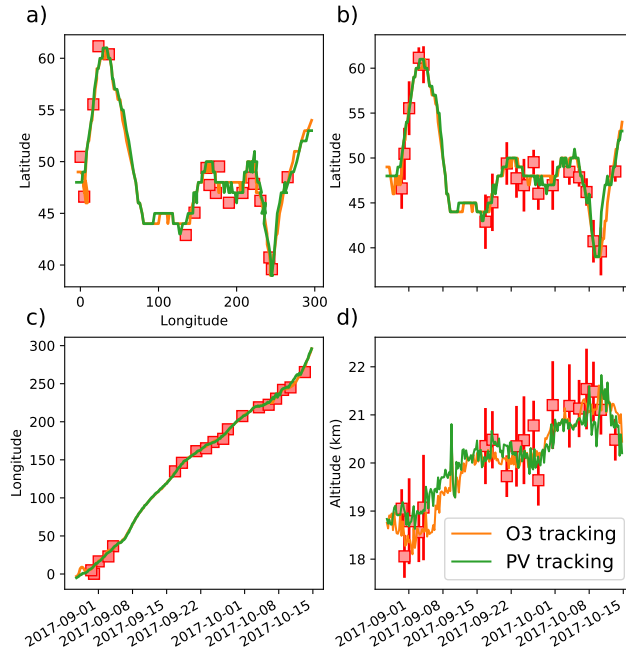


Figure S2. Same as Fig. 5 of the main text but for vortex B1.

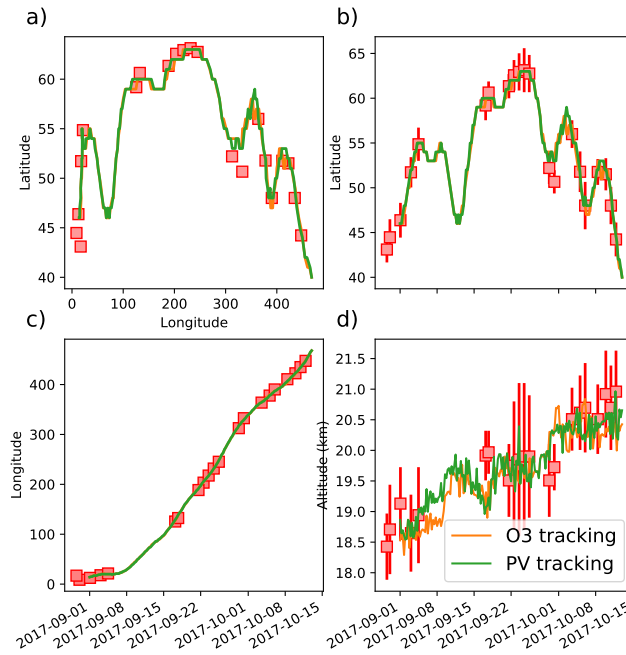


Figure S3. Same as Fig. of the main text but for vortex B2.

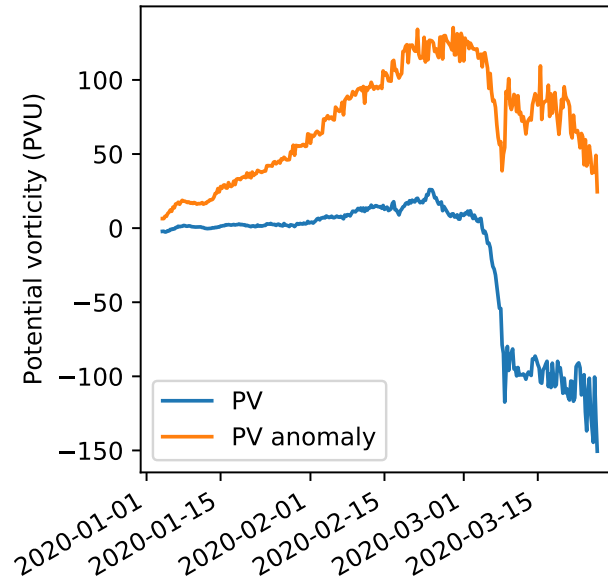


Figure S4. Time evolution of the potential vorticity and the potential vorticity anomaly at the core of the main 2020 vortex

S5 Potential vorticity at the core of the vortex

Figure S4 show the temporal series of the analysed potential vorticity (PV) and the PV anomaly at the core of the main 2020 vortex. The PV anomaly is defined at each latitude and altitude as the deviation with respect to the zonal average at the same latitude and altitude, the altitude being the hybrid vertical coordinate. From the birth of the vortex until the beginning of March, the PV is close to zero and even slightly positive, meaning that the vortex is on the verge of inertial instability. The PV anomaly grows as the low PV bubble rises within an ambient air of increasing PV with height. This sequence ends with the breaking of the vortex by the end of February (Khaykin et al., 2020) and is followed by another sequence where the value of analysed PV suggests an important in mixing of surrounding air during or just after the breaking.

30 **References**

Khaykin, S., Legras, B., Bucci, S., Sellitto, P., Isaksen, L., Tence, F., Bekki, S., Bourassa, A., Rieger, L., Zawada, D., Jumelet, J., and Godin-Beekmann, S.: The 2019-2020 Australian wildfires generated a persistent smoke-charged vortex rising up to 35 km altitude, *Communications Earth and Environment*, 1, 22, <https://doi.org/10.1038/s43247-020-00022-5>, 2020.