Atmos. Chem. Phys. Discuss., https://doi.org/10.5194/acp-2020-113-RC1, 2020 © Author(s) 2020. This work is distributed under the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 License.





Interactive comment

## *Interactive comment on* "Contribution of hydroxymethanesulfonate (HMS) to severe winter haze in the North China Plain" by Tao Ma et al.

## Anonymous Referee #1

Received and published: 20 February 2020

General comments:

This is a very fine study, presenting crucial insights into the occurrence of severe haze episodes in the North China Plain during winter. Convincing evidence is provided that hydroxymethanesulfonate (HMS) is a key player in this process. Use is made of aerosol time-of-flight mass spectrometry for the real-time detection of HMS in ambient aerosols and a novel and accurate analytical method has been developed for the measurement of HMS in fine particulate matter (PM2.5). This method has the advantage that it does not suffer from overestimation of sulfate. A comprehensive dataset has been obtained and interpreted in great detail. The results obtained in this study should be very useful for pollution abatement measures in Beijing. The scientific content of this manuscript is in a very good shape but the English usage should be improved. A list of suggested

Printer-friendly version



technical corrections is provided below.

Technical corrections:

Line 20 (and many places elsewhere, e.g. line 23, 31, 32, .....): ..... winter haze ..... occurs ..... and threatens .....[Note: "haze" should be in singular].

Line 24: ..... single particle mass spectrometry and an optimized ion chromatography method, .....

Line 25: ..... in Beijing during winter.

Line 29: .... using traditional ion chromatography.

Line 41: .... in the NCP during winter.....

Line 46: ..... in the NCP during winter, which increase .....

Line 53: ..... overestimation of the observed .....

Line 55: ..... evidence for the presence of HMS .....

Line 59: ..... haze, unambiguous identification and accurate quantification .....

Line 65: .... mass spectrometry ..... and an optimized ion .....

Line 66: .... in Beijing during winter and .....

Lines 67-73: I suggest to use the present tense here: "We demonstrate ..... water is an important pathway that contributes to ....., not only accounting for a ...... winter haze favor heterogeneous HMS formation. ..... to 2016 indicate that ...... Finally, we discuss the ....."

Line 76: ..... located at Tsinghua .....

Line 85: ..... the ATOFMS instrument .....

Line 90: .... A bipolar reflectron mass analyzer. [Note: the abbreviation "MS" stands

## **ACPD**

Interactive comment

Printer-friendly version



for "mass spectrometry" and should not be used to denote a mass analyzer or the instrument. See the IUPAC guidelines for terms relating to mass spectrometry: K. K. Murray, R. K. Boyd, M. N. Eberlin, G. J. Langley, L. Li, Y. Naito. Definitions of terms relating to mass spectrometry. IUPAC Recommendations 2013. Pure Appl. Chem., 85, 1515-1609, 2013].

Line 93: .... of the ATOFMS instrument .....

Line 95 (and many places elsewhere, e.g., lines 163, 165,  $\ldots$ ): It is more correct to write "..... the peak at m/z 111 in the negative ion mode as  $\ldots$ .". [Note: the m/z value is not negative].

Line 101: Here, we .....

Line 102: .... in the day- and nighttime.

Line 103: ..... baked in a Muffle ....., put in the cassettes, and packed .....

Line 106: ..... , ultrasonic agitation for .....

Line 108: ..... overestimation, whereas extraction with .....

Line 113: ..... under conventional conditions .....

Line 114: .... Here, we used .....

Line 117: HMS dissociates into ....

Line 118: ...., and the HMS concentration ....

Line 119: Thus, the ion chromatography ....

Line 151: .... in previous work .....

Line 162: .... In aerosols from Beijing during winter. We found that .....

Line 165: According to the natural isotopic distribution, the contribution of KCl2– was found to be insignificant.

**ACPD** 

Interactive comment

Printer-friendly version



Line 170: ...., the peak at m/z 111 unlikely corresponds to methylsulfate .....

Line 172: Therefore, the peak at m/z 111 in ambient particles can safely be assigned to . . ...

Line 173: .... in Beijing during winter contain ....

Line 179: I suggest to use the past tense consistently in this section. Thus: "We found that the HMS  $\ldots$ ."

Line 180: The HMS concentration  $\ldots$ , and was consistent with the variation of the relative humidity (RH).

Line 178: ...., we determined the HMS concentration .....

Line 180: .... also showed a similar HMS evolution as that of ....

Line 183: ...., the HMS concentration ....

Line 184: ...., and the HCHO concentration increase, while the O3 concentration ....

Line 199: ..... during severe winter haze could be overestimated .....

Line 199: S(IV) oxidation reactions compete with .....

Line 213: ...., whereas it decreases the ....

Line 215: ..... of the reaction rate constant .....

Line 220: ... The HMS concentration ....

Line 222: With the increase of RH, the atmospheric sulfur distribution shifts toward the particle phase and more particulate sulfur exists in ....

Line 229: The calculations based .....

Line 233: .... conditions, HMS formation is favored, whereas decomposition of ....

Line 233: ..... under high HCHO concentrations, low oxidant levels, .....

Interactive comment

Printer-friendly version



Line 239: ....., the atmospheric oxidation ...... with the weak photochemical activity.

Line 248 .... (Niu et al., 2016); in this study, we further ....

Line 253: . . .. from primary emissions and . . ...

Line 256: ..... formation, should be considered in future pollutant control .....

Line 261: .... In Beijing during winter.

Figure 1, legend: The peak at m/z 111 in the negative ion mode is .... The peaks at m/z 80 ..... [Note: see comment made above with regard to the omission of the minus sign].

Interactive comment on Atmos. Chem. Phys. Discuss., https://doi.org/10.5194/acp-2020-113, 2020.

## **ACPD**

Interactive comment

Printer-friendly version

