# Reply to review #2 of the paper:

Two-scale multi-model ensemble: Is a hybrid ensemble of opportunity telling us more?"

by Stefano Galmarini et al.

Let us thank the reviewer for his understanding of the specific relevance of our work and his comments that indeed have improved the manuscript.

It should be noted that surface ozone concentrations (and their observations) are a notoriously difficult measure to analyse and compare against models due to the strong effects of local emissions and deposition, so care should be taken to limit the scope of this manuscript to the performance of the ensemble in terms of surface ozone. This should be discussed in the introduction.

We feel like disagreeing on this, not strictly on the fact that ozone is not prone to local emissions but on the fact that ozone measurements are "notoriously difficult measure to analyse and compare against models". Ozone measurements are accurate, what might be in accurate are the emission inventories used by models. We have taken into account these elements by using only rural stations, which should be far from local sources of ozone precursors and have a larger spatial representativeness.

Before going into details I would finally urge the authors to reconsider putting 14 (!) figures into this manuscript and rather move several of them to a supplement in order to improve readability.

This aspect has been dealt with also in agreement with the requests of rev#1

# Specific comments:

P2, L70 define which "spectra" you refer to here.

# thanks

P2, L74-75 is it a good thing that you use reg-glob equally at only 15 % of stations?

It is a fact with no qualification attached. It is clear that the larger the number of stations where both model type contribute the clearer is the level of complementarity of the set. A clarification of this statement has been added to the text

P5, L60-66 this is a slightly confusing amalgamation of arguments. Limitations in space are combined with different representations of gas-phase chemistry. I suggest

rephrasing this paragraph and simply discussing gas-phase chemistry mechanism diversity.

A clarification of this statement has been added to the text. We left the difference in domain pertinence of the two groups which is connected to the time scale of the chemistry represented.

P7, L221: regional models biased towards C-IFS?

Well in principle yes as far as boundary conditions are concerned but we do not see this in the results.

P7, L229: "can take stock" seems inappropriately used in this context, revisit expression. Figure 2: please use the same axis (Period in days is fine) for 2a as for 2b and c.

## Correct, thanks

P8, L249ff: why did you average the spectrum? how did you average the spectrum? Are 24h peaks as pronounced in the model as in the measurements?

The spectrum is smoothed with a Savitzky-Golay filter to allow overlying of multiple spectra for comparison. In the new Figure 1 (ex Figure 2), we did not average in order to make the most characteristic peaks visible.

P8, L249ff: Spectrum analysis also results in mangling daily maxima and daily minima. I am not sure if I like the fact that this means you are evaluating both photochemistry (daily maxima) and representation of boundary layer parameterization (nighttime titration)... Could be worth discussing in the text.

It is impossible to disentangle the dynamics form the chemistry and represent the process separately. The nighttime titration is also affected by BL dynamics due to the suppression of convection and a shallowing of the BL. But probably we do not get the point of the reviewer here.

P8, L255: "The time series of the rural monitoring ...", these are simply your "observations", right? Not a subset or something? I suggest replacing "rural monitoring stations" with observations so as not to confuse readers.

Monitoring stations of operational networks are individually classified according to the location in which they reside into rural, sub-urban and urban. No arbitrary judgment form our side has interfered with the station classification. But may be we miss interpreted: " "The time series of the rural monitoring ...", these are simply your "observations", right? Not a subset or something"

P8, L268: Interesting! Do you dare to speculate as to why this is?

The models show generally higher variability and energy in the inter-diurnal range while the two spectrums are at good agreement at mesoscale and synoptic scales. Those facts are directly related to the resolution of the models and hence the resolved features.

P8, L269-271: "A weak sec..." this sentence seems repetitive of what comes afterwards, remove or merge with remainder of paragraph.

Sorry your comment is not clear, the analysis is performed per period range and there is no repetition in the ranges analysis.

P9, L298-300: "An element of surprise...". Surprising sentence - it reads like the introduction to the paragraph before. Why is it at the end? Is it a conclusion? Might want to rephrase.

## Corrected

P11, L337-338: if it is important, please tell us what you think about GLO vs REG now. Is the fact that GLO have a higher POD but also a higher FAR a good thing? Not really, no?

We present a multi-parameter evaluation of global and regional models. There could be no good or bad in a "global" sense, neither that is the aim of this exercise.

P12, L371: "... transport in the case of a global model, " are you not talking about regional models here? Consider cleaning up the paragraph.

#### Corrected

P13, L401ff: I disagree with this assessment of the combined histogram (Talagrand diagram). The regional models (6b) actually came quite close to the ideal Talagrand diagram (equal distribution). Combining them and increasing bin number does not (necessarily) increase the value range. Now you still have an overdispersed model system, which just happens to be more correctly distributed amongst values closer to the mean (bins 5-18). I suggest to rephrase this paragraph.

#### The sentence has been rephrased, thanks

Fig 9: very small panels, please improve this to make it readable. C3 ACPD Interactive comment Printer-friendly version Discussion paper

#### Corrected

P17, L532: Figure 11 does not have panels a, b and c...

#### Corrected, thanks

P17, L539ff: calling this improvement "systematic" is an exaggeration - there is no estimate of the uncertainty of these numbers, hence you have no idea whether the difference ("improvement") is statistically significant. This should be rephrased and written more cautious.

It is systematic through out the case analysed, not in a statistical sense.

Fig 13, and also P18, L572-573: it would be very helpful if the optimal point would be marked in these plots. If I understand this plot correctly, for a 6 member ensemble the optimal point is (x=16,667, y=1; description in text says in line 573: (x=100/(Number of Models),y=1) with number of models = 6). All points are pretty far off of this optimal point in all the plots!

The optimal point corresponds to the i.i.d. situation, i.e. an ensemble with independent and identically distributed (around the truth) models.

P18, L579: typo "form"

## **Corrected thanks**

P18, L580ff: y scales 0-1, hence the "y values" cited here are for x, probably.

## **Corrected thanks**

P18, L583: I guess you are talking about Figure 13d (mmeS6) as being superior here - rephrase to make this clear.

# **Corrected thanks**

Fig 14: legends miss "obs" description (if that is what the thick red line is supposed to show)

#### Figure changed

P19, 587-600: this paragraph deserves its own (sub)caption, as it concerns a quite different and important point than the previous text

#### Not clear what a sub-caption of a paragraph is, sorry.