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Interactive comment

# Interactive comment on "Undulating wave front of mesospheric bore; Space-borne observations by ISS-IMAP/VISI" by Yuta Hozumi et al.

# **Anonymous Referee #2**

Received and published: 18 June 2018

This paper reports two unusual mesospheric bores from an onboard camera on the ISS. While mesospheric bores in the past decades have been described in the literature, this paper is novel in several ways: 1) the reported bores are occurring in southern mid-latitudes (rare), 2) one bore demonstrated a counter clockwise rotation in comparison to clockwise rotation of NH bores (first report), and 3) a large front exhibiting horizontal undulation (first report). Due to these new observations, this paper is worthy of consideration for publication after major revisions. Below are my comments.

Major 1) How is the Brunt-Vaisaila frequency derived from the SABER temperature data? This derivation must depend on an estimation of the derivative. The author should identify which numerical scheme is used and the applied step size to allow proper interpretation of the data. 2) Regarding event 1: In figure 2, it is determined

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that there are reflection points separated by  $\sim 5$  km in altitude. However, the reflection point (or unstable region) at 95 km appear very narrow and may have a limited impact on the bore. It may be more likely that the lower reflection point is at 90 km. While this should not have much impact on the result stated in the paper, I believe it does deserve a proper discussion. In fact, I recommend the authors perform a calculation of the vertical wavenumber squared, assuming a simple dispersion relation. With that result, the damping impact from the reflection point at 95 km can be estimated. 3) Regarding event 2: Similar to the comment above for event 1. In this case, the narrowly ducted region (3 km) would imply a maximum vertical wavelength of a ducted wave train of  $\sim 6$  km. This is less than the anticipated thickness of the airglow layer and one would expect cancellation effects within the emitted airglow. How does that play into the clear observed signature? Again, a simple analysis of the vertical wavenumber may give some indications to whether the statements are within reasonable agreement to the stated conclusions. 4) Line 7.15-16: This sentence needs to be substantiated with an analysis of the vertical wave number.

Minor Recommendations Page 1 Line 1: "...observed by the Visible..." Line 4: "One event was observed over the African..." Line 5-7: Flipping between past and present tense. This should be fixed throughout the paper. Line 7: Change m/sec into m/s. This should be done throughout the paper. Line 7: "...3.5 waves/hour." Line 11: "...undulated with a wavelength of 1000 km" Line 12: FOV is a new acronym. Line 14: "...(SABER) onboard the Thermosphere..." Line 18: "A mesospheric bore is characterized by a propagating, and sharp, front in the upper mesosphere." Line 18-19: "The front is often followed by undulations (undular bore) or turbulence (turbulent bore)." Line 19: "Mesospheric bores have been ..."

Line 2.1: "...explanation of a mesospheric bore as a..." Line 2.6: "...Picard (2001) provided a possible explanation of mesospheric bores through critical layer interaction of gravity waves with the mean flow." I just think that "tried" makes it sound as if Dewan and Picard were not successful in their postulation. Line 2.8: "...demonstrated, by

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Discussion paper



key observation of the paper and it should be specific. This is a great observation!

Line 7.2: Since the spatial extend is large, is it possible the evolution of the duct over these scales could be assessed by the previous/following SABER passes? I would be curious to see the N2 analysis for the previous and following SABER passes. Line 7.9: "...bore has never been reported." I agree with this, and I think the authors should consider a new title that captures this. Suggestion: Space-borne mesospheric bore observations by ISS-IMAP/VISI; A first report of an undulating wave front" Line 7.20: "A point-like tropospheric source location of an atmospheric gravity wave can be found by estimating the curvature of the observed wave front from in airglow imagery with the assumption..." Line 8.4: "These results validates the use of VISI for bore studies." Line 8.8: "...tidal backward tidal wind...". I am sure this is a typo. Line 8.12-13. Remove the last sentence.

Interactive comment on Atmos. Chem. Phys. Discuss., https://doi.org/10.5194/acp-2018-383, 2018.

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