

# The impact of mineral dust on the day-to-day variability of stratiform cloud glaciation occurrence: Supplement information

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For figures S.1 to S.14:

- a) Time average at -15°C (averaged in a 12 K range), 2007-2010.
- b) Time-zonal average, 2007-2010.
- c) Zonal average at -15°C (averaged in a 12 K range), 2007-2010.

S.1-S.3: Frequency phase ratio (FPR) variables.

S.4-S.7: Dust aerosol data from MACC reanalysis.

S.8-S.9: Cloud volume fraction of all and stratiform clouds (CALIOP-GOCCP).

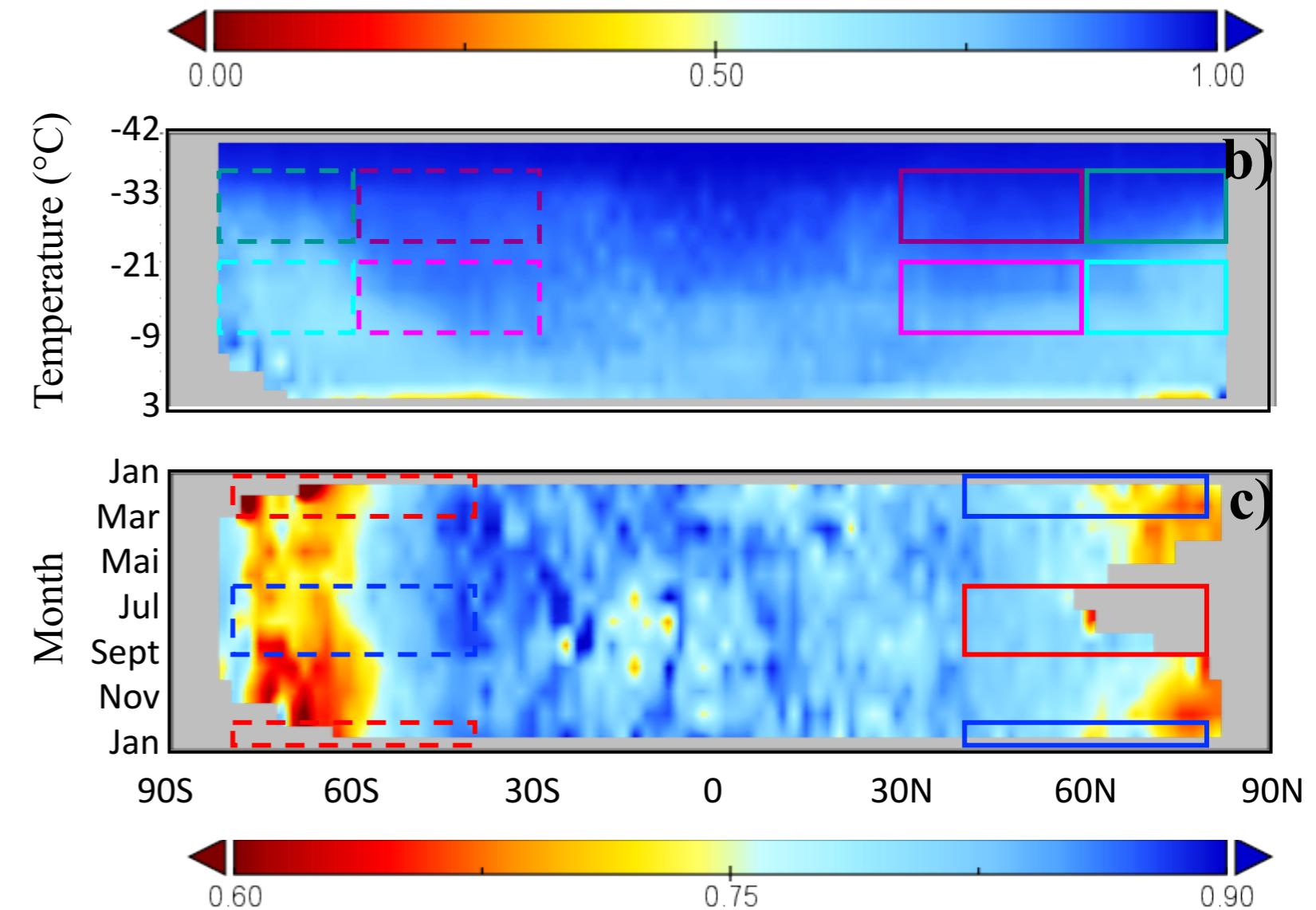
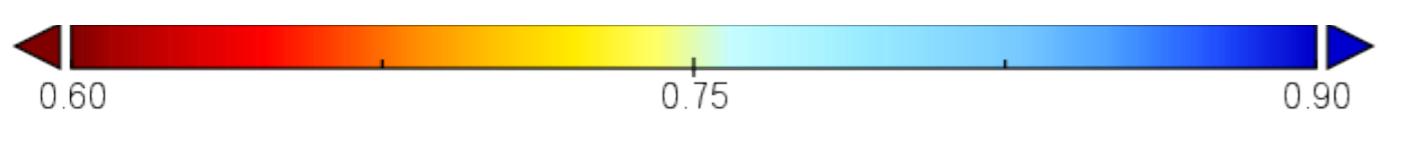
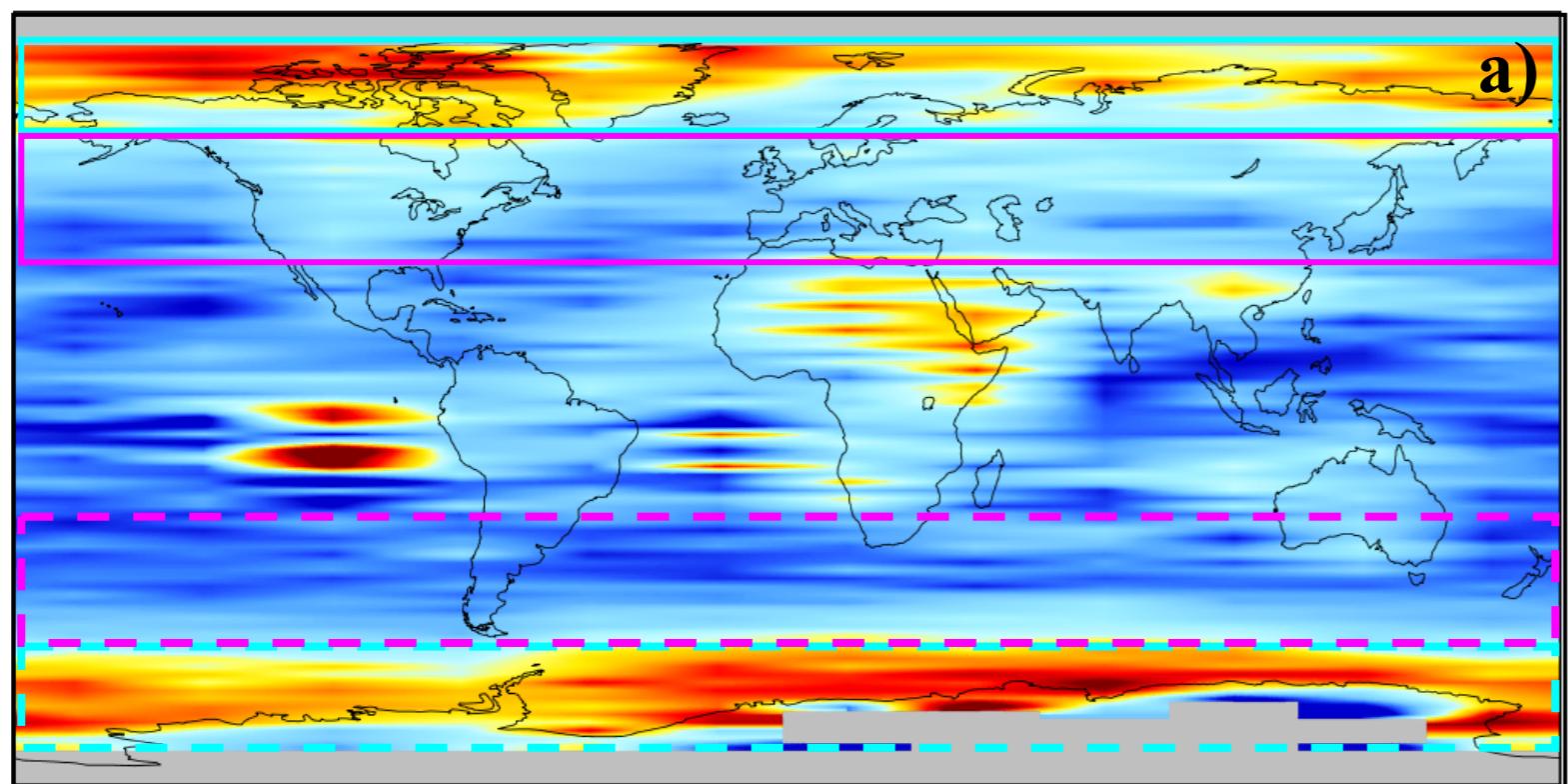
S.10-S.13: Vertical velocity (MACC), relative humidity (ERA-Interim), isotherm height and temperature (ECMWF-AUX).

S.14-S.16: Sample size.

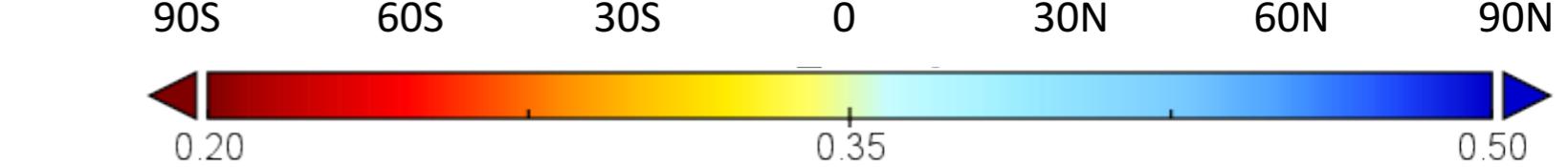
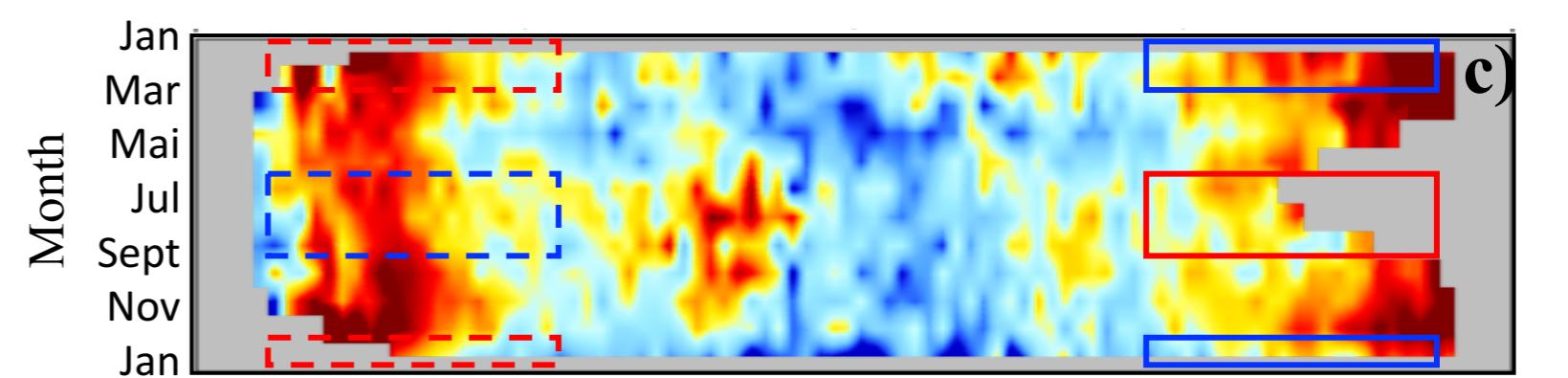
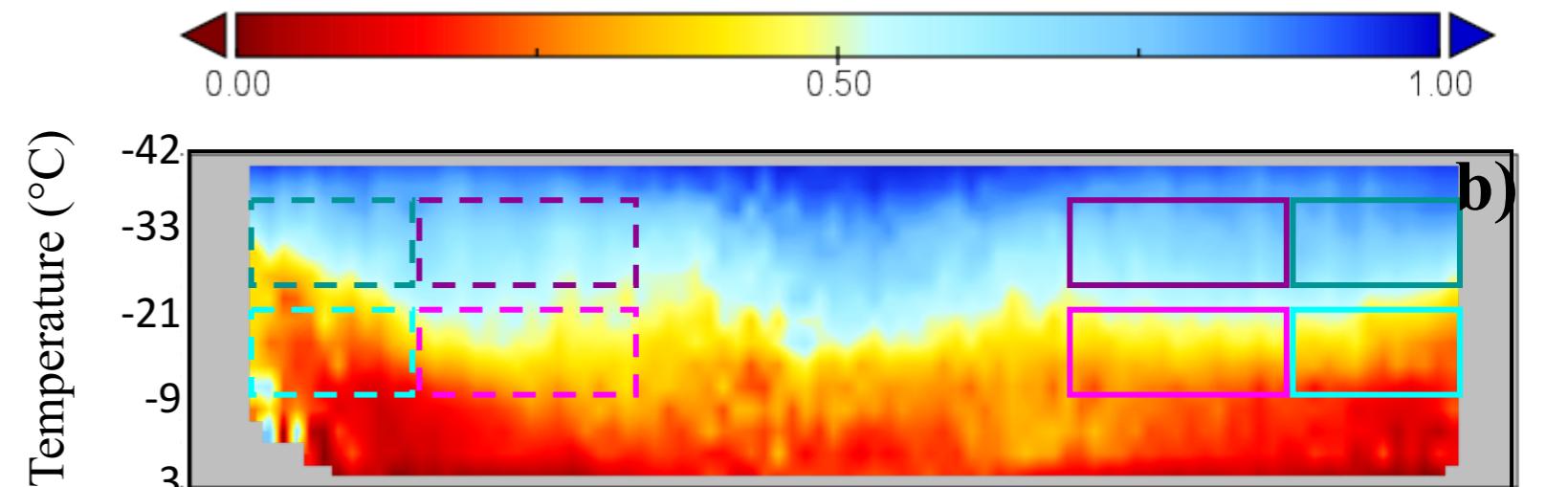
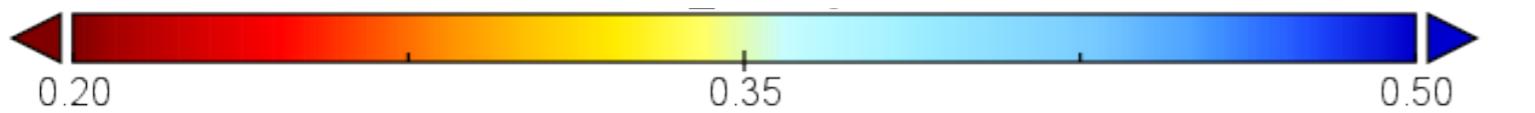
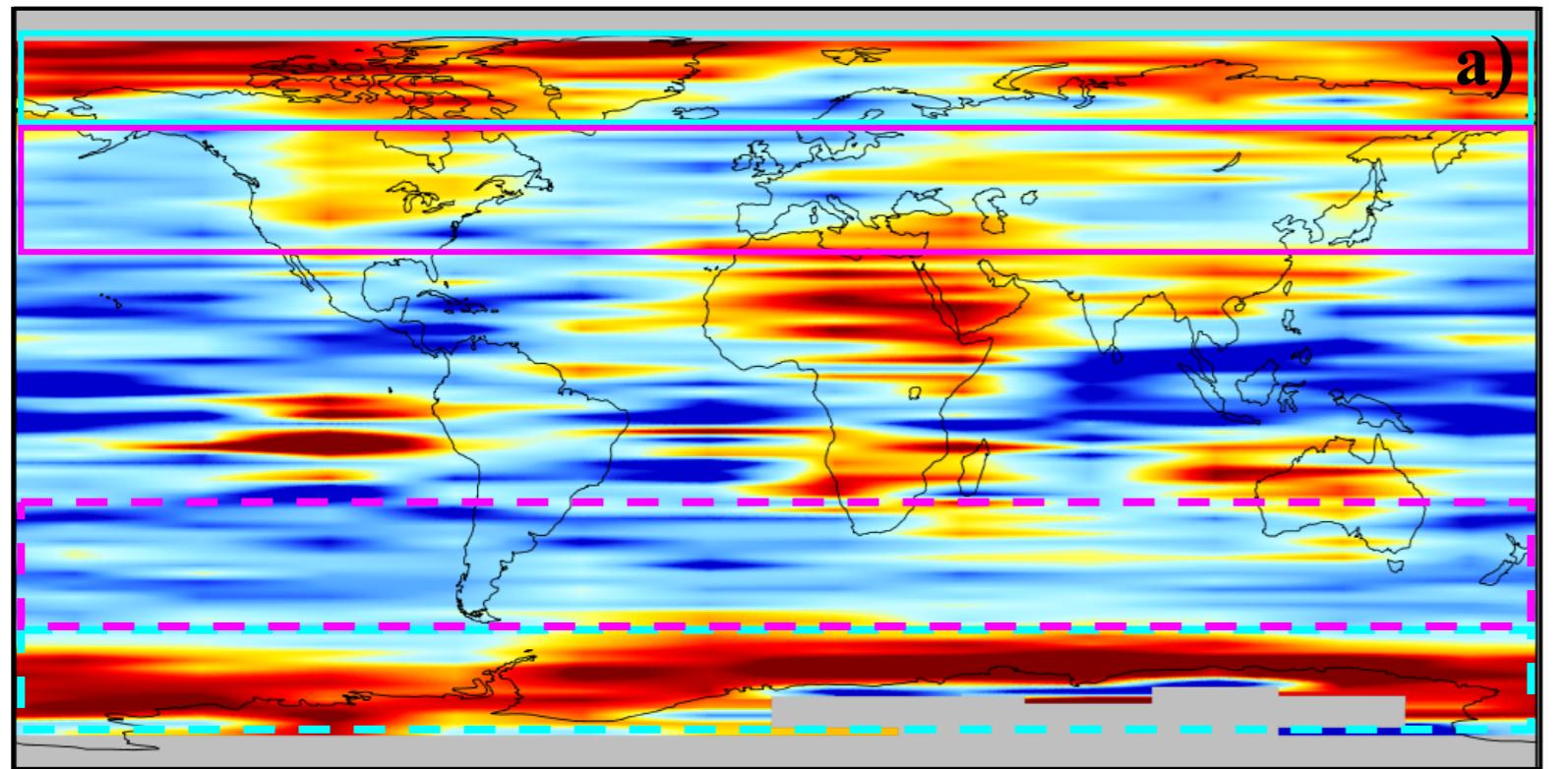
S.17: FPR<sub>GOCCP</sub> vs. coarse dust at -30 °C (MACC reanalysis).

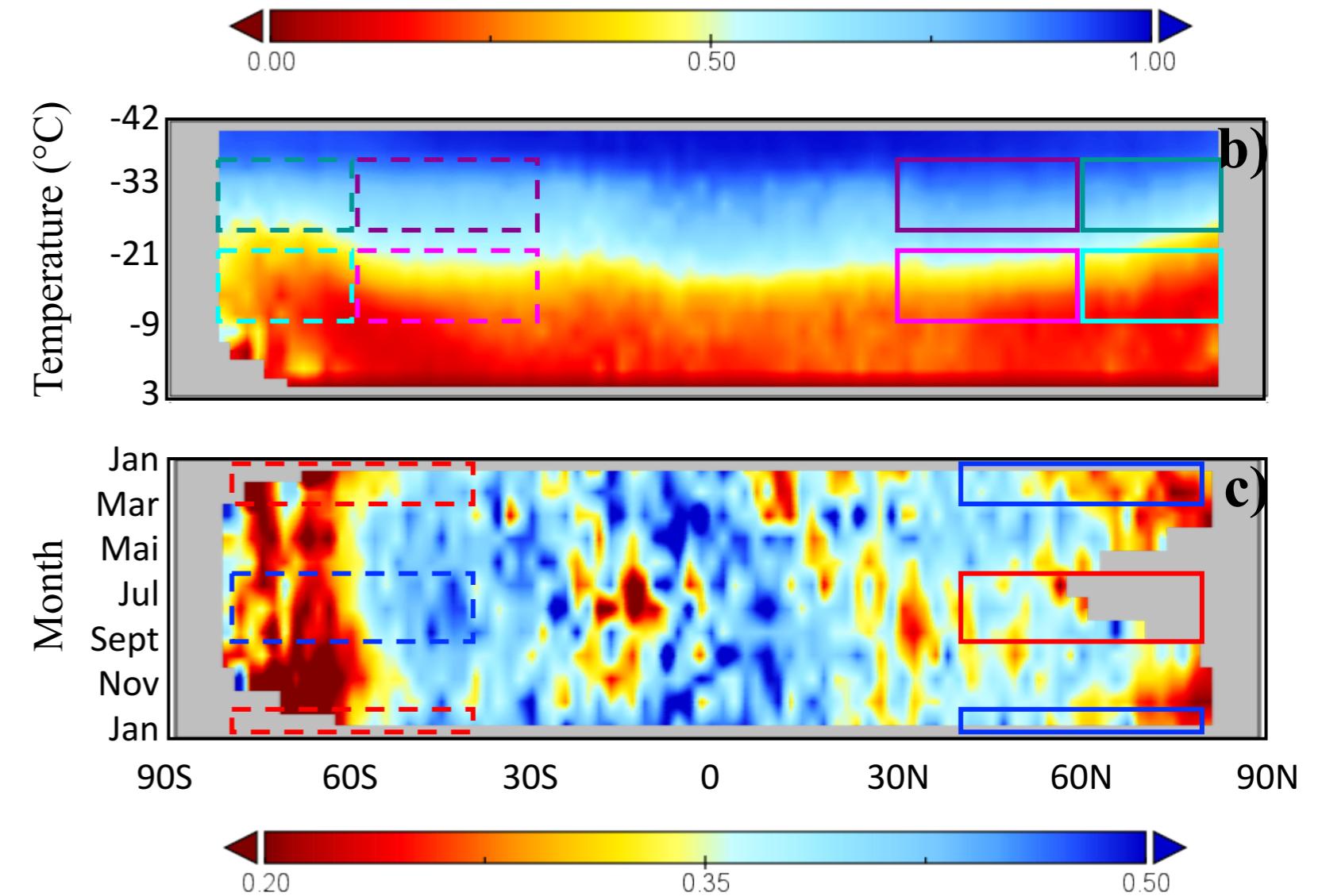
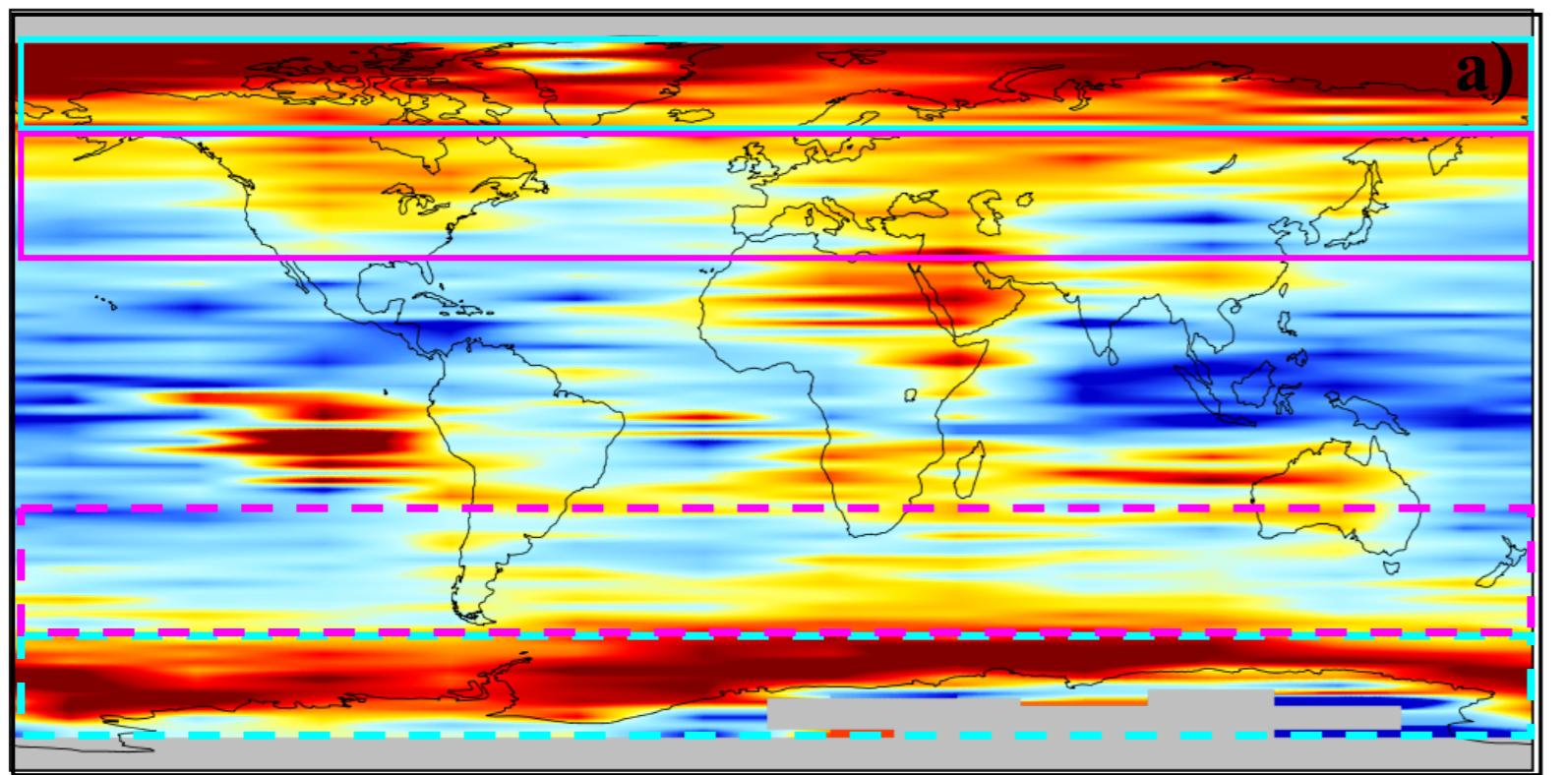
S.18-S.19: FPR<sub>GOCCP</sub> vs. fine and coarse dust mixing-ratio deciles from the CAMS reanalysis (30.09.2018) at -15°C and -30°C.

S.20 Diagram explaining the concept of day-to-day deciles.

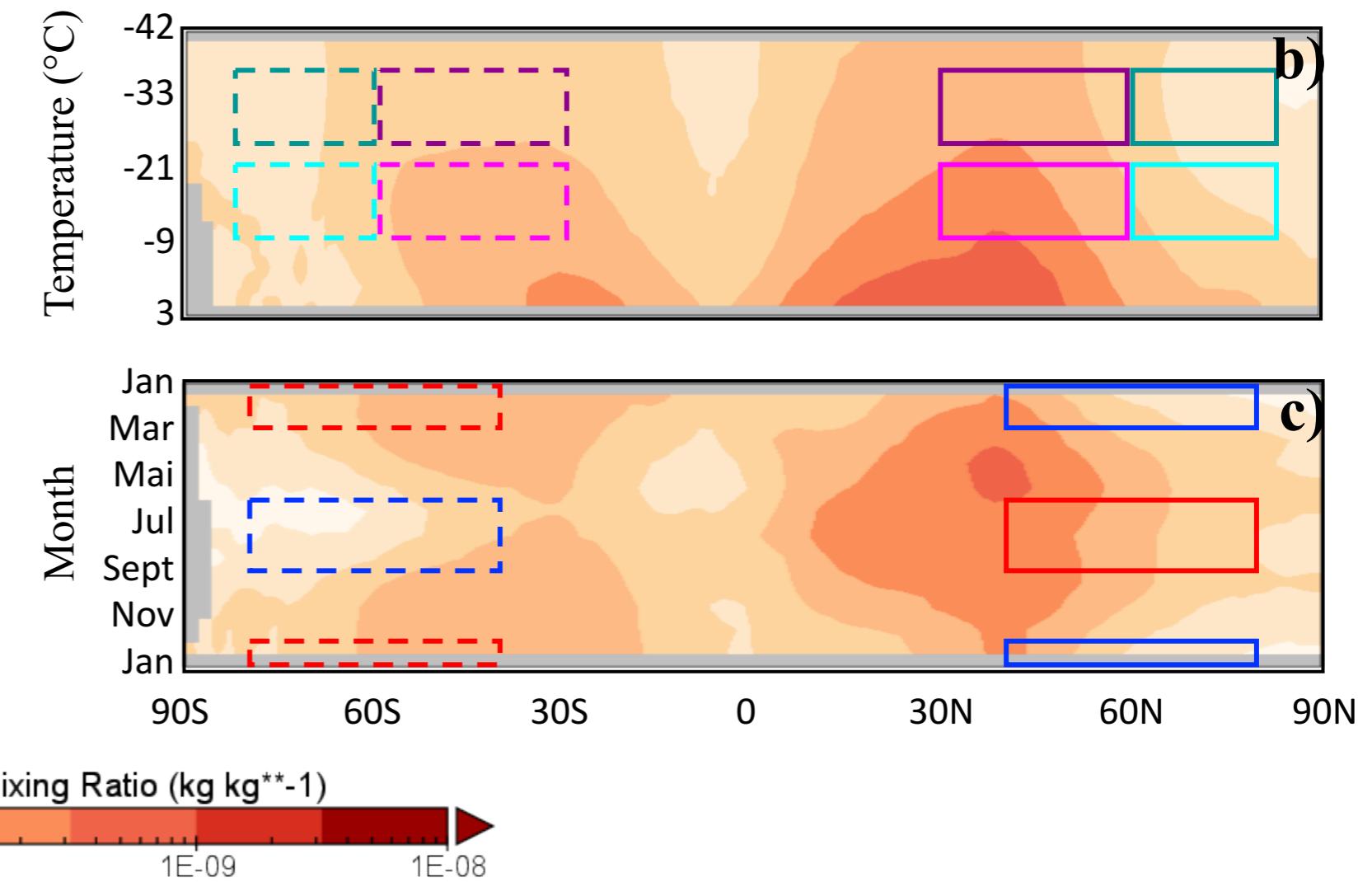
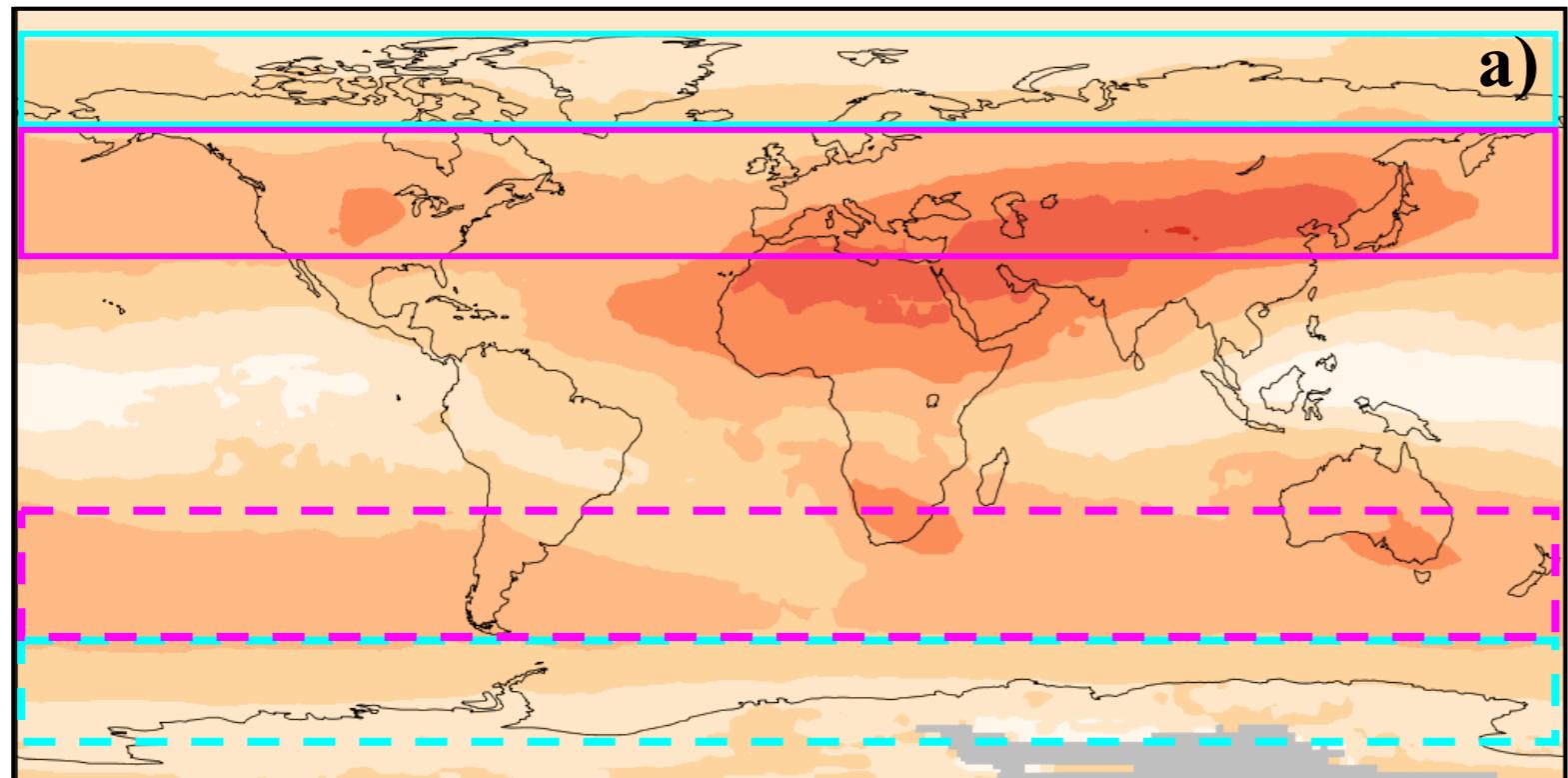


S1. FPR<sub>DARDAR</sub> [%]

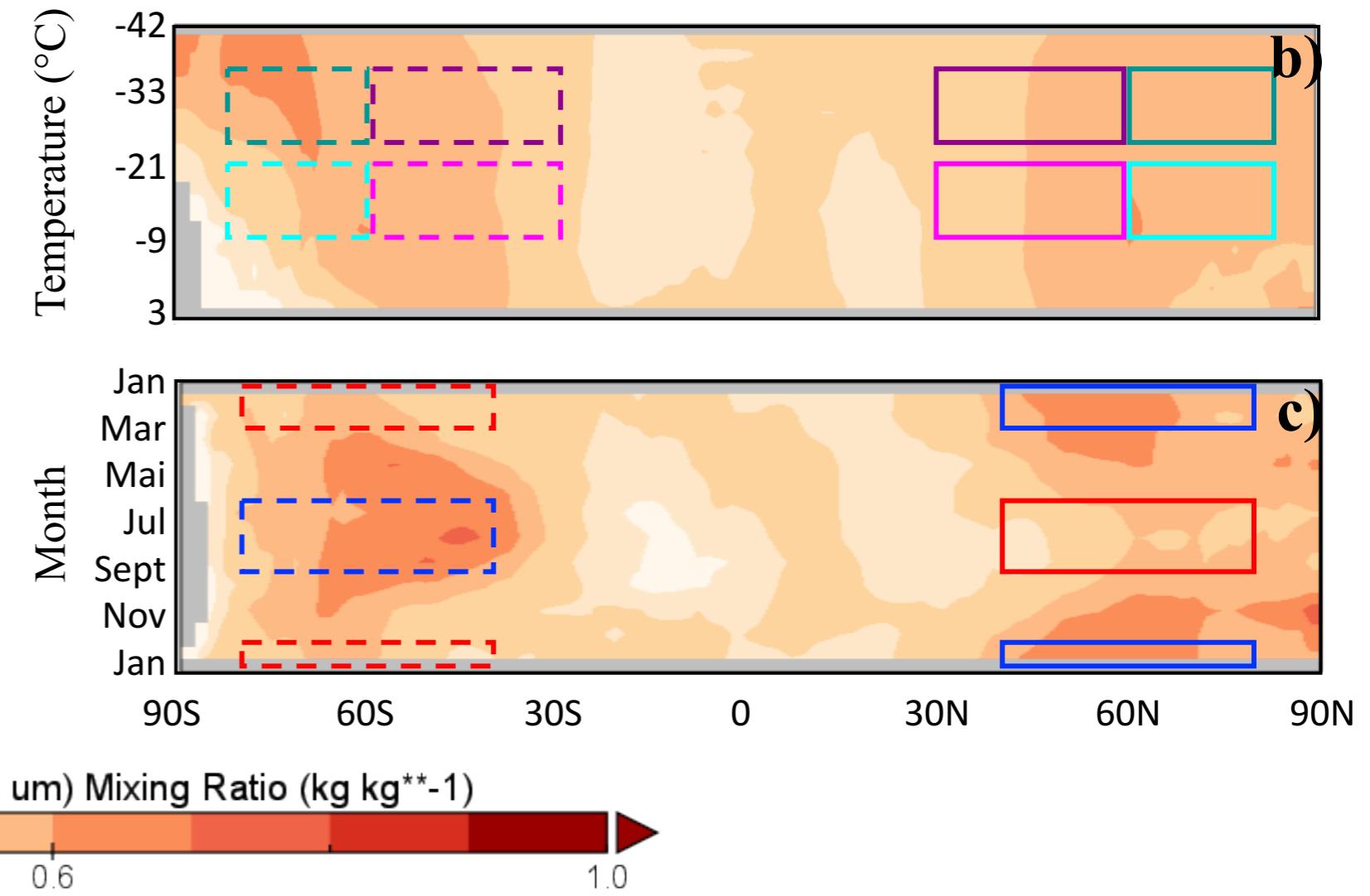
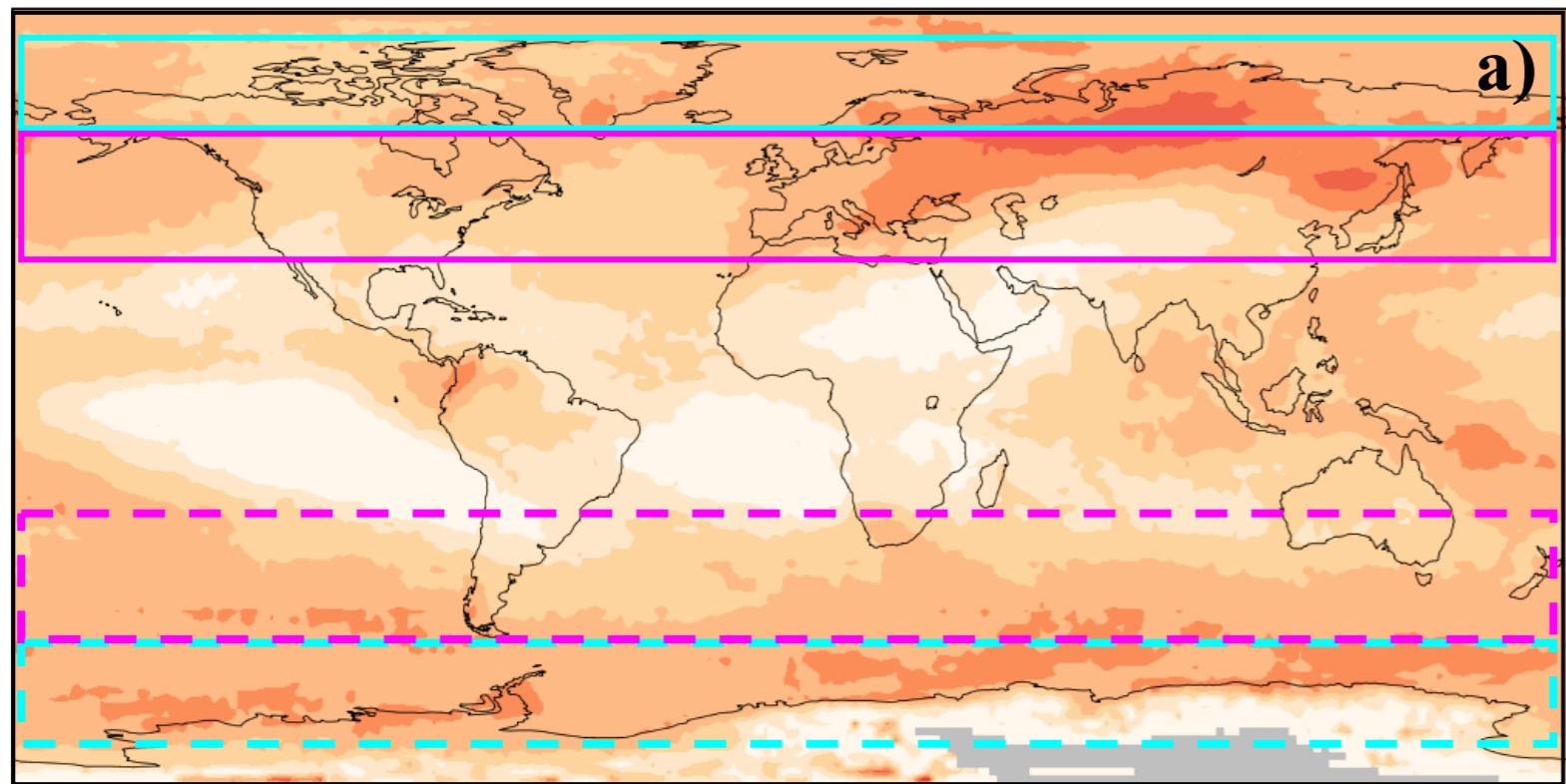




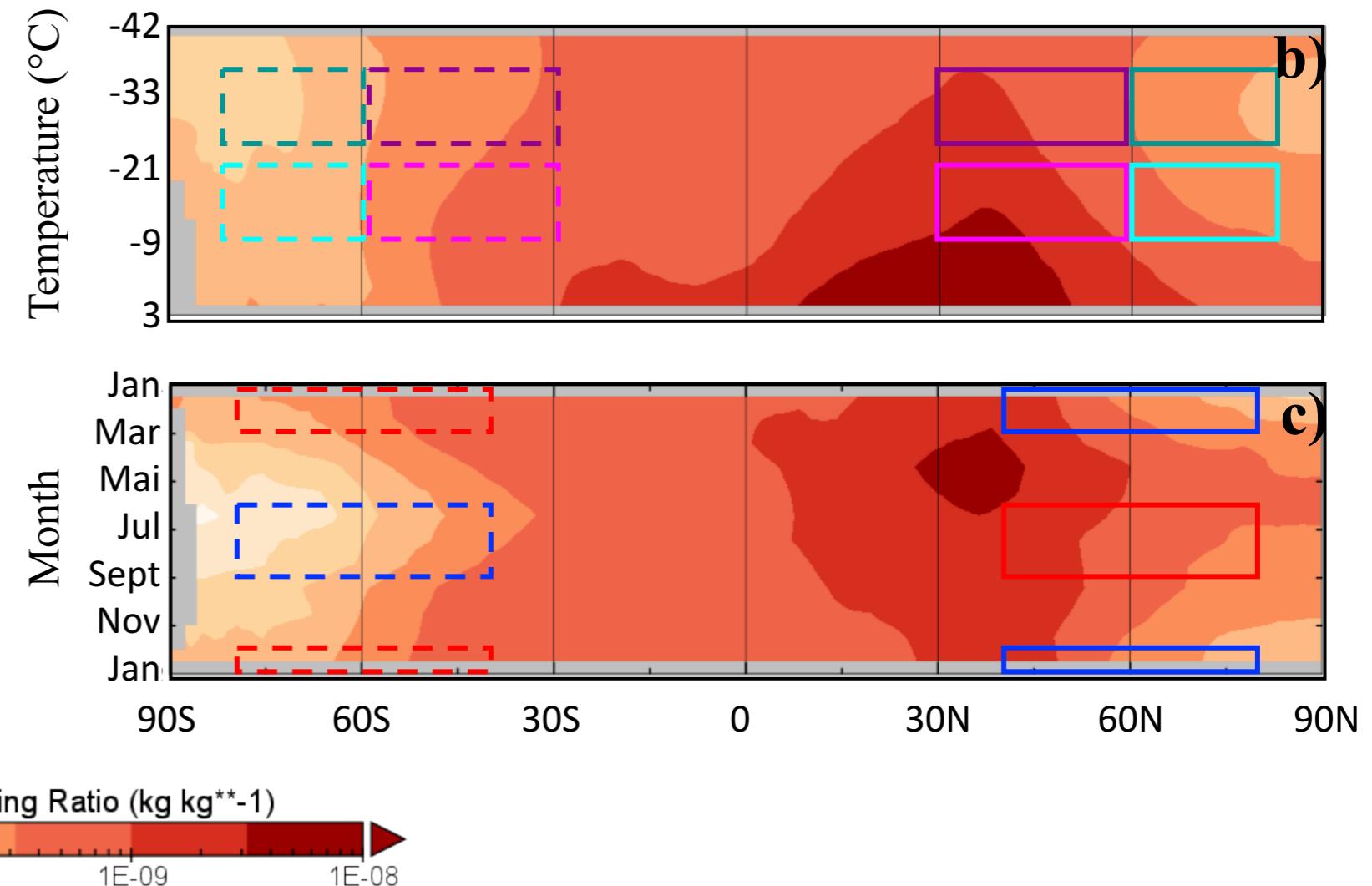
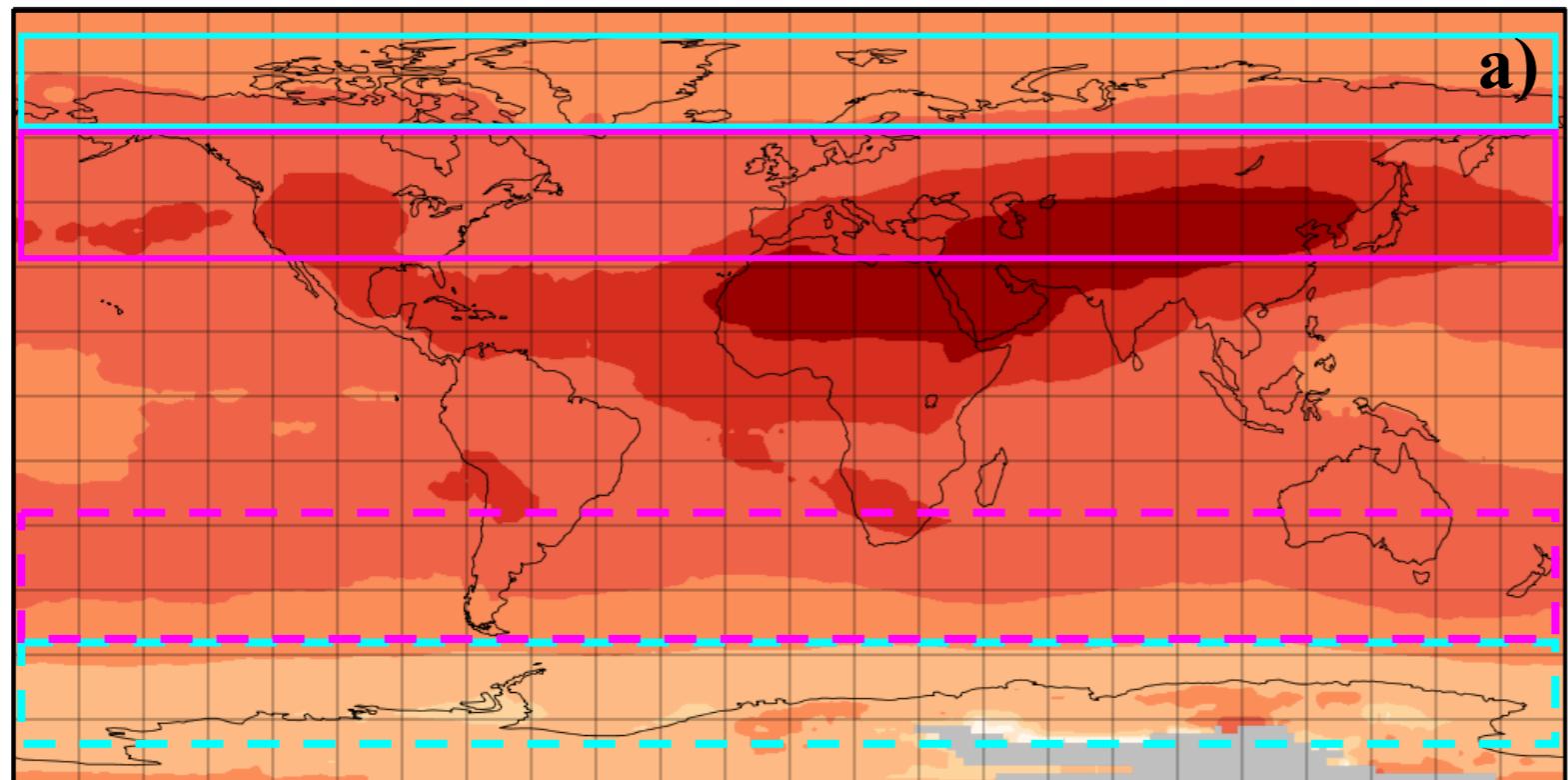
S3.  $\text{FPR}_{\text{GOCCP}} [\%]$



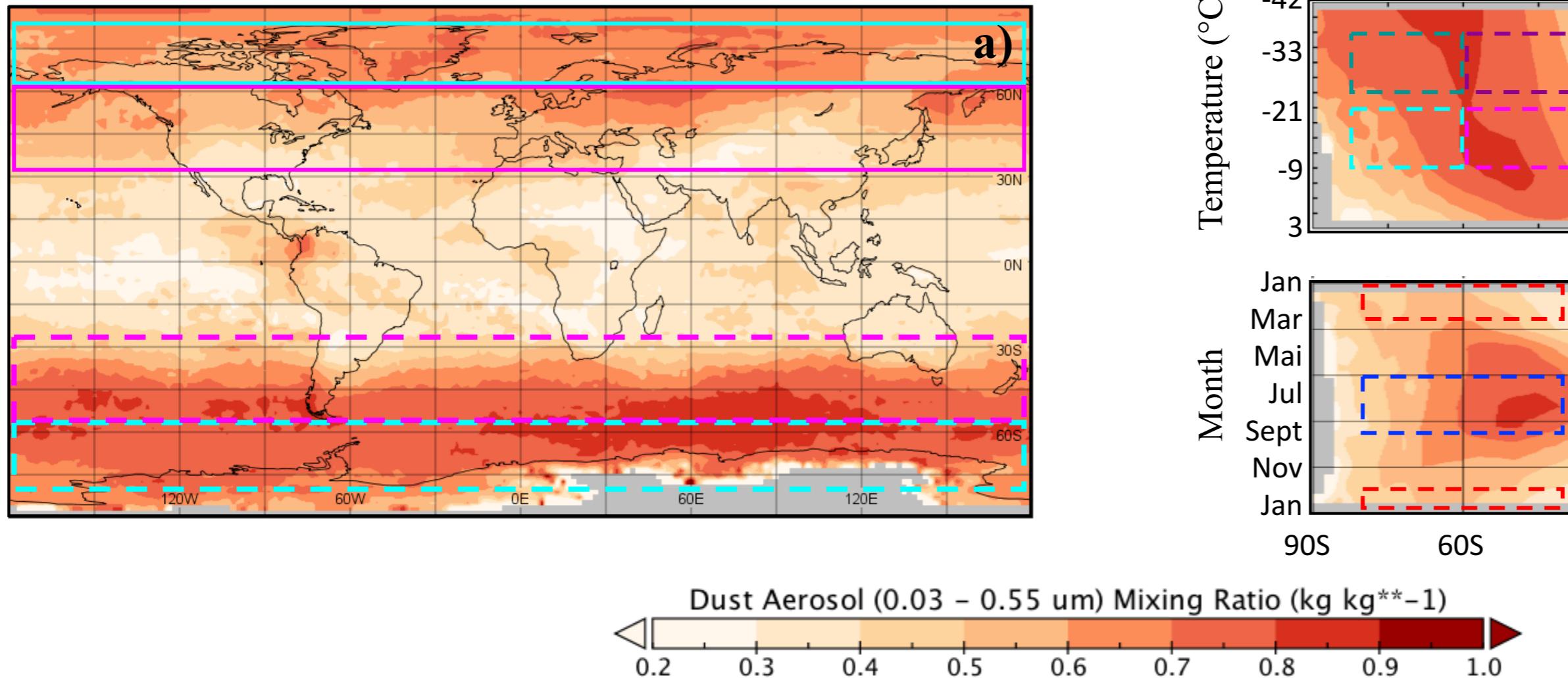
S4. MACC coarse dust [kg/kg].



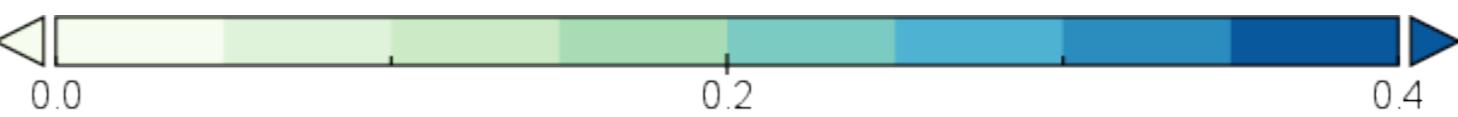
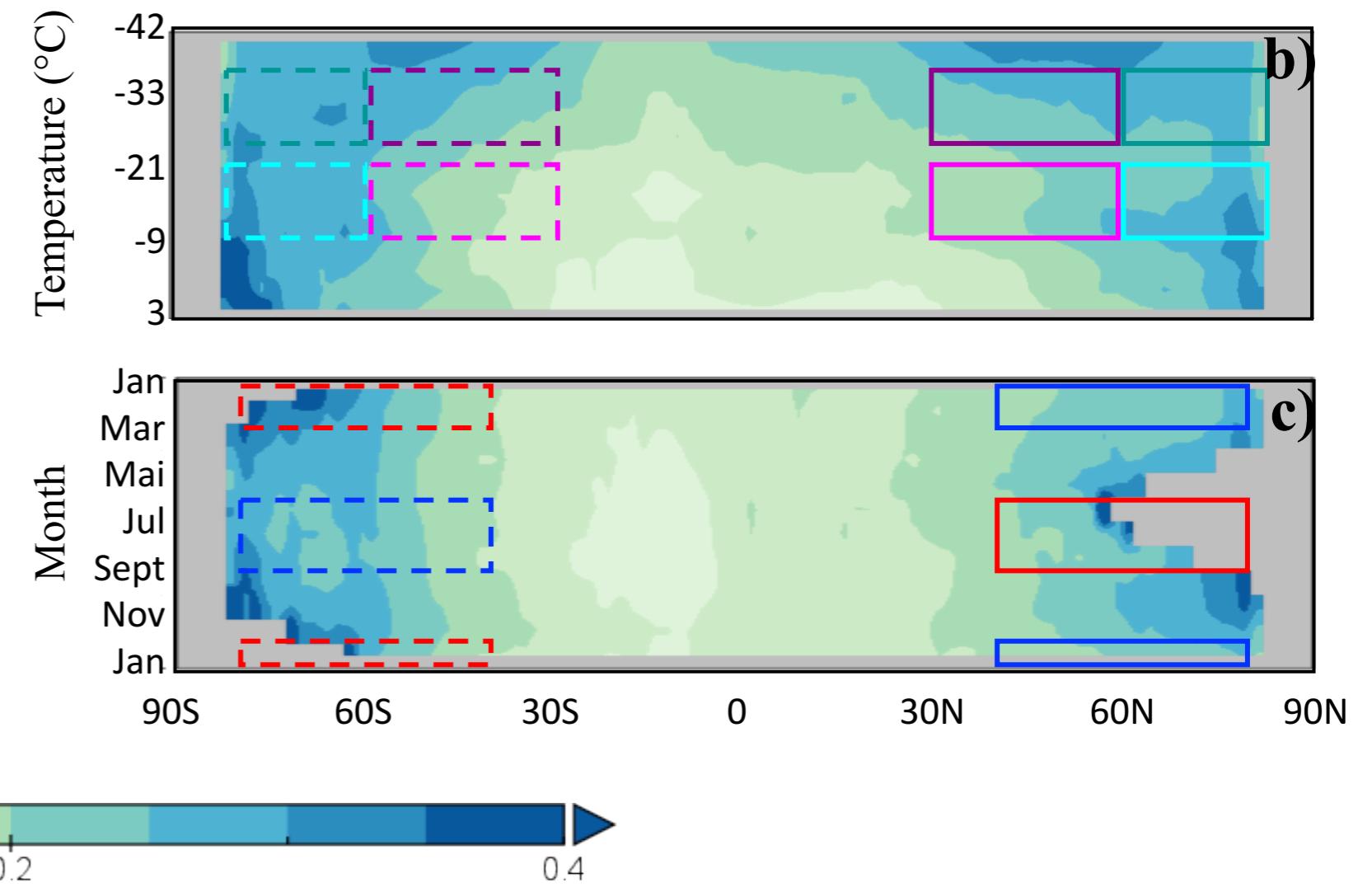
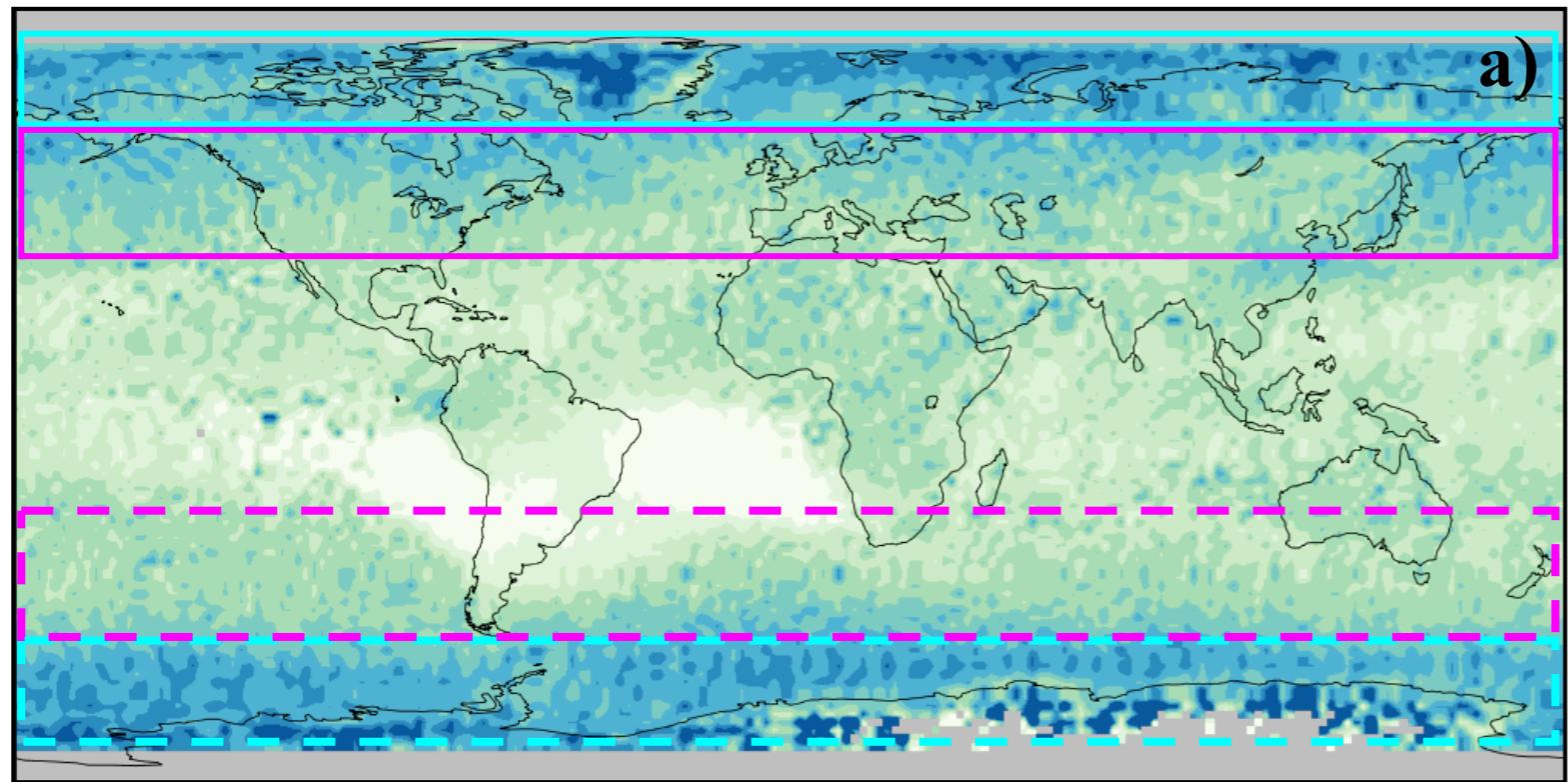
S5. Standard deviation of coarse log (dust) MACC [ $\log(\text{kg/kg})$ ].



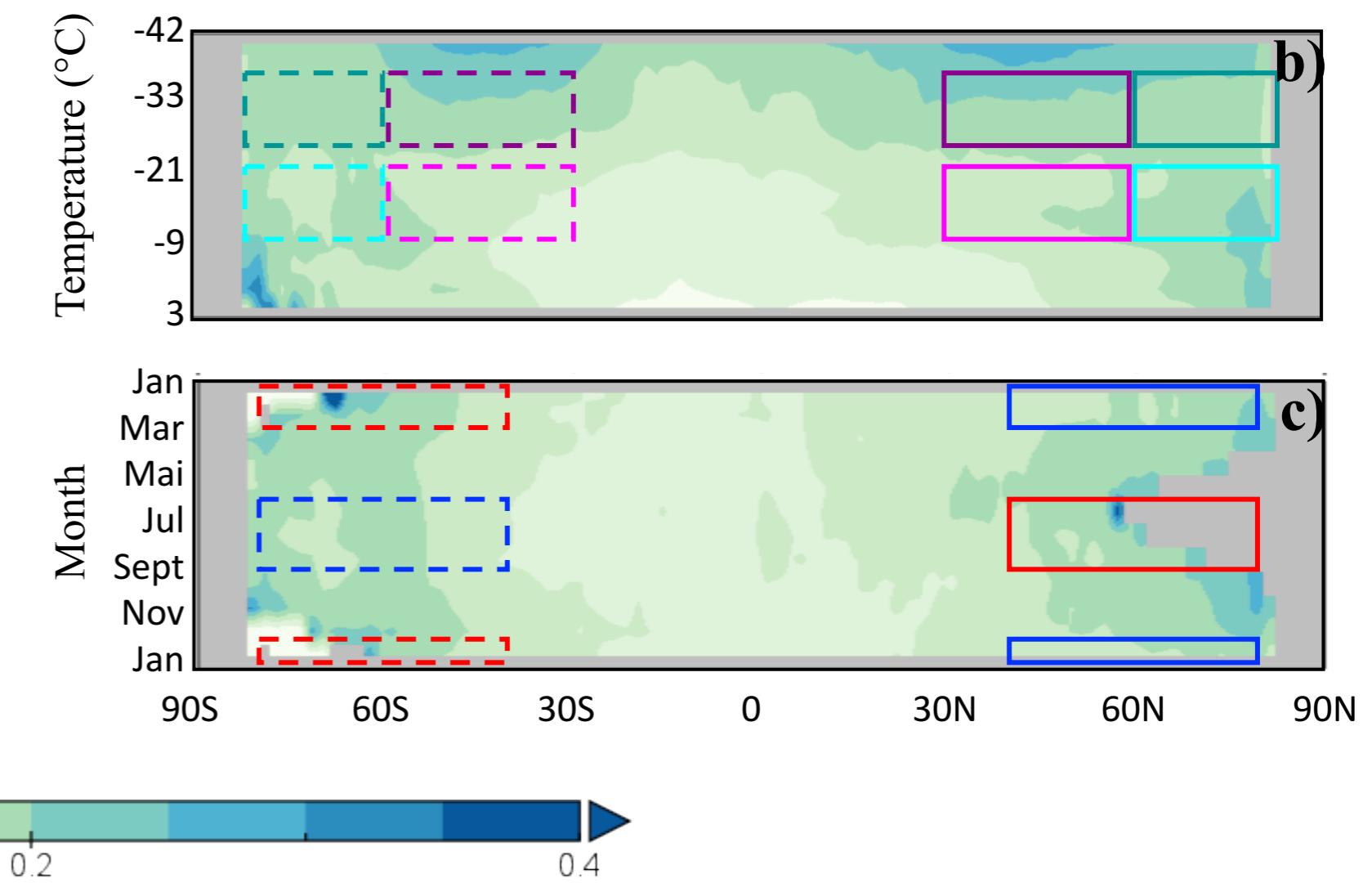
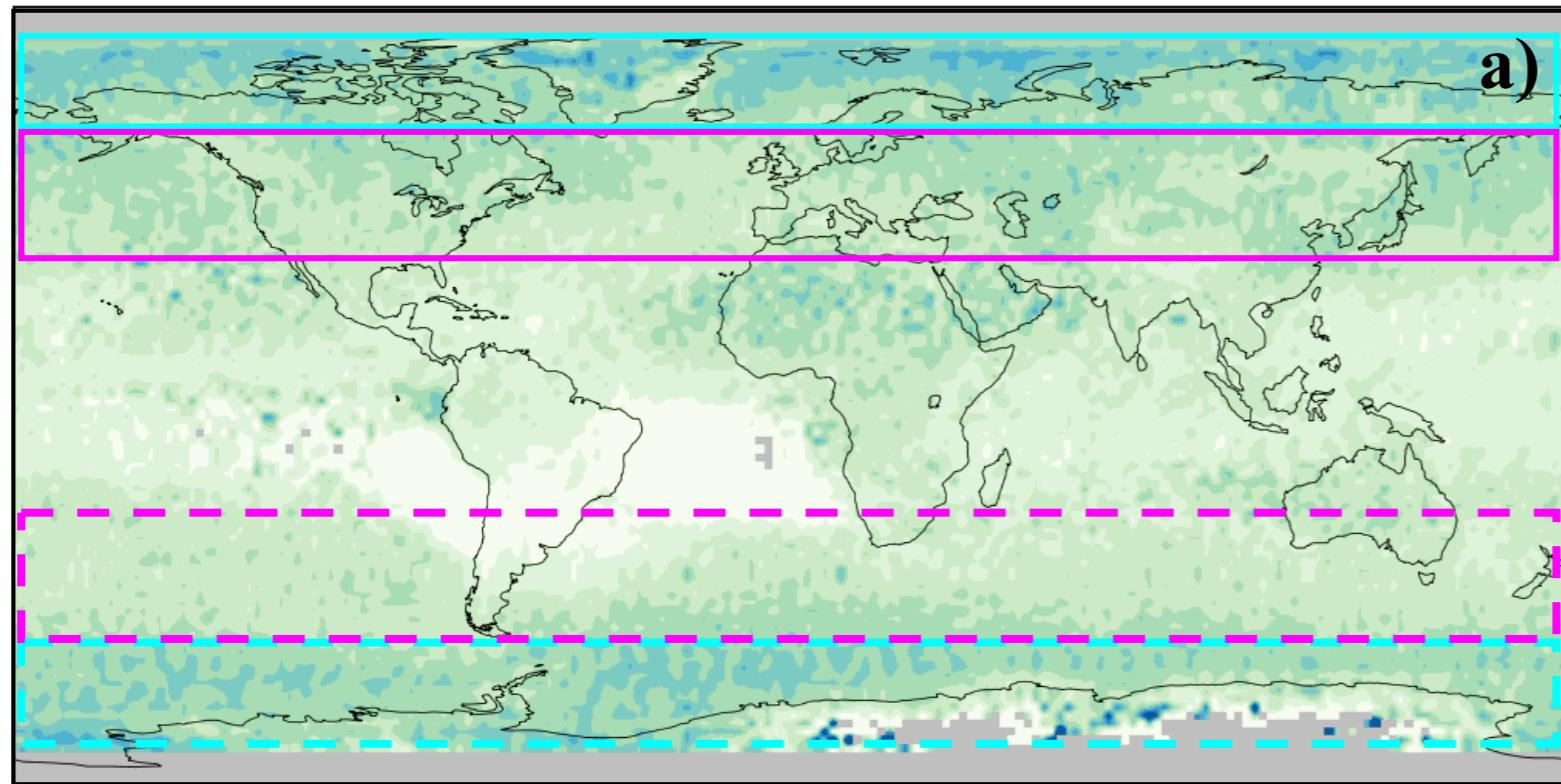
S6. MACC fine dust [kg/kg].



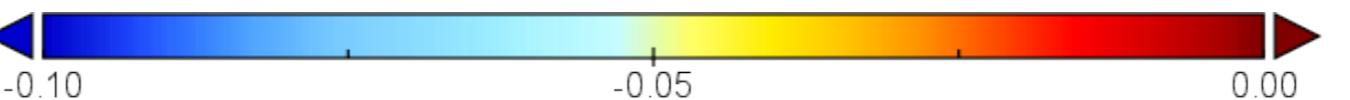
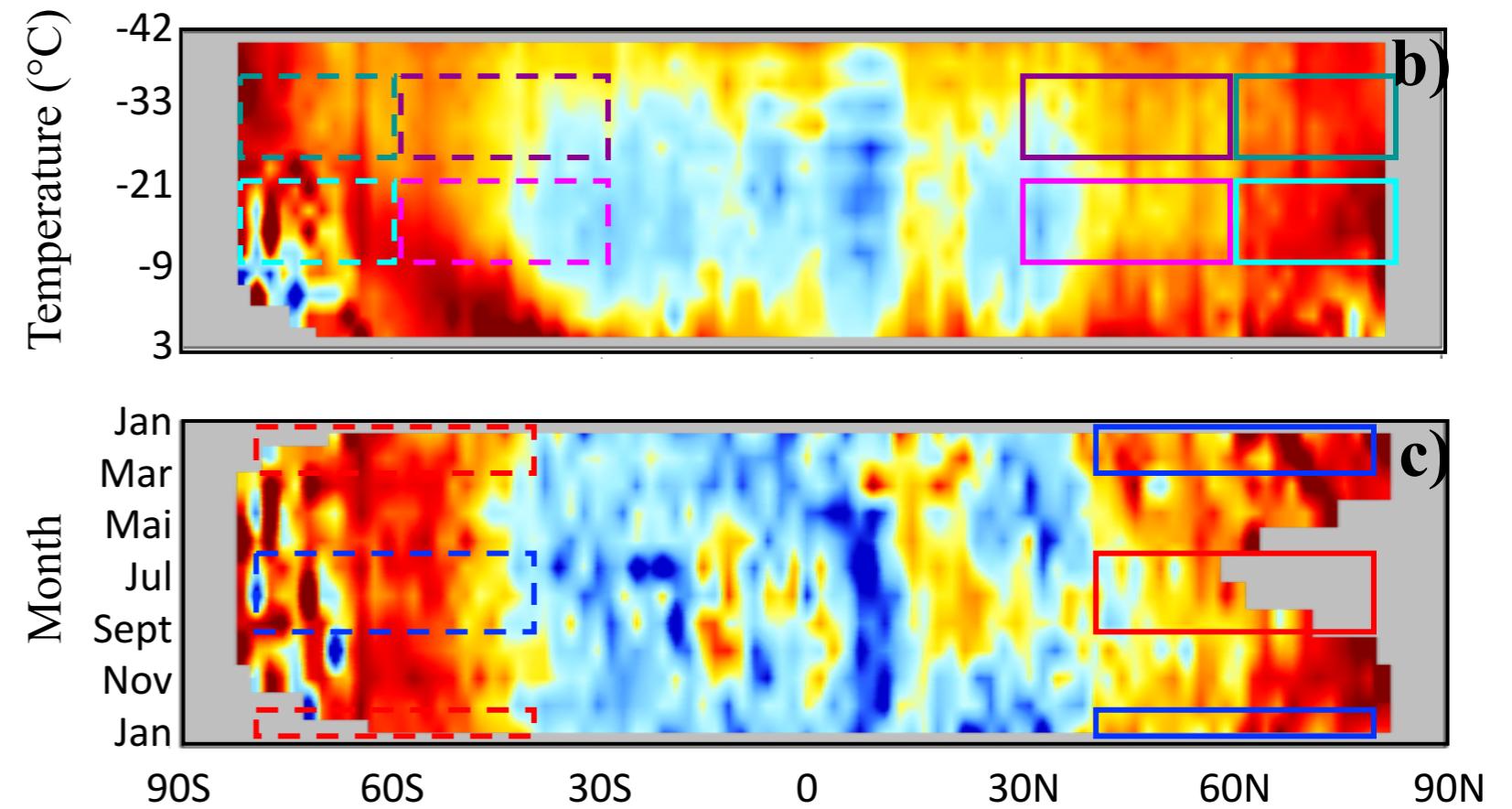
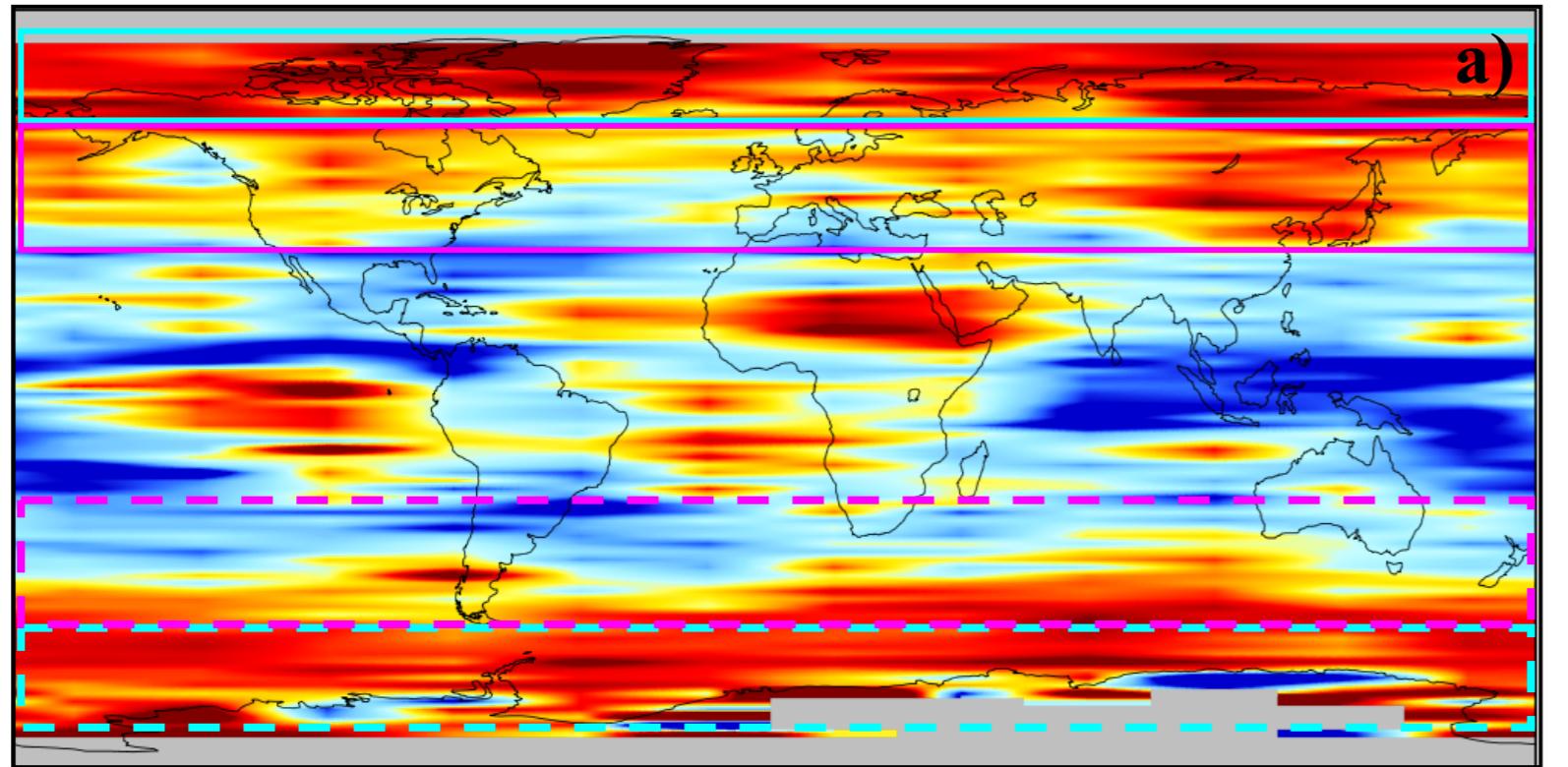
S7. Standard deviation of fine log (dust) MACC [log(kg/kg)].



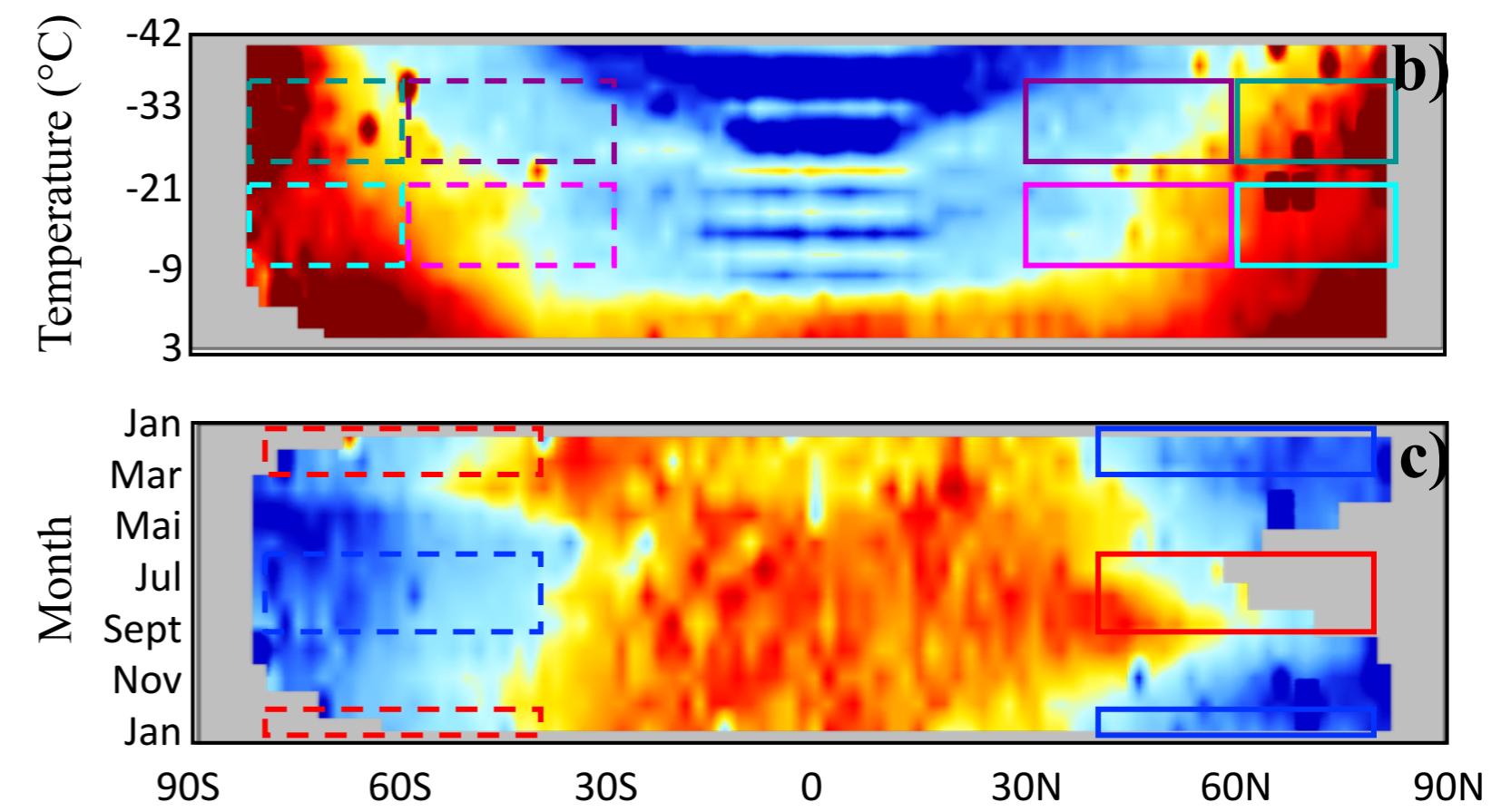
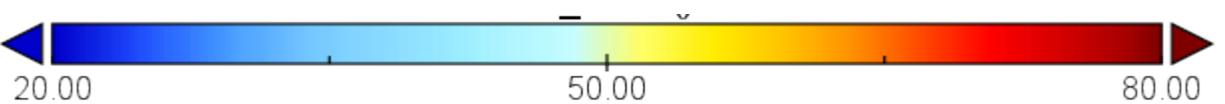
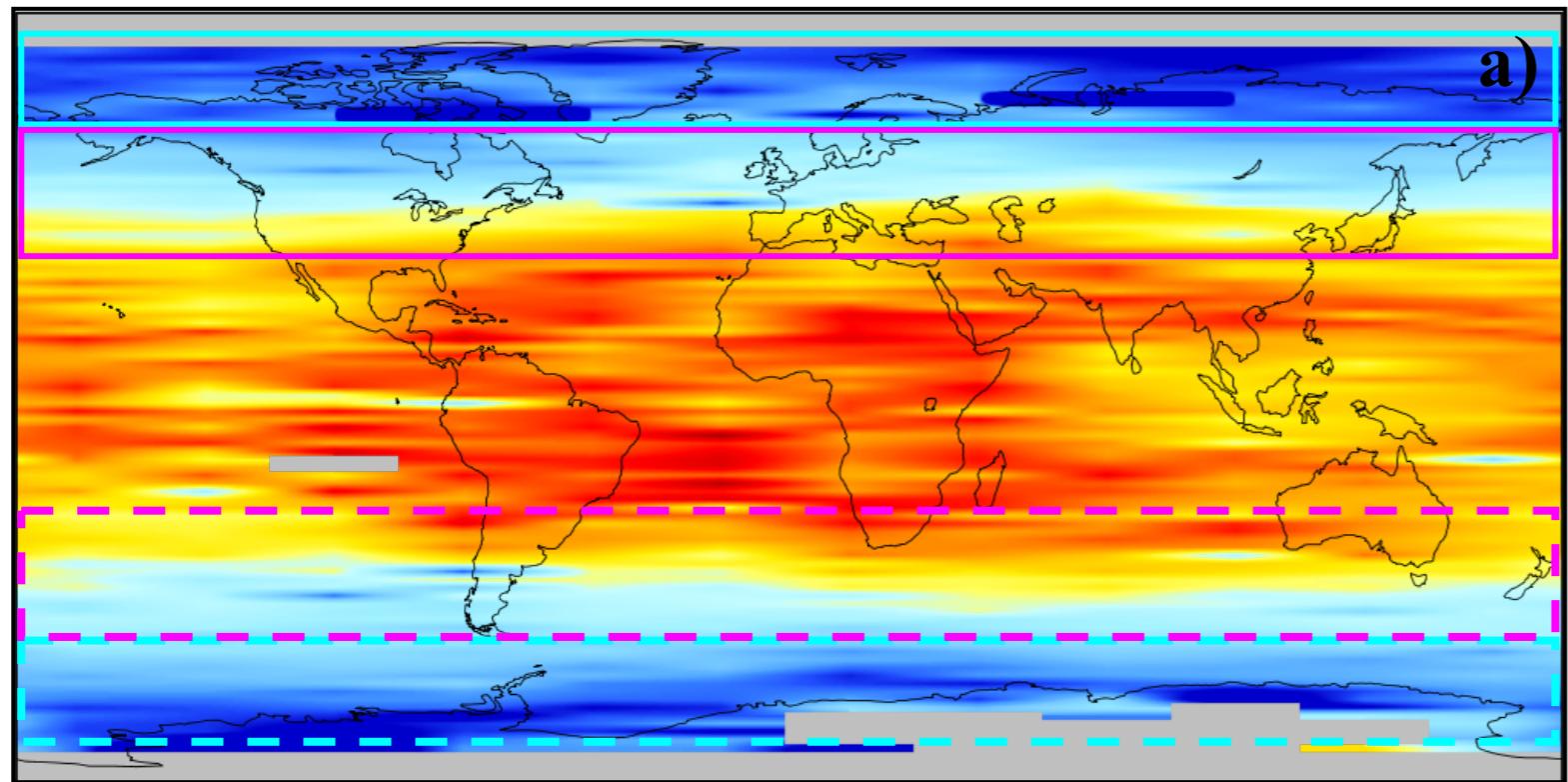
S8. Cloud volume fraction [%].



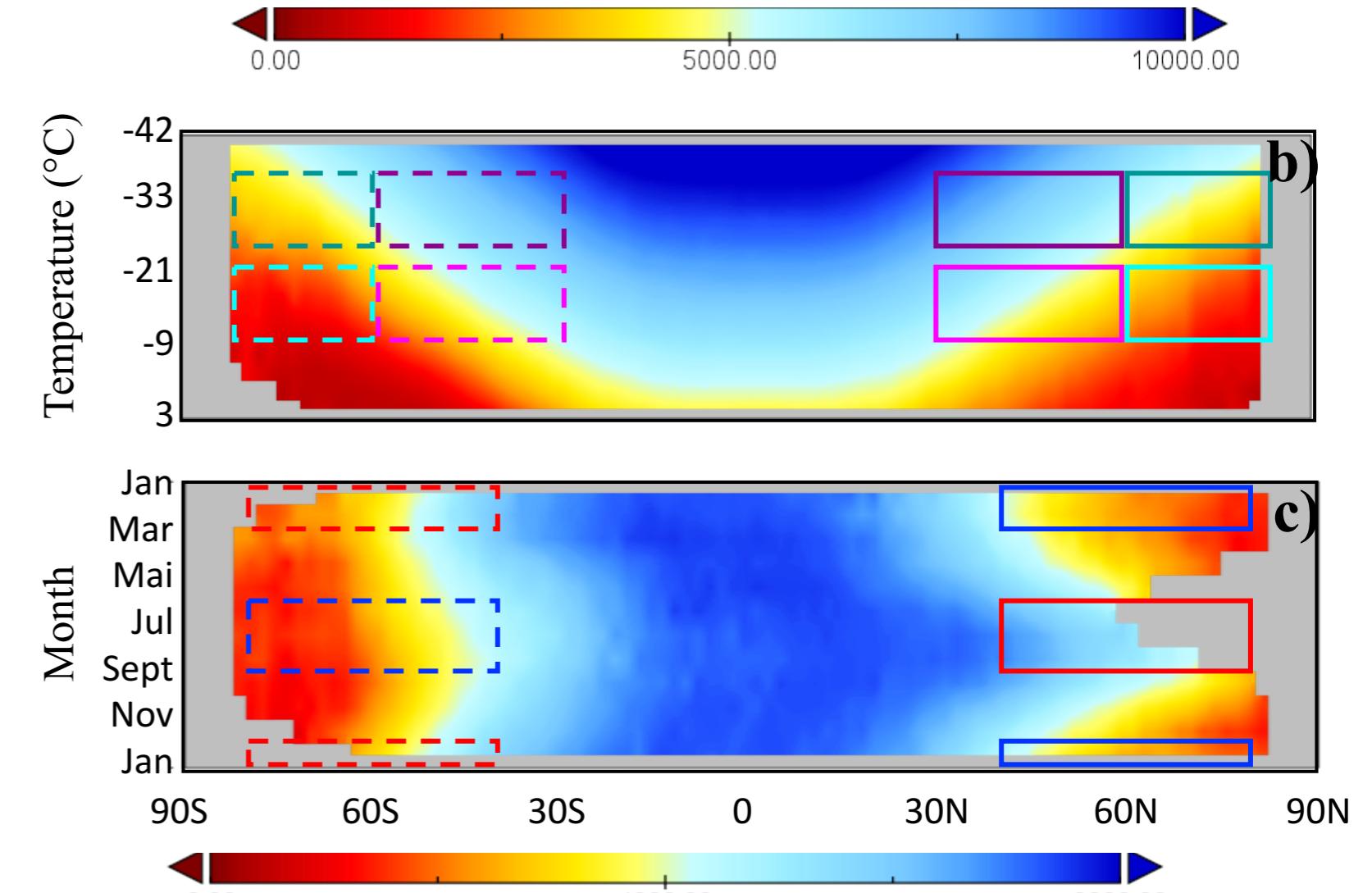
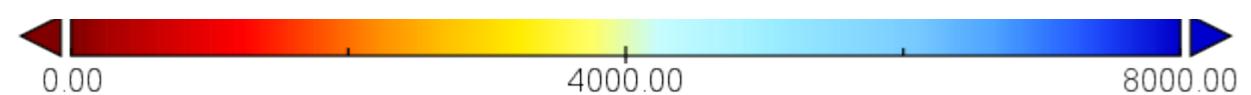
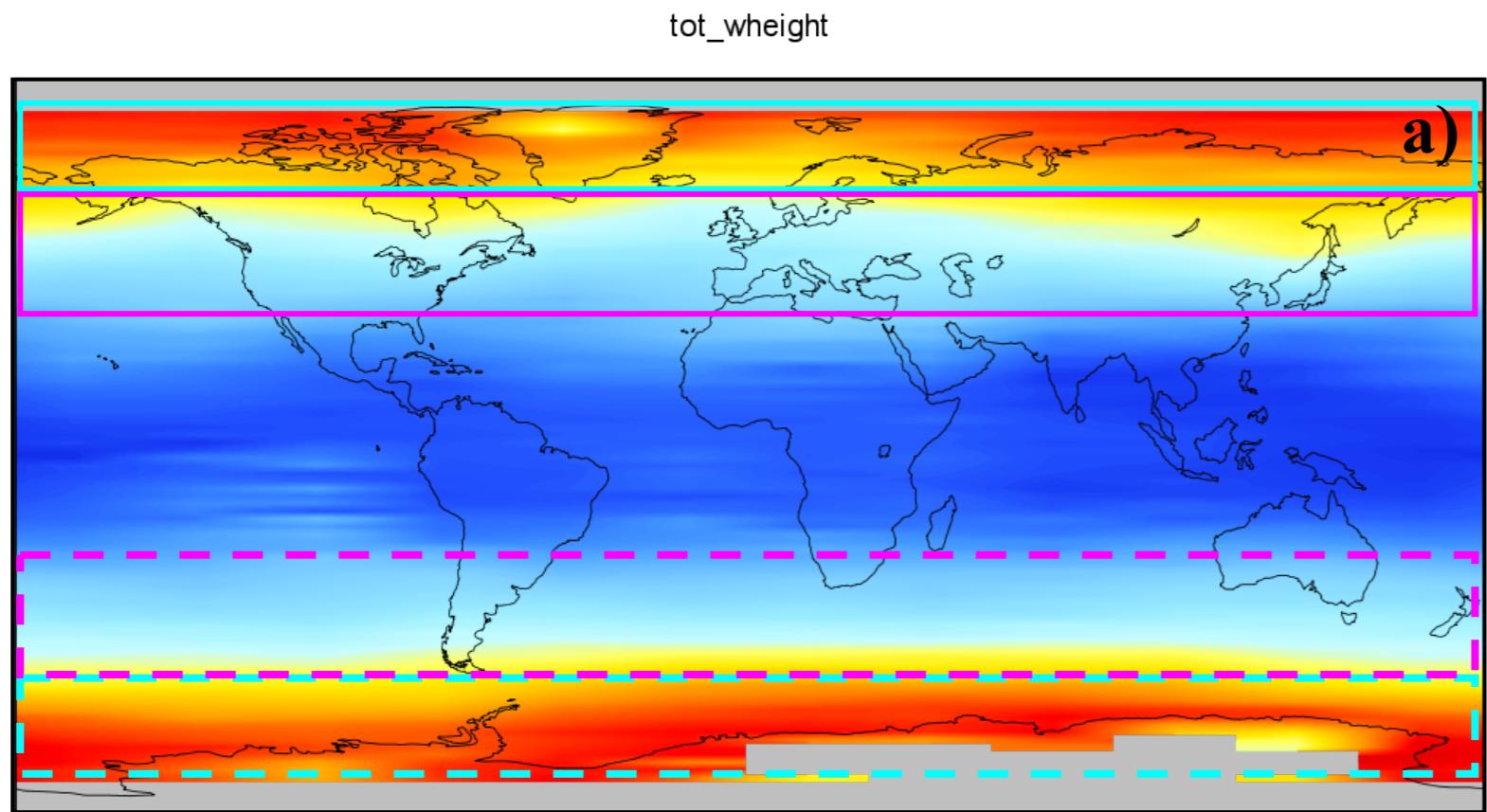
S9. Stratiform cloud volume fraction [%].



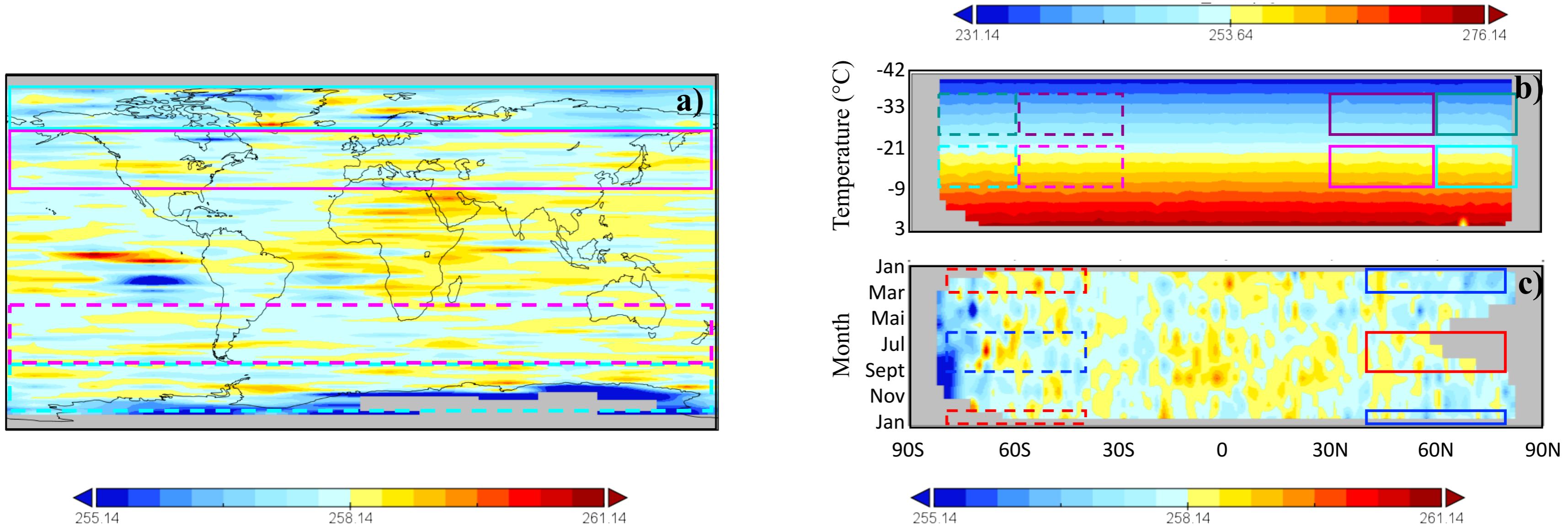
S10. MACC vertical velocity [Pa/s] for stratiform clouds.



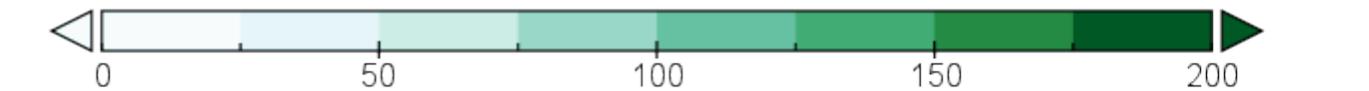
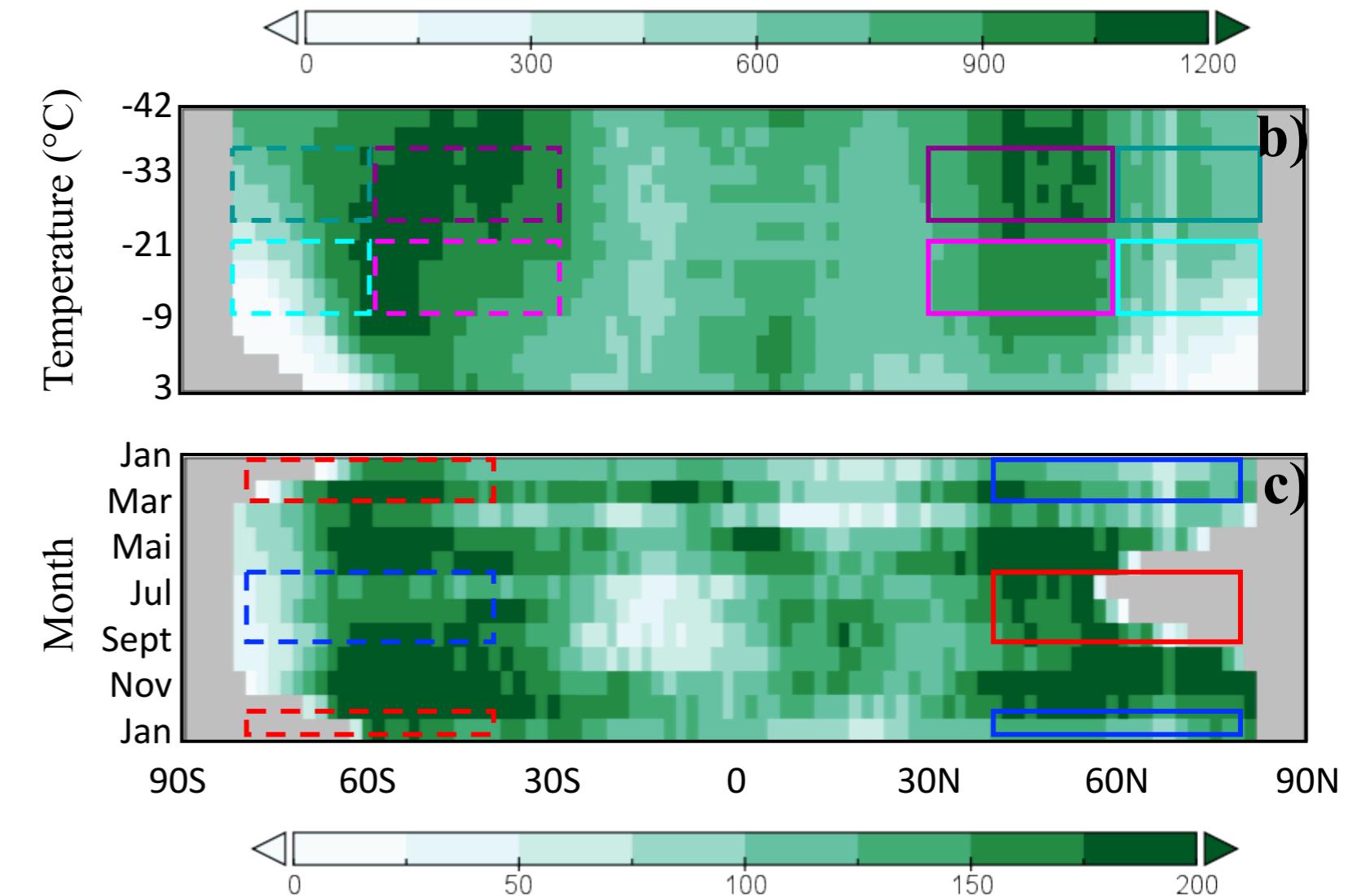
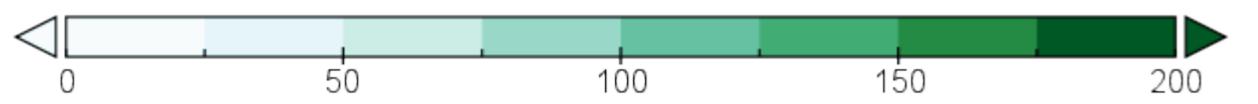
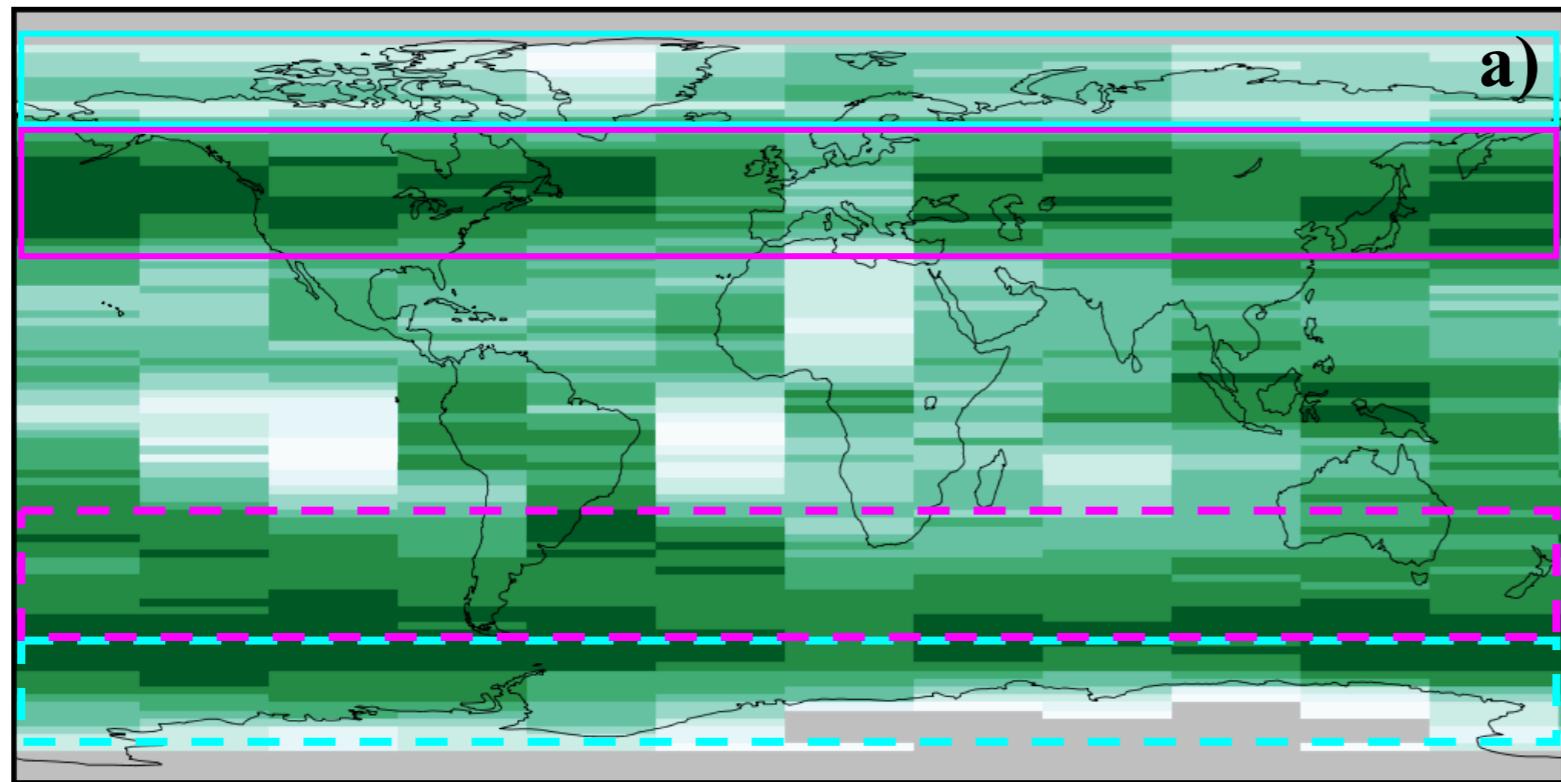
S11. MACC relative humidity [%] for stratiform clouds.



S12. ECMWF-AUX isotherm height [m] for stratiform clouds.



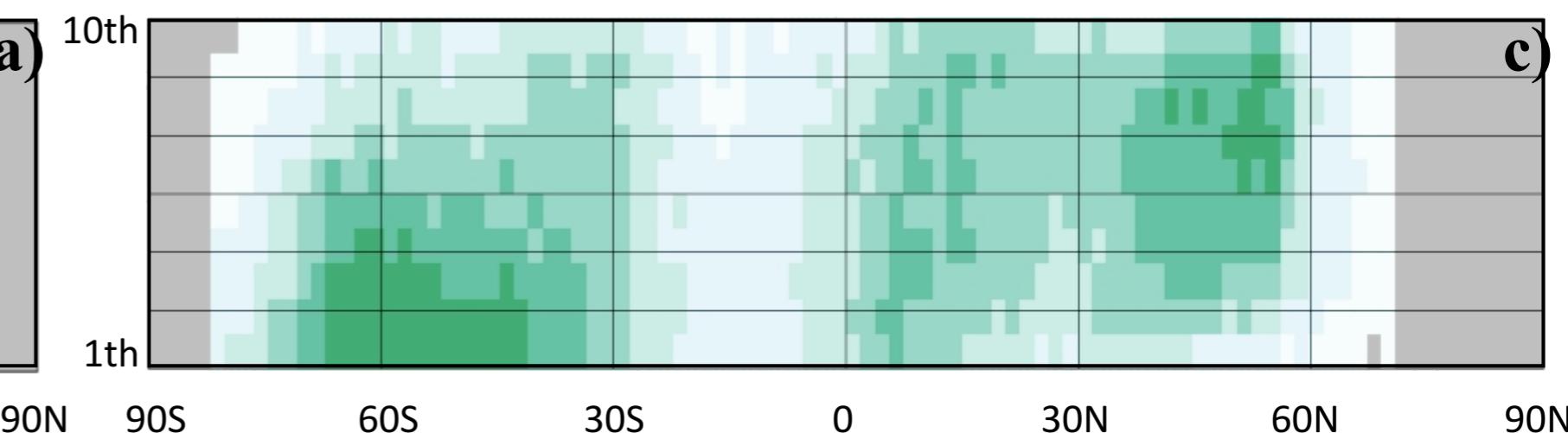
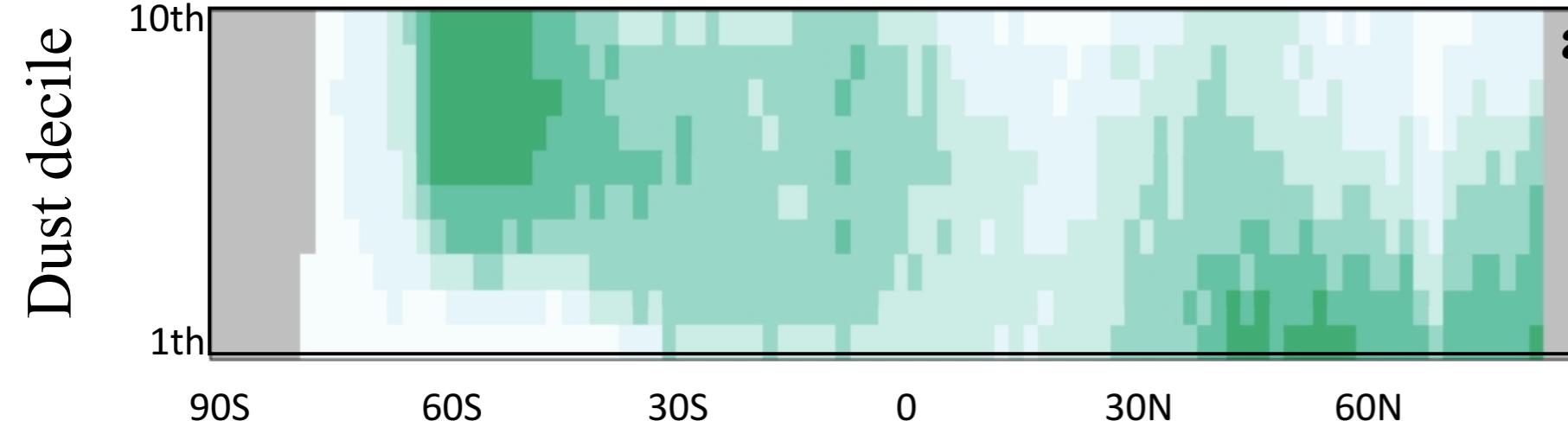
S13. ECMWF-AUX temperature [K] for stratiform clouds.



S14. Sample size of stratiform clouds [`#gridboxes(month, dust decile, temperature, latitude, longitude)`].

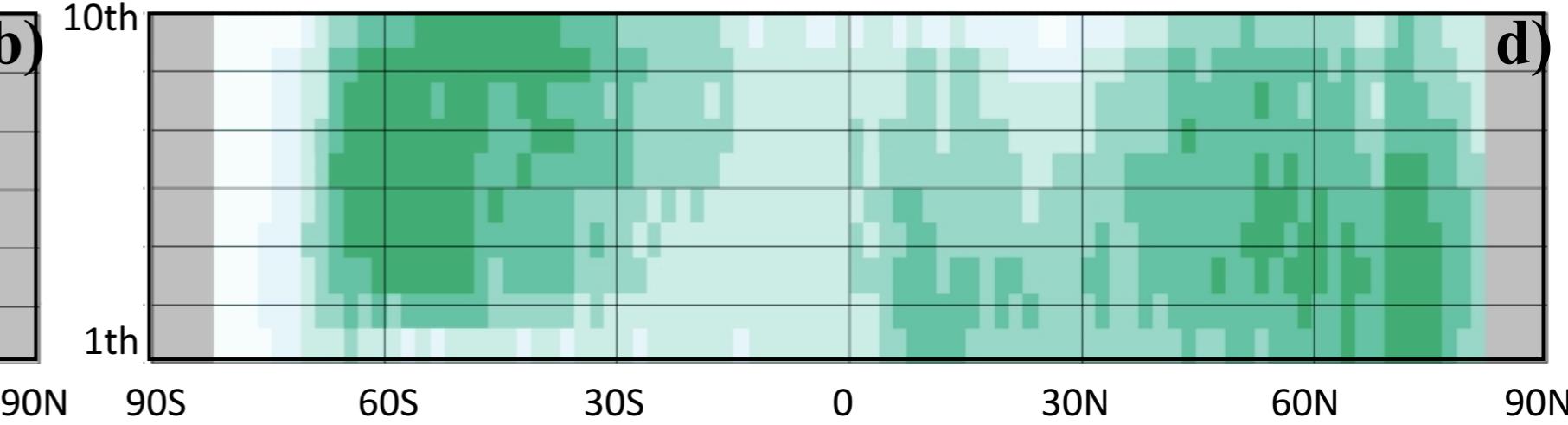
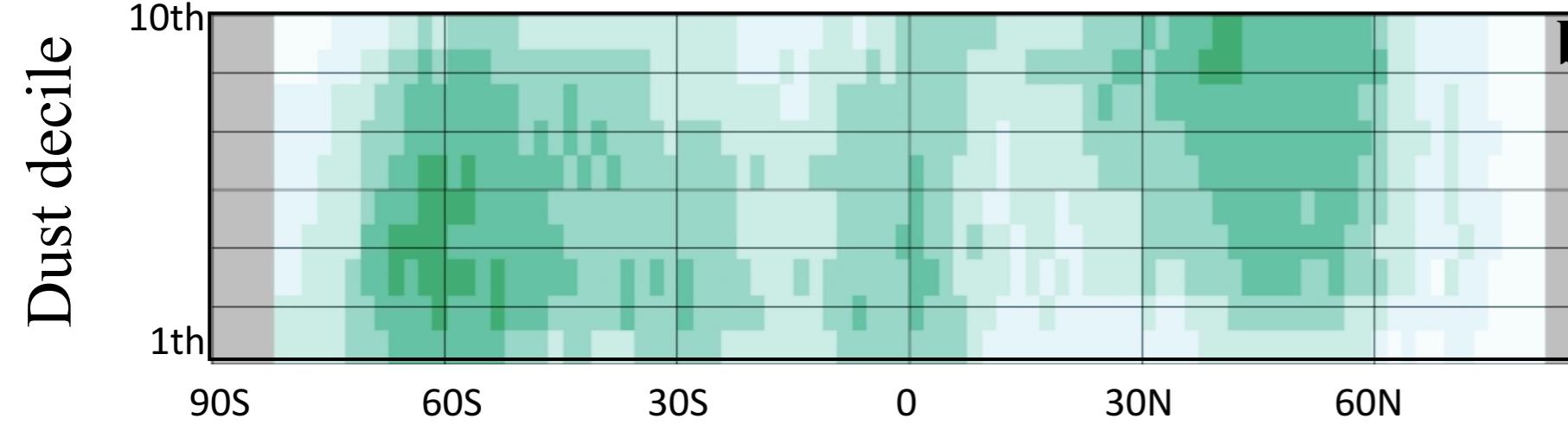
**DJF**

**JJA**

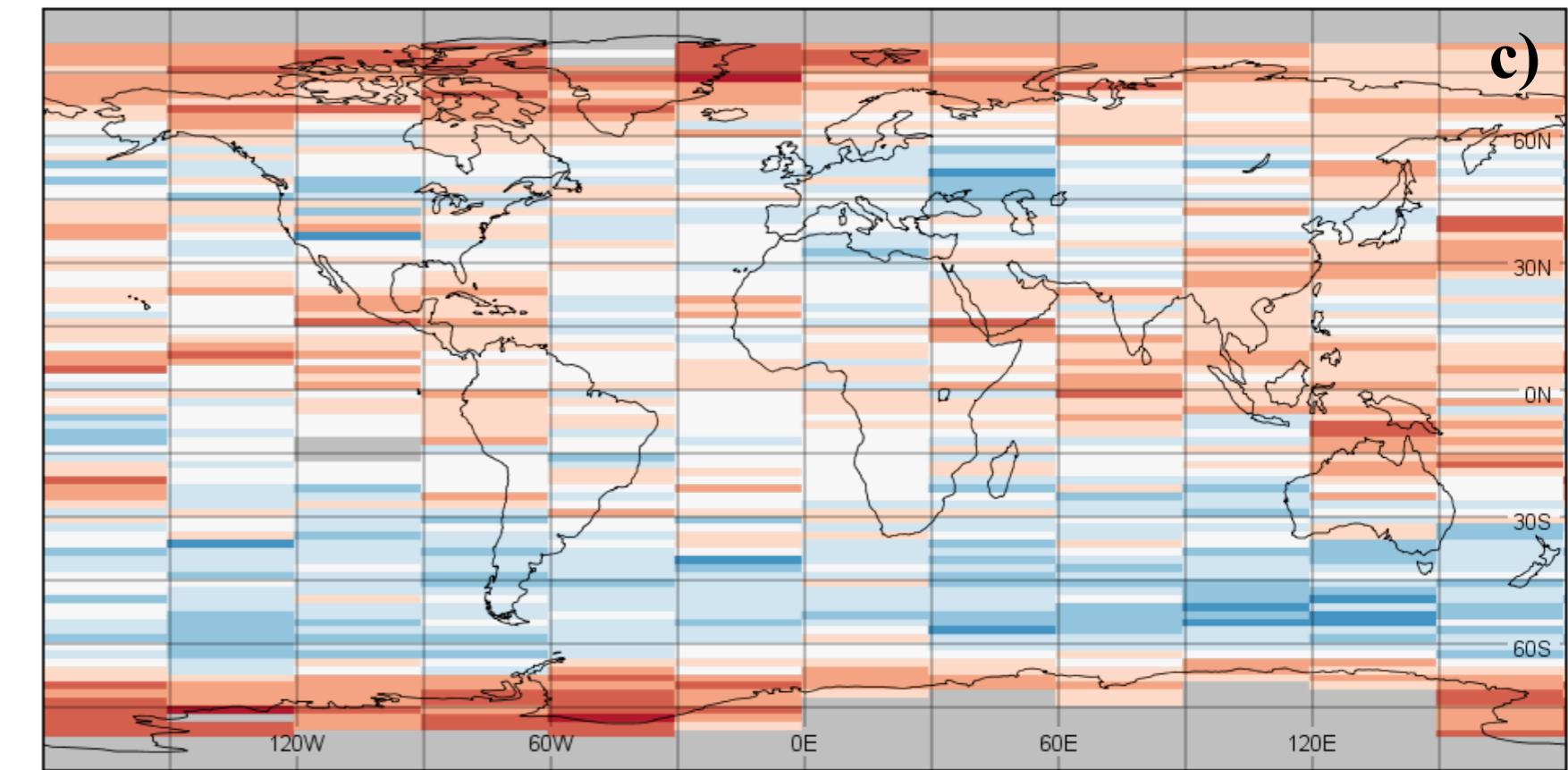
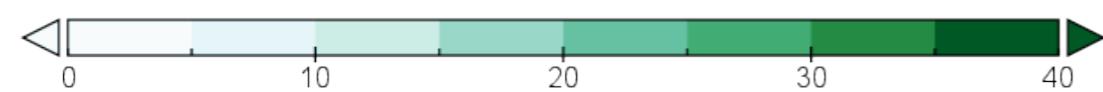
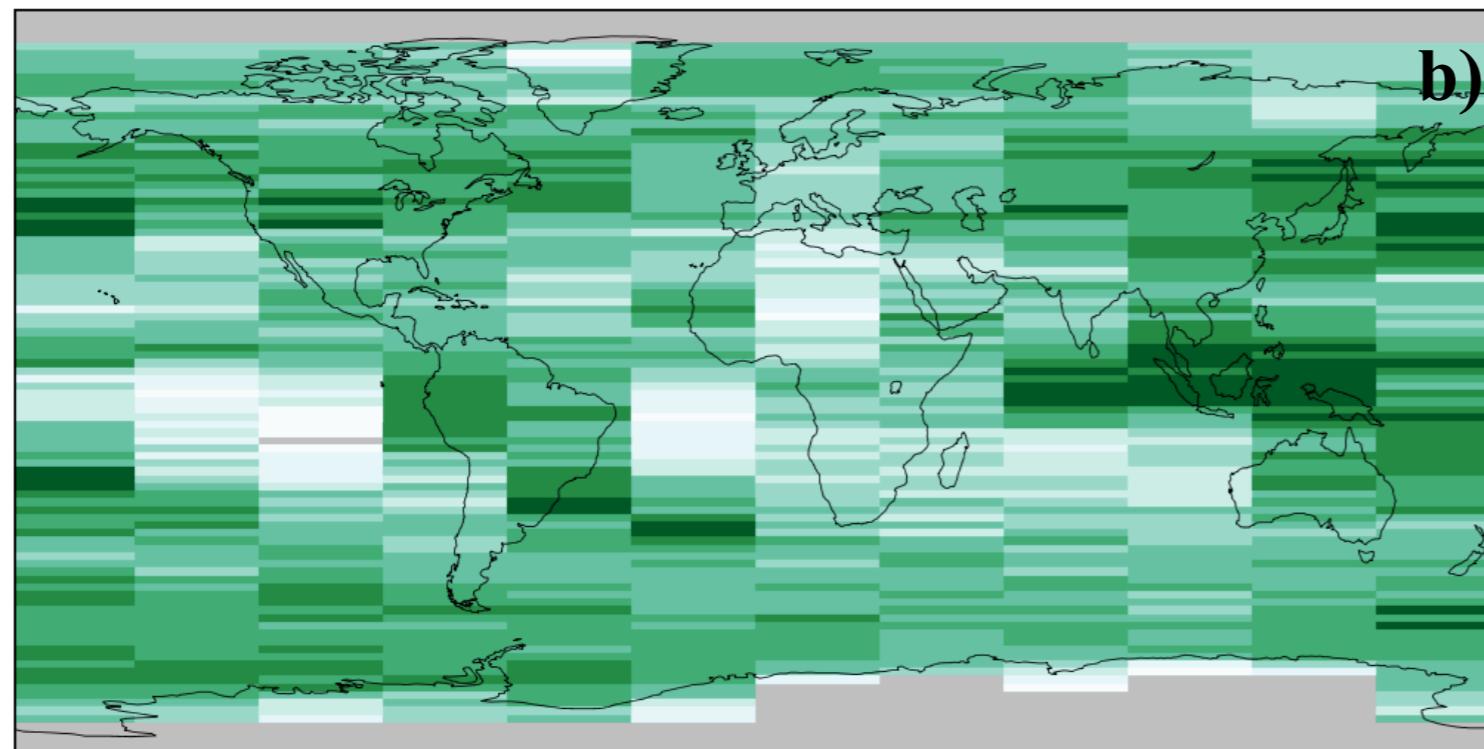
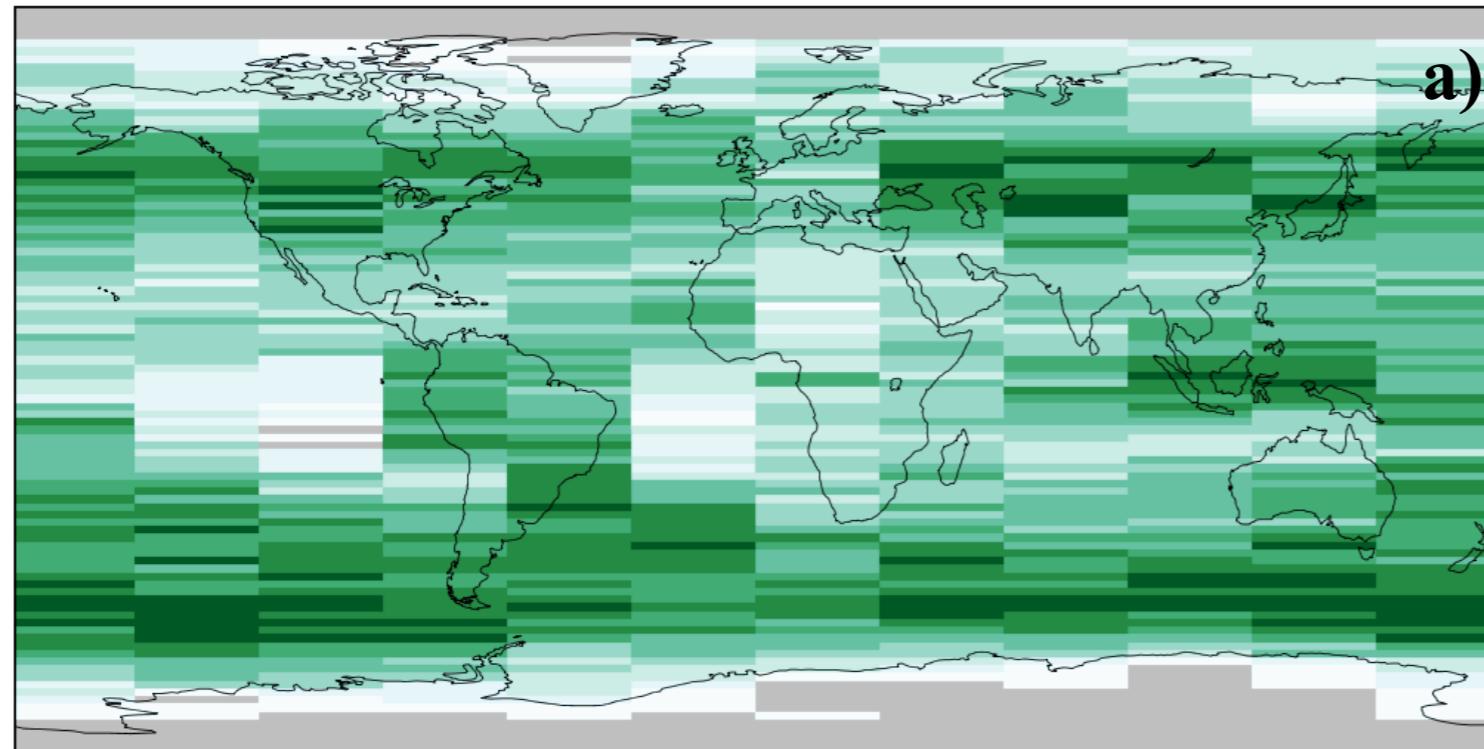


**MMA**

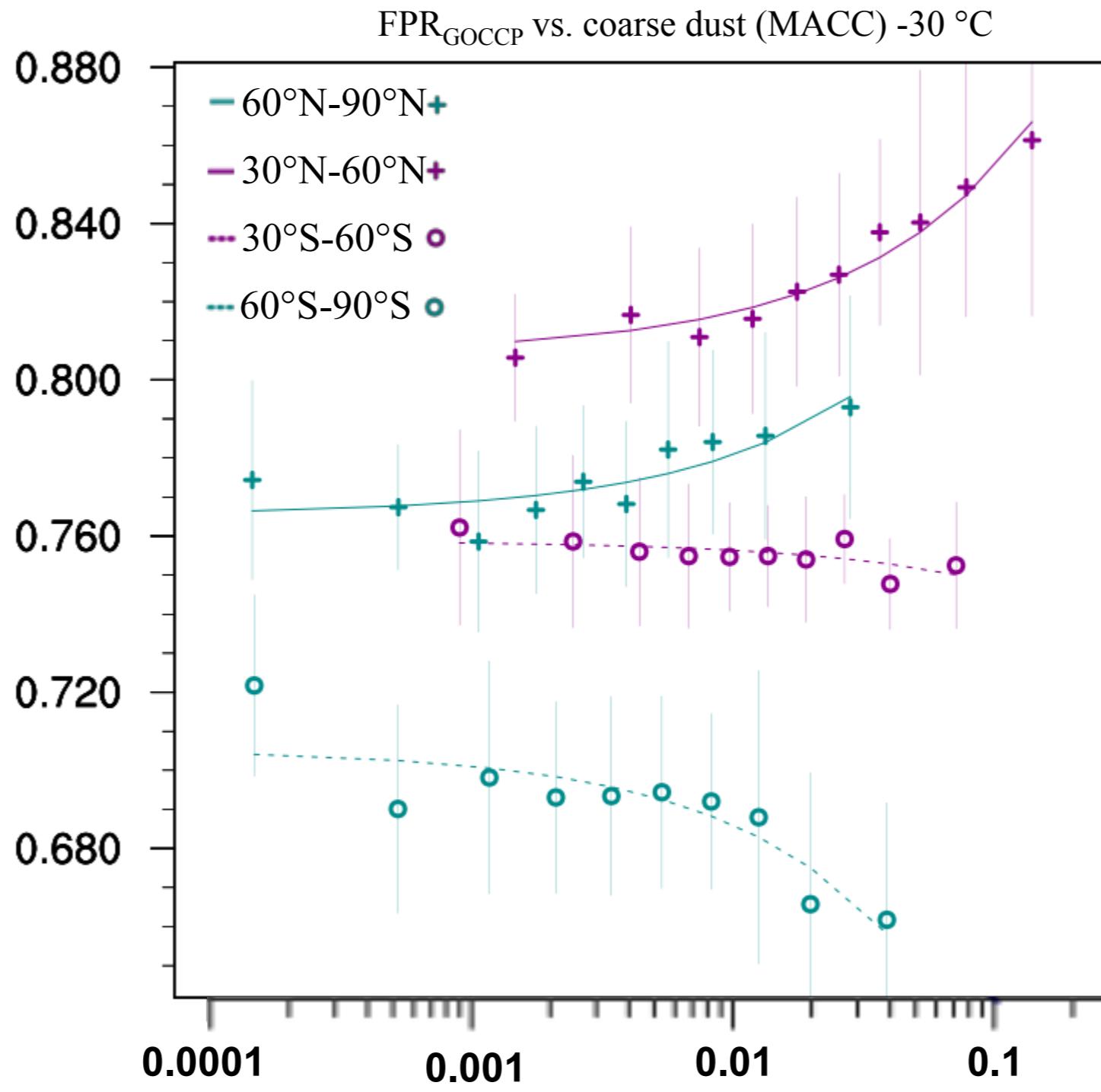
**SON**



S15. Sample size of stratiform clouds [#gridboxes(month, dust decile, temperature, latitude, longitude)] for different seasons.

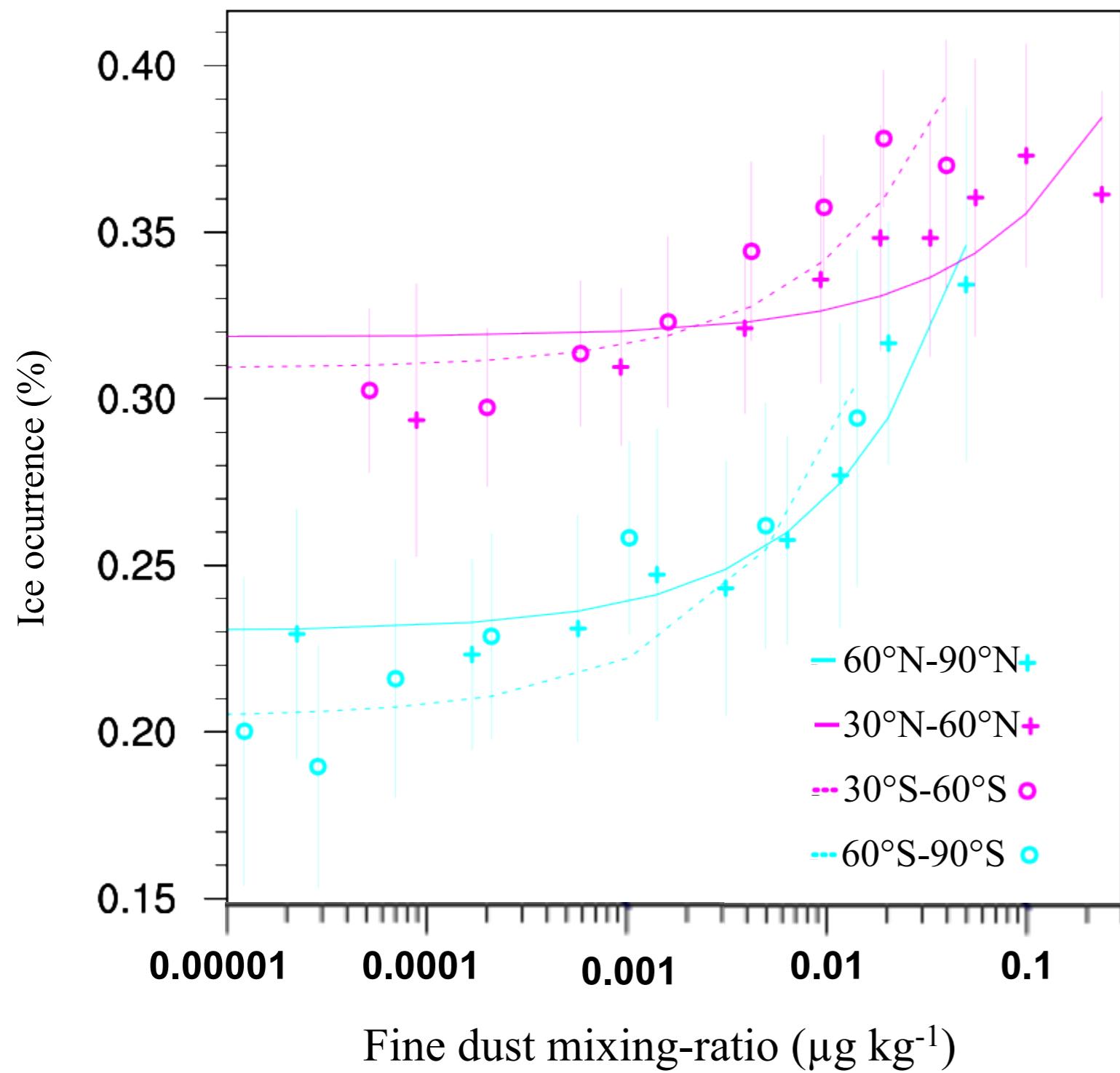


S16. Sample size for a) highest fine dust decile b) lowest fine dust decile. c) difference between highest and lowest decile.

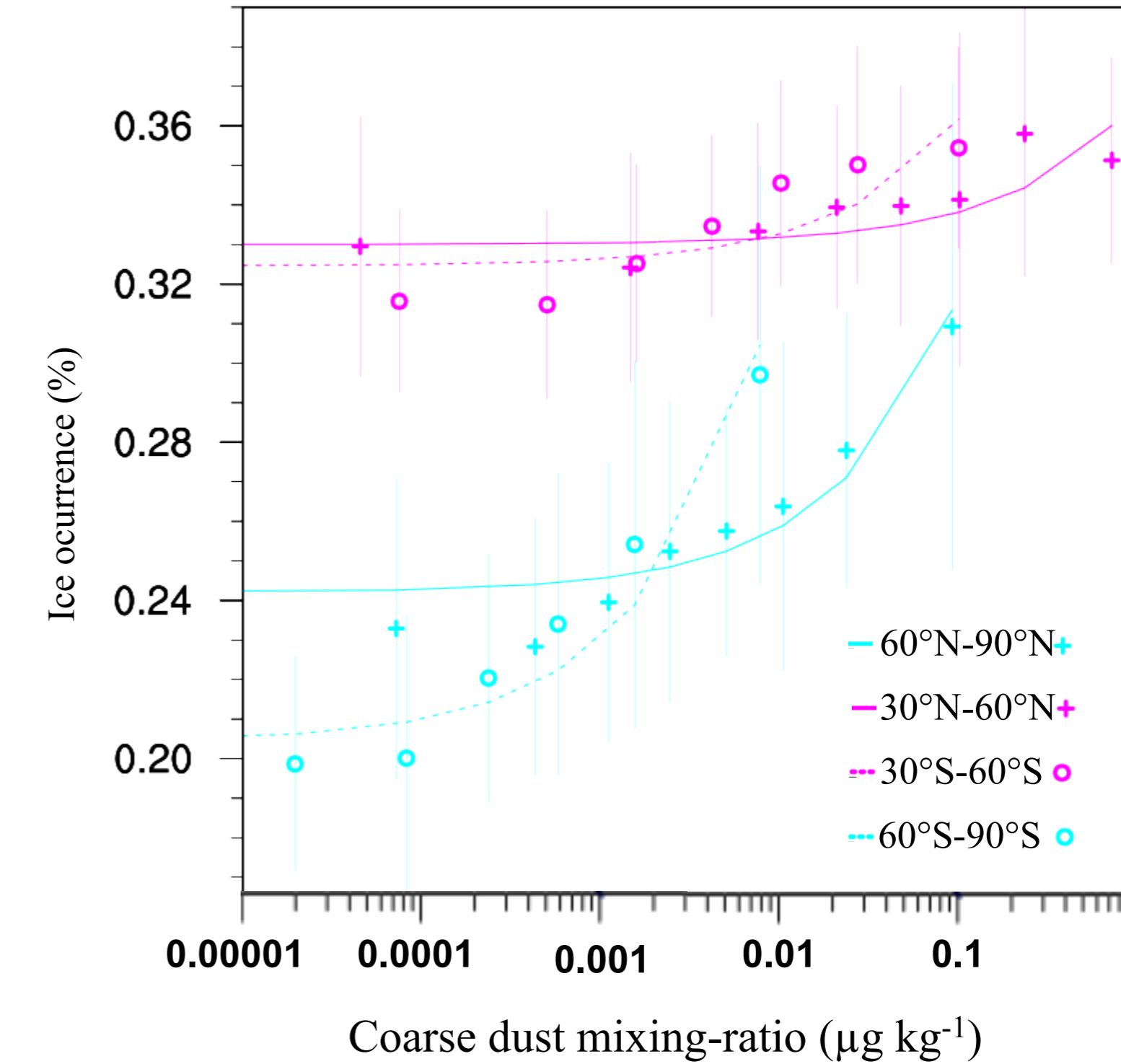


S17. FPR<sub>GOCCP</sub> for the different coarse dust mixing-ratio deciles from the MACC reanalysis at -30°C (12 K range), 2007-2010.

FPR<sub>GOCCP</sub> vs. fine dust (CAMS) -15 °C

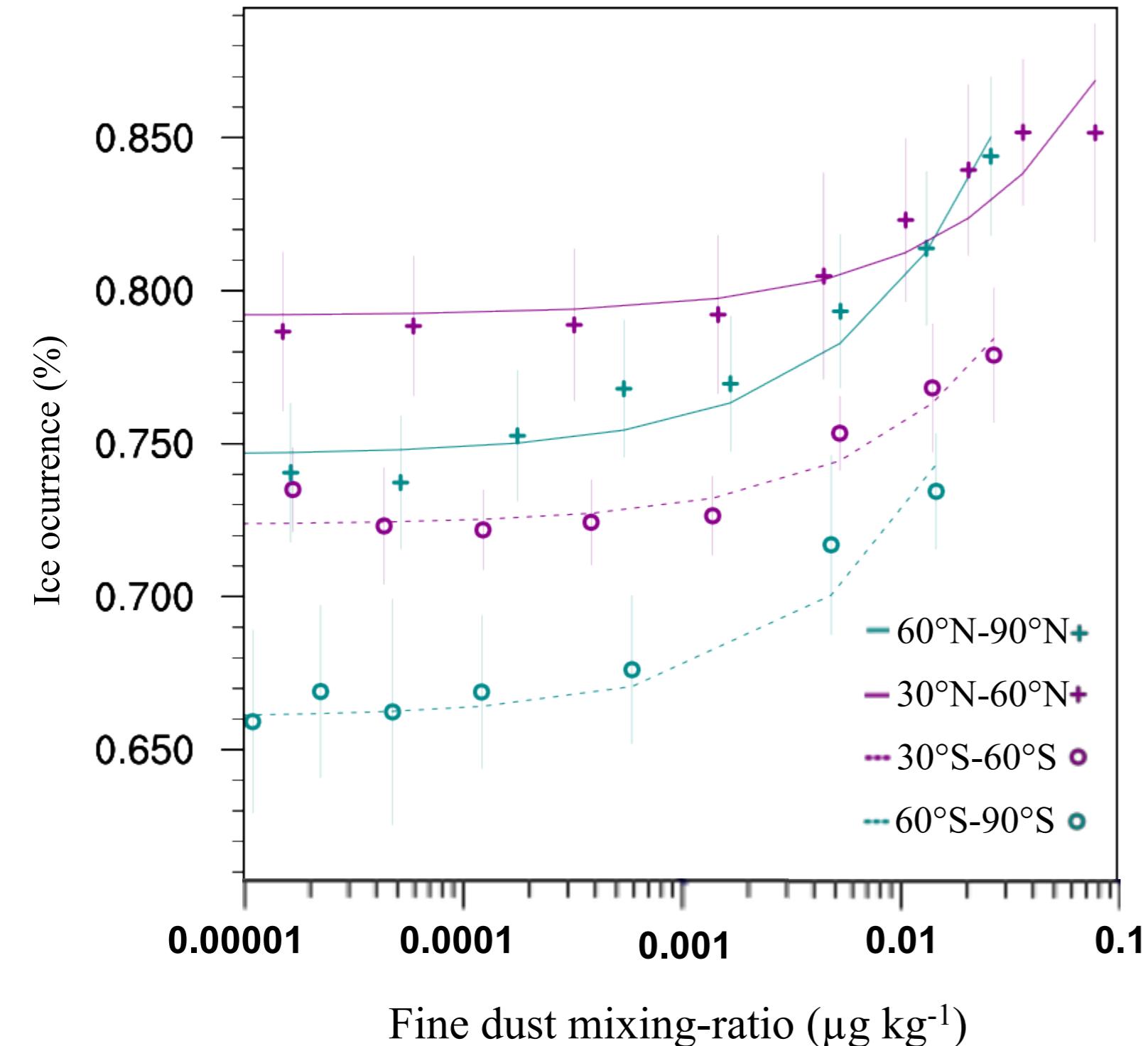


FPR<sub>GOCCP</sub> vs. coarse dust (CAMS) -15 °C

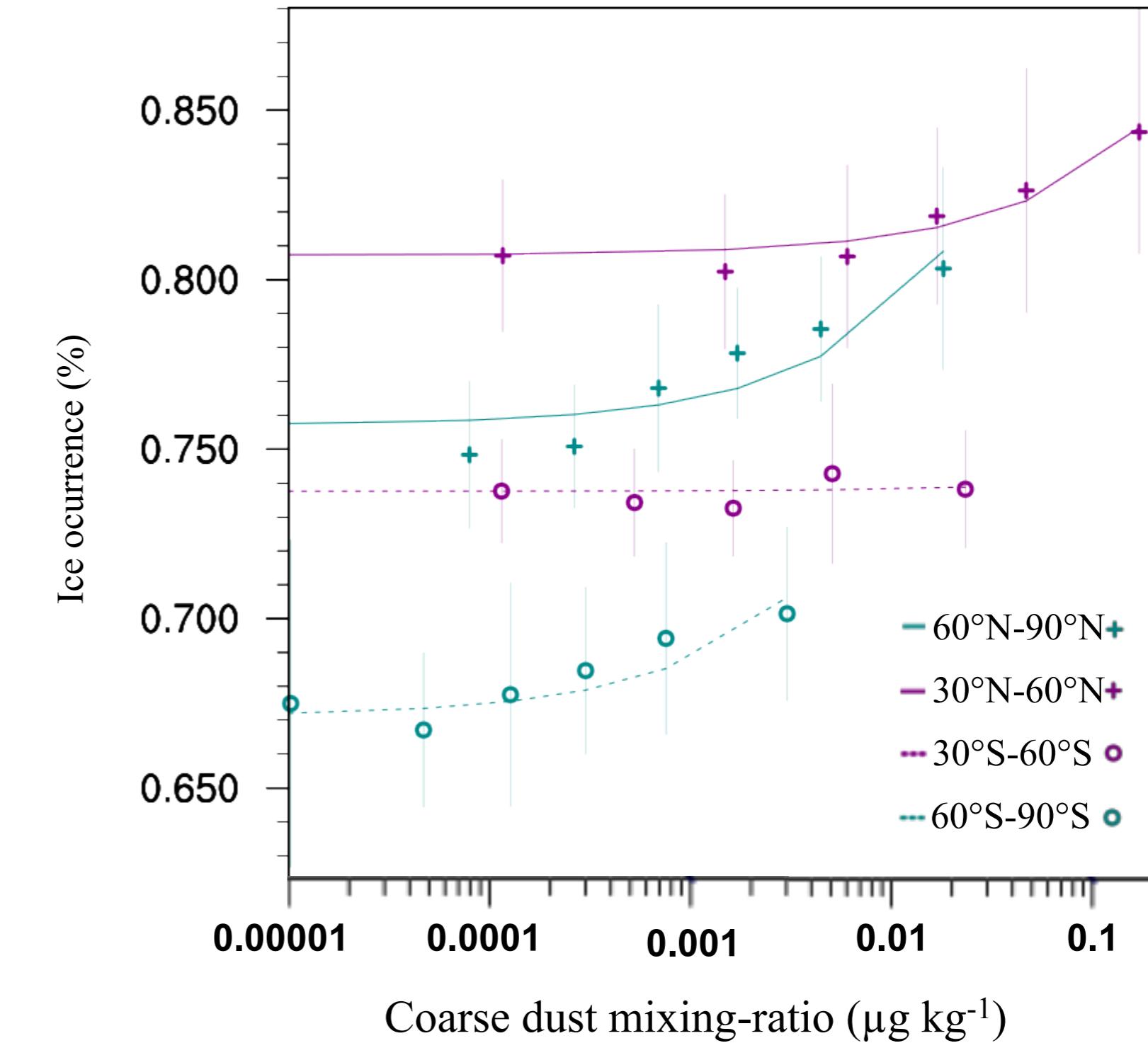


S18. FPR<sub>GOCCP</sub> for the different dust mixing-ratio deciles from the new released CAMS reanalysis at -15°C (12 K range), 2007-2010. Mixing-ratios lower than  $10^{-5} \mu\text{m/kg}$  are not shown. Dataset downloaded 30.09.2018.

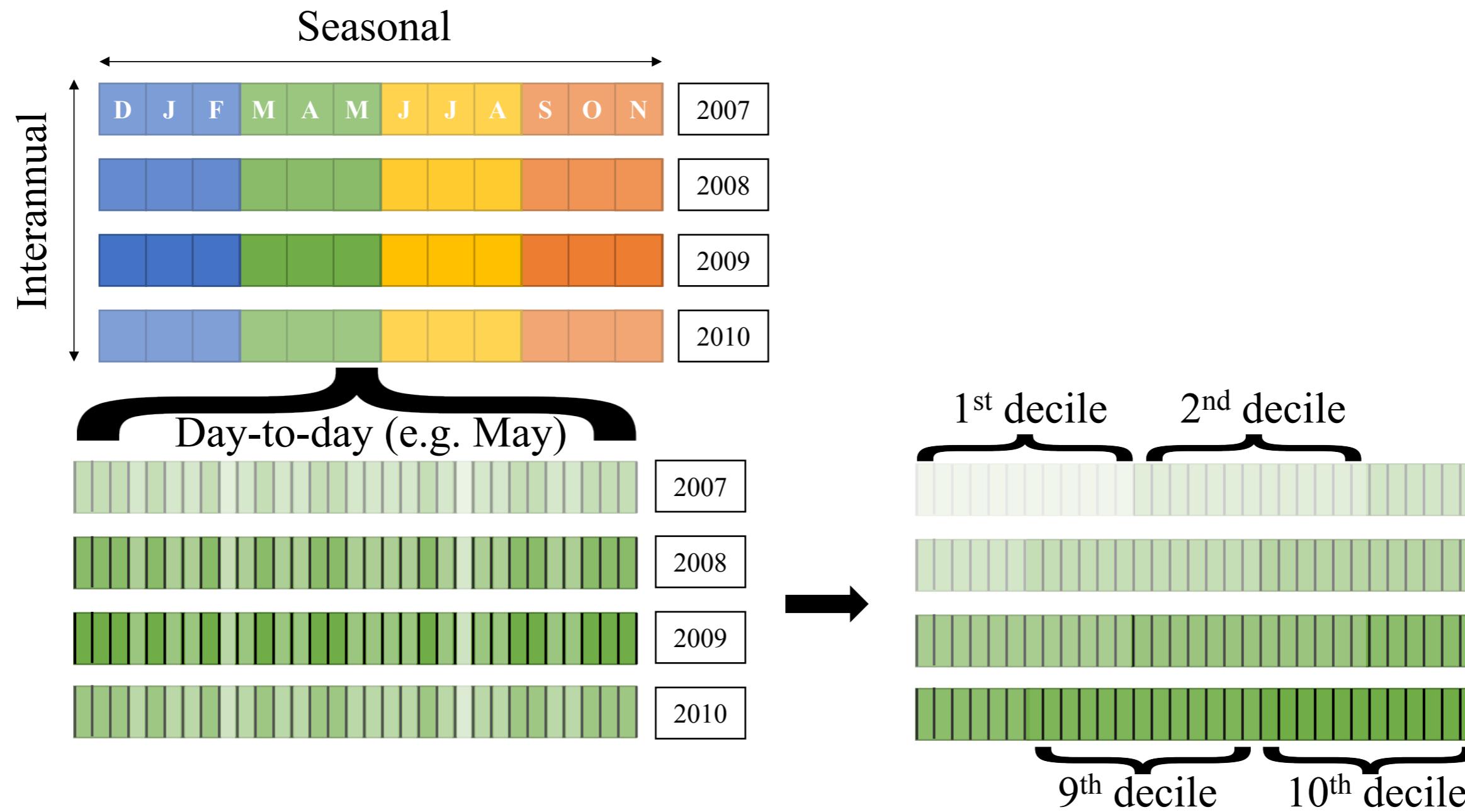
FPR<sub>GOCCP</sub> vs. fine dust (CAMS) -30 °C



FPR<sub>GOCCP</sub> vs. coarse dust (CAMS) -30 °C



S19. FPR<sub>GOCCP</sub> for the different dust mixing-ratio deciles from the new released CAMS reanalysis at -30 °C (12 K range).  
2007-2010. Mixing-ratios lower than  $10^{-5} \mu\text{m/kg}$  are not shown. Dataset downloaded 30.09.2018.



S20. Seasonal, day-to-day and day-to-day decile concept as used in this study.  
For this example, the day-to-day analysis of Mai contains 124 daily datapoints.