Supplement of the manuscript "Ozone pollution around a coastal region of South China Sea: Interaction between marine and continental air"

Table S1. Gradient separation of $C_1 - C_9$ aldehyde and ketone derivatives.

| Column | Nava-Pak C18 3.9 ×150 mm | | | |
|------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Mobile phase | A: Water/Acetonitrile/Tetrahydrofuran 60/30/10 | | | |
| Gradient | B: Water/Acetonitrile 40/60 | | | |
| Flow rate | 100% A for 2 min then a linear gradient from 100% A to | | | |
| | 100% B in 18 min, 100% B for 4min | | | |
| Injection volume | 20μL | | | |
| Detection | Absorbance at 360 nm | | | |

Table S2. Description of parameters used in WRF-CMAQ simulation.

| Table S2. Description of parameters used in WRF-CMAQ simulation. | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|
| Model | Parameters | Value | | |
| | Microphysics | WRF Single-Moment 3- | | |
| | | class scheme | | |
| | Longwave Radiation | RRTM scheme | | |
| | Shortwave Radiation | Dudhia scheme | | |
| WRF(v3.7.1) | Surface Layer | MM5 similarity | | |
| W KF(V3.7.1) | Land Surface | Noah Land Surface Model | | |
| | Planetary Boundary layer | Yonsei University scheme | | |
| | Cumulus Parameterization | Kain-Fritsch scheme | | |
| | Diffusion Option | Simple diffusion | | |
| | K Option | 2d Deformation | | |
| | ModDriver | ctm_yamo | | |
| | ModInit | init_yamo | | |
| | TITOUTHIC | | | |
| | | // yamo option does not need | | |
| | ModAdjc | | | |
| | ModAdje ModCpl | // yamo option does not need | | |
| | ModAdjc ModCpl ModHadv | // yamo option does not need denrate | | |
| | ModAdjc ModCpl ModHadv ModVadv | // yamo option does not need denrate gencoor hyamo vyamo | | |
| CMAO(4.7.1) | ModAdjc ModCpl ModHadv ModVadv ModHdiff | // yamo option does not need denrate gencoor hyamo vyamo multiscale | | |
| CMAQ(4.7.1) | ModAdjc ModCpl ModHadv ModVadv | // yamo option does not need denrate gencoor hyamo vyamo | | |
| CMAQ(4.7.1) | ModAdjc ModCpl ModHadv ModVadv ModHdiff | // yamo option does not need denrate gencoor hyamo vyamo multiscale | | |
| CMAQ(4.7.1) | ModAdjc ModCpl ModHadv ModVadv ModHdiff ModVdiff | // yamo option does not need denrate gencoor hyamo vyamo multiscale acm2_inline | | |
| CMAQ(4.7.1) | ModAdje ModCpl ModHadv ModVadv ModHdiff ModVdiff ModPhot ModChem ModAero | // yamo option does not need denrate gencoor hyamo vyamo multiscale acm2_inline phot ebi_cb05cl_ae5 aero5 | | |
| CMAQ(4.7.1) | ModAdjc ModCpl ModHadv ModVadv ModHdiff ModVdiff ModPhot ModChem ModAero ModCloud | // yamo option does not need denrate gencoor hyamo vyamo multiscale acm2_inline phot ebi_cb05cl_ae5 | | |
| CMAQ(4.7.1) | ModAdjc ModCpl ModHadv ModVadv ModHdiff ModVdiff ModPhot ModChem ModAero ModCloud ModPa | // yamo option does not need denrate gencoor hyamo vyamo multiscale acm2_inline phot ebi_cb05cl_ae5 aero5 | | |
| CMAQ(4.7.1) | ModAdjc ModCpl ModHadv ModVadv ModHdiff ModVdiff ModPhot ModChem ModAero ModCloud | // yamo option does not need denrate gencoor hyamo vyamo multiscale acm2_inline phot ebi_cb05cl_ae5 aero5 cloud_acm_ae5 | | |

Table S3. Index of agreement (IOA) between the simulated and observed meteorological parameters and air pollutants. IOA was calculated using the equation in Willmott (1982). Within the range of 0 - 1, higher IOA represents better agreement between the simulated and observed values.

| | TC | WS | |
|-------------------|------|------|--|
| Temperature | 0.81 | 0.84 | |
| Wind speed | 0.56 | 0.54 | |
| Wind direction | 0.60 | 0.51 | |
| Relative humidity | 0.79 | 0.77 | |
| CO | 0.88 | 0.87 | |
| NO_x | 0.50 | 0.62 | |
| O_3 | 0.81 | 0.81 | |

Table S4. Summary of O₃ episode days at WS and TC during the sampling period.

| No. | Description | Date | SLB | WS | O_3 _MAX. | TC | O_3 _MAX. |
|-----|------------------------|------|-----|-----------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|-------------|
| 0 | Typhoon- | 0820 | Y | near-O ₃ episode | 92.6 | near-O ₃ episode | 87.1 |
| 1 | related (Trami) | 0821 | N | episode | 173.0 | episode | 159.9 |
| 2 | Typhoon- | 0920 | N | - | 61.4 | episode | 126.8 |
| 3 | related (Usagi) | 0921 | N | episode | 116.0 | - | 69.3 |
| 4 | Typhoon- | 0927 | Y | near-O ₃ episode | 85.4 | episode | 102.4 |
| 5 | related (Wutip) | 0928 | Y | episode | 109.4 | - | 71.8 |
| 6 | | 1001 | N | near-O ₃ episode | 89.8 | episode | 107.5 |
| 7 | | 1002 | Y | episode | 126.9 | near-O ₃ episode | 91.7 |
| 8 | | 1003 | Y | episode | 119.1 | episode | 121.2 |
| 9 | O ₃ episode | 1004 | Y | episode | 121.3 | episode | 119.7 |
| 10 | event I | 1005 | Y | episode | 163.2 | episode | 143.1 |
| 11 | | 1006 | N | episode | 151.9 | episode | 119.7 |
| 12 | | 1007 | N | episode | 118.7 | near-O ₃ episode | 89.7 |
| 13 | | 1008 | N | episode | 138.3 | near-O ₃ episode | 84.1 |
| 14 | typhoon- | 1011 | Y | episode | 130.8 | episode | 130.4 |
| 15 | related (Nari) | 1012 | Y | near-O ₃ episode | 99.1 | near-O ₃ episode | 90.2 |
| 16 | | 1019 | Y | episode | 155.0 | episode | 117.7 |
| 17 | | 1020 | Y | episode | 122.1 | episode | 120.2 |
| 18 | | 1021 | Y | episode | 124.0 | episode | 144.7 |
| 19 | 0 | 1022 | N | episode | 148.5 | episode | 104.4 |
| 20 | O ₃ episode | 1023 | N | episode | 152.3 | episode | 119.2 |
| 21 | event II | 1024 | N | episode | 148.1 | episode | 116.1 |
| 22 | | 1025 | N | episode | 135.8 | near-O ₃ episode | 89.1 |
| 23 | | 1026 | N | episode | 105.3 | episode | 117.2 |
| 24 | | 1027 | N | episode | 106.2 | near-O ₃ episode | 99.3 |
| 25 | typhoon- | 1101 | Y | near-O ₃ episode | 83.2 | episode | 106.5 |
| 26 | related (Krosa) | 1102 | N | near-O ₃ episode | 95.6 | - | 35.1 |
| 27 | | 1115 | N | episode | 109.8 | - | 66.2 |

Note: An O₃ episode day was defined when the peak one-hour averaged O₃ mixing ratio exceeded 100 ppbv (Level II of China National Ambient Air Quality Standard). A near-O₃ episode days was defined when the peak hourly average O₃ mixing ratio was lower than 100 ppbv but higher than 80 ppbv (Level I of China National Ambient Air Quality Standard).

Table S5. Ranking of the top 10 NMHC species observed at TC and WS during O_3 episodes and non-episodes.

| | | TC | | WS | | |
|------|------------------|-------------------|-----------|-------------|--|--|
| Rank | Episode | Non-episode | Episode | Non-episode | | |
| 1 | Ethane | Ethane | Ethane | Ethane | | |
| 2 | Acetylene | Propane | Acetylene | Acetylene | | |
| 3 | Propane | i-Butane | Toluene | Propane | | |
| 4 | <i>i</i> -Butane | Toluene | i-Butane | i-Butane | | |
| 5 | Toluene | <i>n</i> -Hexane | Propane | Toluene | | |
| 6 | <i>n</i> -Butane | n-Butane | n-Butane | Ethene | | |
| 7 | Ethene | Acetylene | n-Hexane | i-Pentane | | |
| 8 | i-Pentane | Ethene | i-Pentane | n-Butane | | |
| 9 | n-Hexane | <i>i</i> -Pentane | Ethene | n-Hexane | | |
| 10 | Benzene | Benzene | Benzene | Benzene | | |

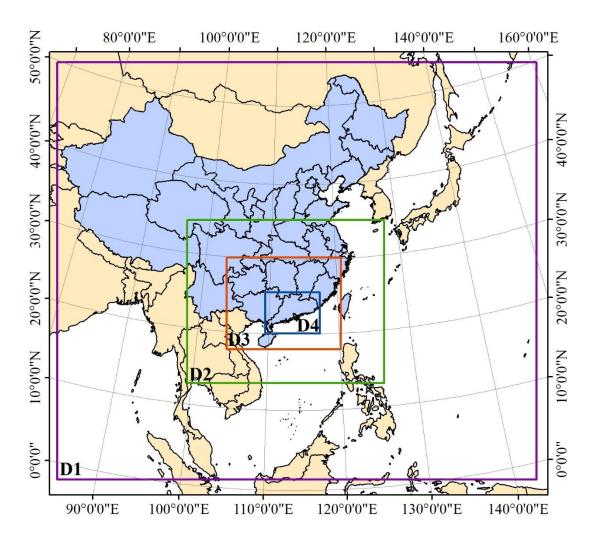


Figure S1 Nesting domain settings of the WRF model. D1, D2, D3 and D4 inside the figure denote domain 1, 2, 3 and 4, respectively. The outermost domain (D1) covers the entire China and East Asia with the resolution of 81 km \times 81 km and 89 \times 78 grids. D2 covers South China with the resolution of 27 km \times 27 km and 109 \times 91 grids. D3 covers Guangdong province and the surrounding areas with the resolution of 9 km \times 9 km and 187 \times 151 grids. The innermost domain (D4) covers Pearl River Delta region with the resolution of 3 km \times 3 km and 186 \times 150 grids.

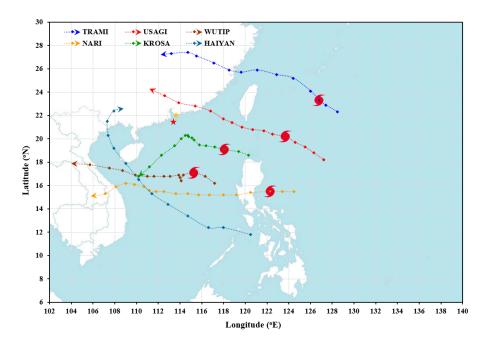


Figure S2. Track of typhoons during the sampling period. The typhoon labels mark the positions when O_3 episodes occur in Hong Kong. The dots represent intermediate 6-hourly positions.

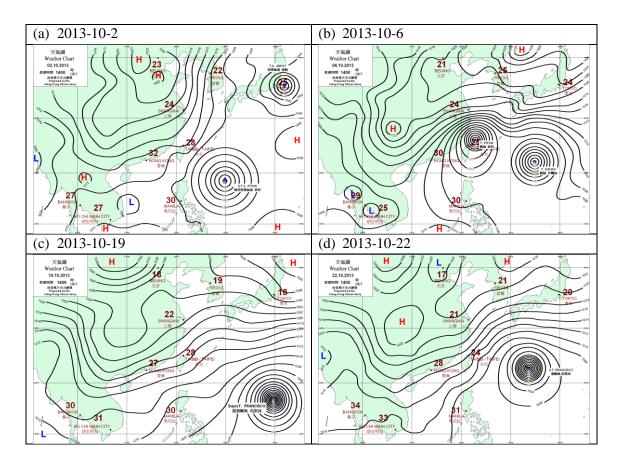


Figure S3. Selected examples of weather charts at 6 am during Continental High Pressure in October 2013. (a) & (c) Continental high pressure systems formed far away from the coastal areas and caused SLBs related O_3 episodes; (b) & (d) Continental high pressure systems approaching to the coastal areas and caused O_3 episodes not related to SLBs; The maps are courtesy provided by Hong Kong Observatory.

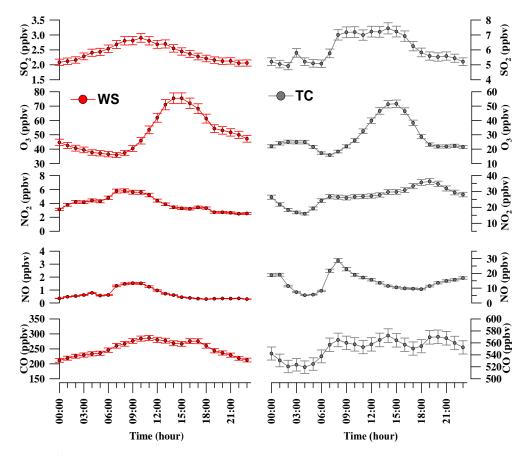


Figure S4. Diurnal variations of trace gases measured at WS and TC.

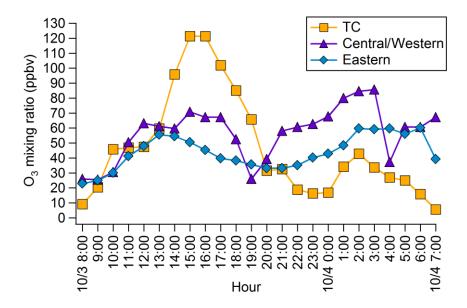


Figure S5. Hourly average O₃ observed at TC, Central/Western and Eastern from 08:00 on 3 October to 07:00 on 4 October. The three sites were located in southern Hong Kong, which were all non-roadside sites. Detailed information can be found on the website of HKEPD (http://www.aqhi.gov.hk/en/monitoring-network/air-quality-monitoring-stations9c57.html?stationid=81).