

Interactive comment on “Sources of reactive nitrogen in marine aerosol over the Northwest Pacific Ocean in spring” by Li Luo et al.

Li Luo et al.

sjkao@xmu.edu.cn

Received and published: 14 January 2018

This study presents measurements of concentrations of water-soluble total nitrogen (WSTN), nitrate (NO₃⁻) and ammonium (NH₄⁺), as well as the stable nitrogen isotopes of $\delta^{15}\text{N}$ -WSTN and $\delta^{15}\text{N}$ -NO₃⁻ in marine aerosols sampled over the East China Seas (ECSs) and Northwest Pacific Ocean in spring 2014 and 2015. Dissolve organic nitrogen (DON) and $\delta^{15}\text{N}$ -DON were also analyzed in surface sea water (SSW) in the spring of 2015. The highest concentrations of water-soluble nitrogen species were found in aerosol sampled in the ECSs, which suggests that anthropogenic emissions are a significant source of aerosol reactive nitrogen. The nitrogen species and isotopic compositions suggest that aerosol $\delta^{15}\text{N}$ -WSTN values are mediated synergistically by the occupations of NO₃⁻, NH₄⁺ and water-soluble organic nitrogen (WSN) to WSTN

C1

with their $\delta^{15}\text{N}$ in our observations. Meanwhile, our isotope mixing model indicates that DON in SSW is likely a source of primary WSN in aerosol, especially over the open ocean.

Interactive comment on *Atmos. Chem. Phys. Discuss.*, <https://doi.org/10.5194/acp-2017-846>, 2017.

C2