

Supplementary Information

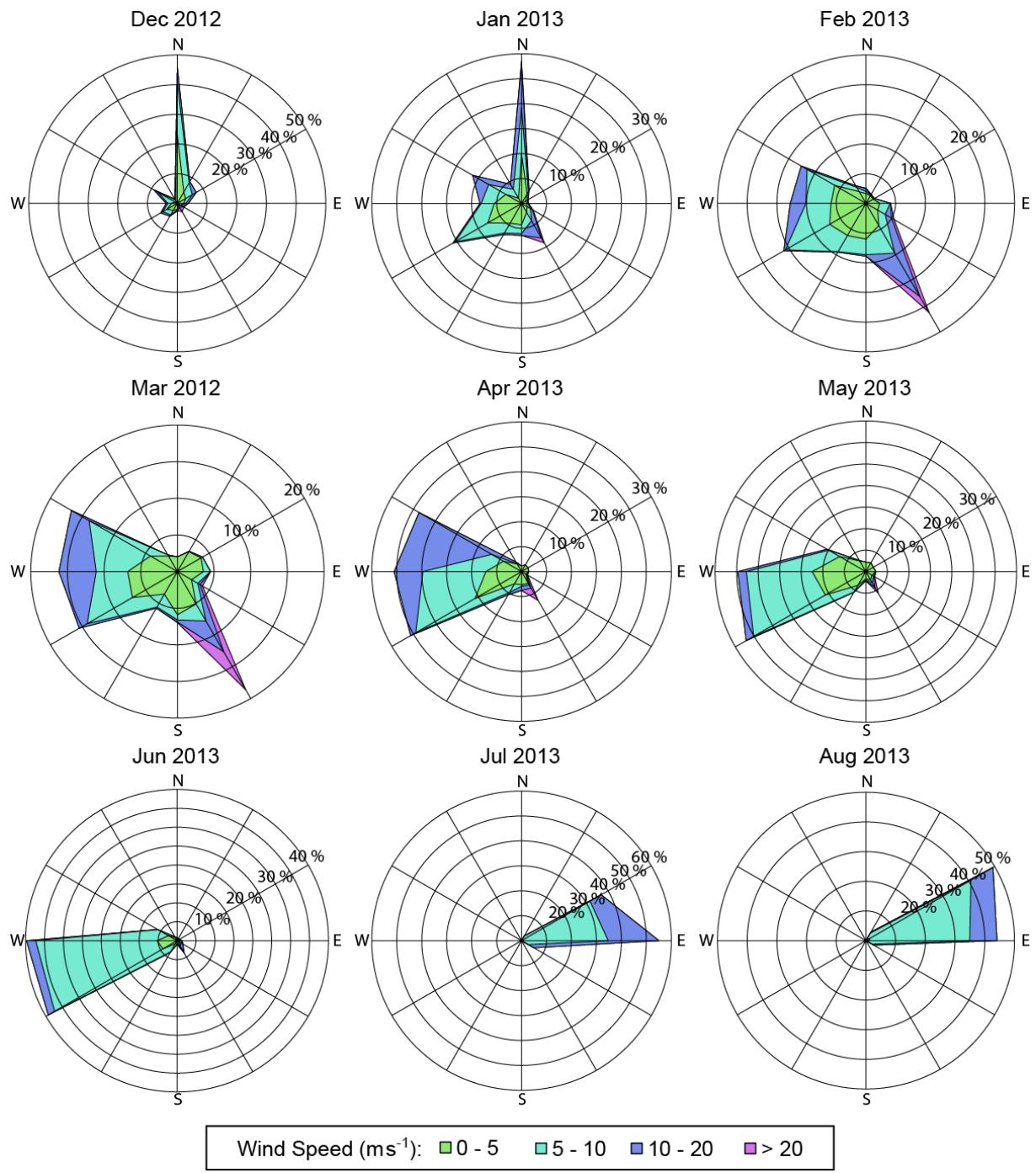
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SI-Table 1: Basic statistics for the 3-hourly aggregates of the observations taken at all sites during the campaign period (Dec. 2012 – Aug.2013). Observation sites are: Finokalia (FKL), Jungfraujoch (JFJ), Mace Head (MHD), Monte Cimone (CMN). Shown are the number of observations (N), the mean, minimum (Min), maximum (Max) and standard deviation (SD) for the observations and the baseline values, estimated with REBS. The mean measurement uncertainty (σ_o) was determined from the standard deviation of reference gas measurements and the baseline uncertainty (σ_b) was derived as one constant value by the REBS method.

	Site	N	Observations					Background (REBS)			
			Mean	Min	Max	SD	σ_o	Mean	Min	Max	σ_b
			[ppt]	[ppt]	[ppt]	[ppt]	[ppt]	[ppt]	[ppt]	[ppt]	[ppt]
HFC-134a	FKL	1467	80.8	72.8	94.2	3.4	0.8	79.7	77.2	83.0	1.9
	JFJ	1383	80.7	70.9	119.3	5.3	0.2	77.0	74.6	79.1	1.3
	MHD	1533	80.3	73.5	122.0	5.6	0.2	77.4	76.3	78.9	0.7
	CMN	1040	86.1	72.8	129.3	8.7	0.3	80.1	76.2	83.1	1.7
HFC-125	FKL	1193	15.9	12.8	22.3	1.3	0.4	15.3	14.1	16.1	0.6
	JFJ	1373	16.1	13.3	26.9	1.7	0.1	14.9	14.1	15.7	0.3
	MHD	1514	15.8	13.9	28.1	1.7	0.1	14.9	14.5	15.4	0.2
	CMN	1078	17.6	13.4	33.3	2.6	0.1	15.8	14.6	16.8	0.6
HFC-152a	FKL	1428	11.5	7.8	19.3	1.6	0.2	10.6	10.3	10.7	0.8
	JFJ	1395	10.8	6.9	25.0	1.7	0.1	10.0	9.4	10.5	0.8
	MHD	1527	10.9	8.4	15.0	0.9	0.1	10.6	9.7	10.8	0.4
	CMN	1096	11.7	7.3	21.6	1.9	0.1	10.3	9.7	10.7	0.7
HFC-143a	FKL	1252	17.4	13.2	29.6	2.2	1.2	16.3	15.8	16.7	0.9
	JFJ	1411	16.7	13.7	25.6	1.6	0.1	15.4	14.5	16.0	0.3
	MHD	1540	16.6	14.8	27.6	1.8	0.1	15.5	15.3	15.9	0.2
	CMN	1055	17.5	14.2	27.1	1.9	0.1	16.0	15.1	16.8	0.5
HCFC-22	FKL	1438	235.8	226.9	271.6	3.5	1.8	234.7	233.0	237.9	2.3
	JFJ	1389	234.9	224.9	252.4	2.9	0.6	234.2	233.0	236.3	2.2
	MHD	1523	235.8	230.3	259.8	1.8	0.6	235.2	235.0	236.0	1.1
	CMN	980	235.1	225.2	255.5	3.3	0.7	234.0	232.2	235.8	1.9
HCFC-142b	FKL	1075	23.9	21.3	27.2	0.9	0.6	23.7	22.6	24.5	0.5
	JFJ	1392	23.4	22.4	26.1	0.4	0.1	23.2	23.1	23.4	0.2
	MHD	1533	23.3	22.7	24.7	0.2	0.1	23.2	23.1	23.3	0.1
	CMN	1046	23.8	22.5	26.8	0.5	0.1	23.5	23.2	23.8	0.3

9 SI-Table 2: Inversion performance of the base inversion and the sensitivity inversions S-ML and S-MS for HFC-134a
 10 at Finokalia (FKL), Jungfraujoch (JFJ), Mace Head (MHD) and Monte Cimone (CMN). N is the number of observa-
 11 tions used for the inversion. RMSE is the root mean square error in ppt (parts per billion 10^{-12}). R^2 denotes the coeffi-
 12 cient of determination of the complete signals and R^2_{abg} is the coefficient of determination of the signals above back-
 13 ground. TSS shows the Taylor Skill Score of the entire signal.

	Site	N	RMSE		R^2		R^2_{abg}		TSS	
			apriori	apost	prior	post	prior	post	prior	post
	FKL	1421	4.7	1.7	0.41	0.74	0.20	0.29	0.86	0.95
Base	JFJ	1946	4.5	3.6	0.33	0.50	0.25	0.34	0.82	0.71
	MHD	2005	3.3	2.9	0.61	0.74	0.61	0.73	0.93	0.75
	CMN	1801	5.8	5.1	0.39	0.54	0.25	0.28	0.62	0.74
	FKL	1421	4.7	1.7	0.41	0.75	0.20	0.28	0.86	0.95
S-ML	JFJ	1946	4.5	3.6	0.33	0.50	0.25	0.32	0.82	0.68
	MHD	2005	3.3	3.3	0.61	0.68	0.61	0.68	0.93	0.66
	CMN	1801	5.8	5.1	0.39	0.55	0.25	0.28	0.62	0.73
	FKL	1421	4.7	1.7	0.41	0.75	0.20	0.36	0.86	0.97
S-MS	JFJ	1946	4.5	3.4	0.33	0.53	0.25	0.4	0.82	0.80
	MHD	2005	3.3	2.5	0.61	0.76	0.61	0.75	0.93	0.90
	CMN	1801	5.8	5.0	0.39	0.55	0.25	0.31	0.62	0.78

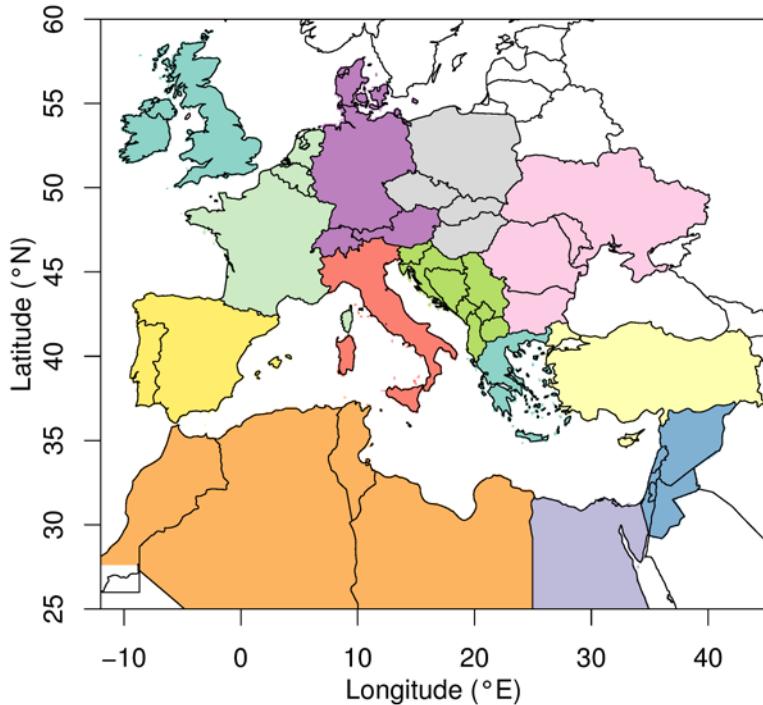


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Wind Speed (ms⁻¹): ■ 0 - 5 ■ 5 - 10 ■ 10 - 20 ■ > 20

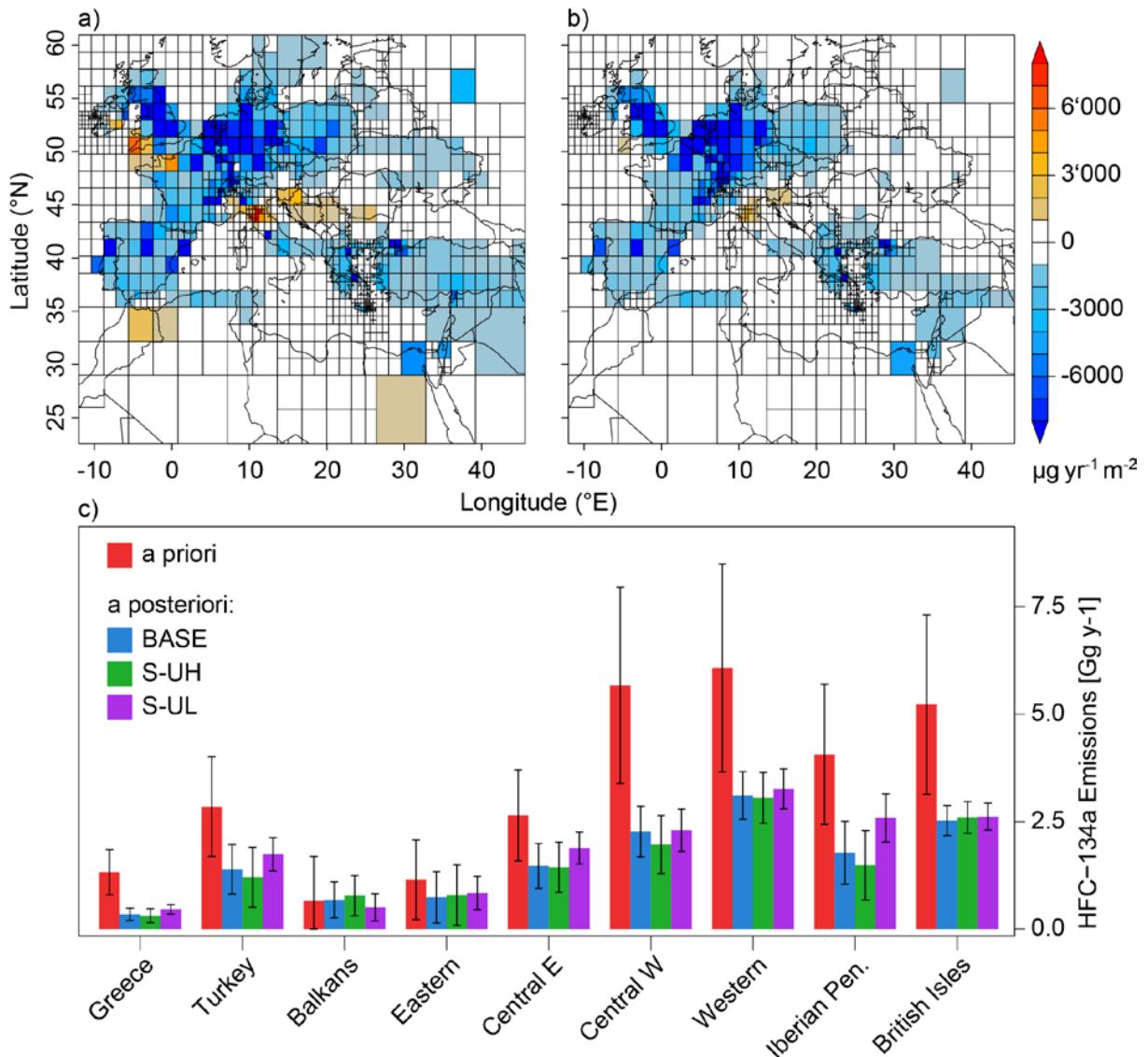
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SI-Figure 1: Observed monthly wind roses at Finokalia for the period January to August 2013 showing the directional frequencies colour-coded by wind speed based on 5 minute temporal resolution. Wind data were provided by the University of Crete.



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SI-Figure 2: Illustration of region definition used in the discussion of emission estimates: Greece (light turquoise), Turkey (Turkey, Cyprus; pale yellow), Balkans (Serbia, Montenegro, Kosovo, Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia, Slovenia, Macedonia; light green), Eastern (Ukraine, Romania, Moldova, Bulgaria; pale pink), Middle East (Jordan, Lebanon, Syria, Palestine, Israel; blue), Egypt (pale purple), Maghreb (Morocco, Algeria, Tunisia, Libya; orange), Central E (Poland, Slovakia, Czech-Republic, Hungary; grey), Central W (Switzerland, Liechtenstein, Germany, Austria, Denmark; purple), Western (France, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Belgium; pale green), Italy (red), Iberian Peninsula (Spain, Portugal; yellow), British Isles (Ireland, United Kingdom; light turquoise).



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31 SI-Figure 3: Difference of the a posteriori and a priori emissions for (a) the S-UH and (b) the S-UL inversions. (c) re-
gional emission estimates: a priori emissions (red) and a posteriori emissions (BASE = green, S-UH = blue, S-UL = purple). The uncertainties given are two standard deviations of the analytic uncertainty assigned to the a priori emis-
sions and derived by the inversion as a posteriori uncertainties.