Supplement of

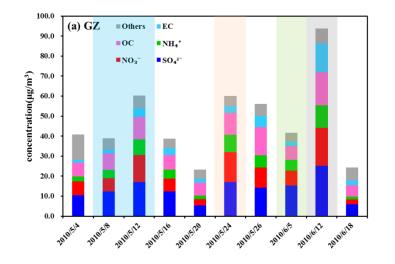
Properties of aerosols and formation mechanisms over southern China during the monsoon season

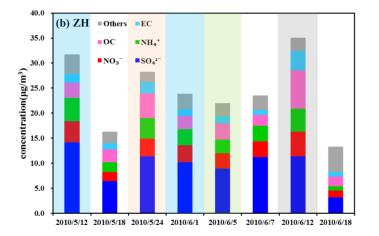
Weihua Chen, Xuemei Wang^{*}, Jason Blake Cohen, Shengzhen Zhou^{*}, Zhisheng Zhang, Ming Chang, Chuen Yu Chan

*corresponding author: Xuemei Wang (<u>eeswxm@mail.sysu.edu.cn</u>), Shengzhen Zhou(<u>zszking@126.com</u>)

Figures

Figure S1 Time series of size-resolved aerosol compositions at the three sites





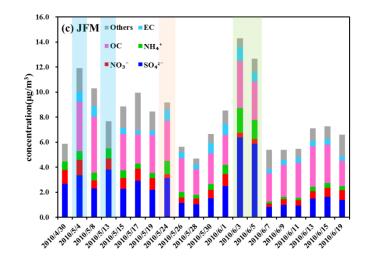
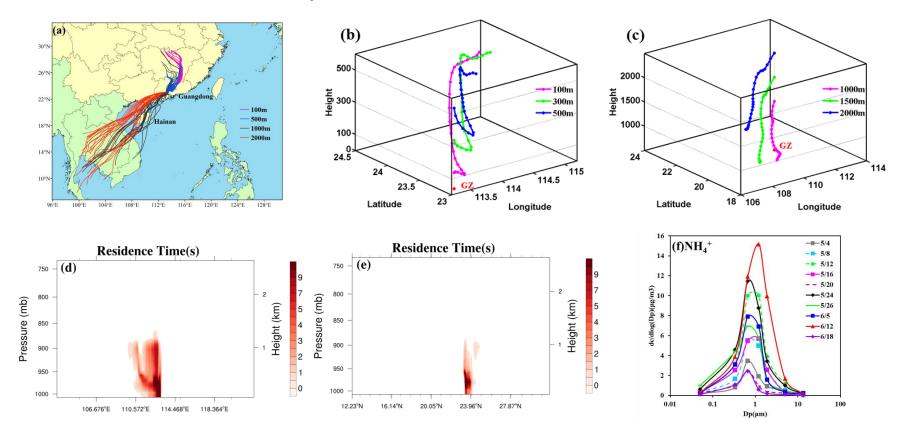
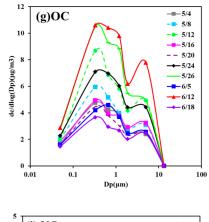
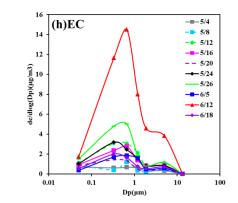
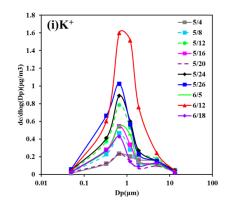


Figure S2 Case study on 12th Jun. in GZ and ZH ((a) 72 h air mass backward trajectories in GZ, (b-c) 3D distribution of 24h air mass back trajectories on lower level (100, 300 and 500m) and on higher level (1000, 1500 and 2000m) in GZ; (d-e) West-east and North-south cross-section of the vertical distribution of the residence times at 23.12° and 113.36° E (just in GZ); (f-i) The mass size distribution of NH₄⁺, OC, EC and K⁺ in GZ; (j)The mass size distribution of NO₃⁻ in ZH)









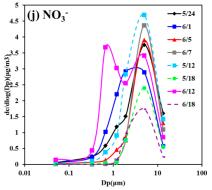


Figure S3 Case study on 1^{st} , 3^{rd} and 5^{th} Jun. in JFM ((a) 72 h air mass backward trajectories; (b-e) The mass size distribution of SO_4^{2-} , NO_3^{-} , NH_4^+ , OC, EC and K⁺)

