

Supplementary material to

Diurnal fluxes of HONO above a crop rotation

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Calculations of the scalar flux by the aerodynamic gradient method

For unstable conditions, the stability integrated function Ψ was calculated as in Webb (1970) or Paulson (1970):

$$\Psi_{(z-d)/L} = -5.2 \cdot \frac{(z-d)}{L} \quad (\text{S1}).$$

For unstable conditions, it was calculated:

$$10 \quad \Psi_{(z-d)/L} = 2 \cdot \ln \left[1 + \sqrt{1 - 16 \cdot \frac{(z-d)}{L}} \right] \quad (\text{S2}).$$

The flux of a scalar is given by:

$$F = -u_* \cdot \chi_* \quad (\text{S3}).$$

By replacing χ_* by its expression in equation (1), one gets:

$$F = -u_* \cdot \frac{\kappa \cdot (z-d)}{\varphi_{(z-d)/L}} \cdot \frac{\partial \chi}{\partial z} \quad (\text{S4}).$$

15 Knowing that Ψ is the integral of φ and noticing the following equality:

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial [\ln(z-d) - \Psi_{(z-d)/L}]} = \frac{(z-d)}{\varphi_{(z-d)/L}} \quad (\text{S5}),$$

leads to the expression for the flux given in equation (2):

$$F = -\kappa \cdot u_* \cdot \frac{\partial \chi}{\partial [\ln(z-d) - \Psi_{(z-d)/L}]} \quad (\text{S6}).$$

Hence, the slope of χ against the stability corrected logarithmic height, $\ln(z-d) - \Psi_{(z-d)/L}$, multiplied by
20 $-\kappa \cdot u_*$ gives a direct estimate of the flux by the aerodynamic gradient method.

References supplement:

Paulson, C. A.: The mathematical representation of wind speed and temperature profiles in the unstable atmospheric surface layer, J. Appl. Meteorol., 9, 857-861, 1970.

Webb, E. K.: Profile relationships. Log-linear range, and extension to strong stability, Quart. J. Roy. Meteorol. Soc., 96, 67-90, 1970.

25