

Interactive comment on “The impact of aerosols on polarized sky radiance: model development, validation, and applications” by C. Emde et al.

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Received and published: 19 November 2009

We thank Piet Stammes for his comment on our manuscript.

To interpret the polarization of the sky with radiative transfer modelling, it is essential to use a bimodal size distribution of aerosols. This has been shown by Boesche et al., Appl. Opt., Vol. 45, p. 8790-8805, 2006. These authors have shown that a good agreement between measurements and model simulations is only possible by a correct weighting of fine mode particles and coarse mode particles. In the current paper only monomodal size distributions of aerosol particles are used, whereas in reality aerosols mostly are bimodal. This is probably one of the reasons of the deviating model results of the degree of polarization in Figs. 12 and 13; the agreement could be improved by using bimodal distributions.

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We are aware that it is essential to use bimodal size distributions to interpret the polarization of the sky. Actually we did not use monomodal size distributions in our simulations of the measurements. We mixed two OPAC types (water soluble - small particles, sea salt accumulated - large particles), this results in a bimodal size distribution.

We have corrected the misspellings of "Boesche" and "Stammes" throughout the paper. Sorry for these mistakes.

Interactive comment on Atmos. Chem. Phys. Discuss., 9, 17753, 2009.

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