



Supplement of

The relationship between cloud condensation nuclei (CCN) concentration and light extinction of dried particles: indications of underlying aerosol processes and implications for satellite-based CCN estimates

Y. Shinozuka et al.

Correspondence to: Y. Shinozuka (yohei.shinozuka@nasa.gov)

1 Table S1. The results of bivariate regression analysis for 0.1-0.3% supersaturation.

Ang. Exp.	N	log10(Ext.)	log10(CCN)	Slope	Intercept	RMSe
California, USA, 10s avg., ≤ 1 km alt., 0.27% SS						
1.1-1.3	108	1.35±0.45	2.48±0.26	0.40±0.29	1.96±0.06	1.56
1.3-1.5	489	1.82±0.55	2.71±0.29	0.42±0.08	1.96±0.03	1.49
1.5-1.7	1017	1.90±0.40	2.84±0.28	0.59±0.07	1.73±0.03	1.45
1.7-1.9	1481	1.93±0.36	2.96±0.26	0.62±0.05	1.76±0.02	1.38
1.9-2.1	1859	1.87±0.29	3.02±0.19	0.55±0.05	1.99±0.02	1.28
2.1-2.3	1222	1.77±0.25	3.02±0.18	0.61±0.07	1.95±0.02	1.27
2.3-2.5	411	1.68±0.27	3.01±0.22	0.77±0.11	1.72±0.03	1.26
Southern Great Plains, USA, 240s avg.						
0.1-0.3	124	1.23±0.32	2.22±0.38	0.62±0.36	1.54±0.14	2.45
0.3-0.5	232	1.18±0.34	2.29±0.29	0.57±0.16	1.66±0.06	1.83
0.5-0.7	439	1.25±0.35	2.38±0.30	0.60±0.10	1.67±0.04	1.72
0.7-0.9	976	1.33±0.36	2.50±0.31	0.59±0.06	1.74±0.03	1.71
0.9-1.1	1927	1.42±0.36	2.59±0.31	0.59±0.04	1.78±0.02	1.68
1.1-1.3	3849	1.51±0.34	2.71±0.30	0.61±0.03	1.80±0.02	1.70
1.3-1.5	6472	1.55±0.31	2.78±0.31	0.67±0.03	1.76±0.02	1.76
1.5-1.7	5725	1.52±0.29	2.83±0.33	0.74±0.04	1.72±0.02	1.93
1.7-1.9	2814	1.48±0.30	2.87±0.32	0.74±0.05	1.79±0.02	1.81
1.9-2.1	887	1.41±0.34	2.88±0.36	0.89±0.08	1.63±0.04	1.77
2.1-2.3	200	1.24±0.31	2.81±0.34	1.04±0.17	1.52±0.07	1.61
Cape Cod, USA, 240s avg.						
0.3-0.5	242	1.51±0.20	2.13±0.28	1.13±0.24	0.46±0.10	1.63
0.5-0.7	408	1.53±0.23	2.28±0.36	0.93±0.14	0.90±0.06	2.09
0.7-0.9	257	1.35±0.22	2.23±0.29	0.95±0.21	0.98±0.08	1.74
0.9-1.1	282	1.22±0.22	2.21±0.29	0.94±0.19	1.11±0.06	1.70
1.1-1.3	304	1.15±0.22	2.25±0.30	1.03±0.20	1.09±0.06	1.71
1.3-1.5	329	1.14±0.22	2.33±0.29	0.84±0.21	1.41±0.07	1.85
1.5-1.7	382	1.14±0.23	2.42±0.28	0.75±0.19	1.59±0.06	1.85
1.7-1.9	543	1.25±0.30	2.52±0.37	0.78±0.11	1.59±0.04	2.05
1.9-2.1	381	1.33±0.34	2.57±0.48	0.75±0.11	1.66±0.04	2.7
Black Forest, Germany, 240s avg.						
0.9-1.1	349	1.58±0.50	1.75±0.61	0.34±0.10	1.53±0.07	3.96
1.1-1.3	1223	1.69±0.44	1.87±0.60	0.54±0.07	1.22±0.05	3.53
1.3-1.5	3763	1.64±0.35	1.98±0.56	0.74±0.05	0.98±0.03	3.28
1.5-1.7	5279	1.62±0.28	2.04±0.56	1.05±0.06	0.55±0.04	3.42
1.7-1.9	1422	1.55±0.30	1.98±0.59	0.99±0.11	0.68±0.07	3.73
Ganges Valley, India, 240s avg.						
0.1-0.3	245	2.26±0.21	2.41±0.49	2.45±0.58	-3.07±0.40	2.79
0.3-0.5	549	2.38±0.25	2.59±0.46	1.54±0.23	-1.02±0.17	2.37
0.5-0.7	2233	2.38±0.24	2.70±0.39	1.34±0.10	-0.47±0.08	2.09
0.7-0.9	4524	2.17±0.26	2.56±0.41	0.92±0.06	0.64±0.04	2.23
0.9-1.1	2396	1.90±0.28	2.31±0.45	0.73±0.07	1.04±0.04	2.59
1.1-1.3	858	1.50±0.24	1.89±0.53	1.14±0.15	0.35±0.07	2.91
Graciosa Island, Azores, 240s avg.						
-0.5--0.3	202	1.42±0.29	1.66±0.26	0.54±0.08	0.96±0.09	1.65
-0.3--0.1	2913	1.56±0.24	1.93±0.26	0.92±0.02	0.52±0.03	1.60
-0.1-0.1	4117	1.51±0.26	2.11±0.28	0.86±0.02	0.85±0.02	1.62
0.1-0.3	4438	1.43±0.26	2.19±0.28	0.78±0.02	1.10±0.02	1.65
0.3-0.5	2865	1.33±0.26	2.25±0.28	0.83±0.02	1.18±0.02	1.62
0.5-0.7	1819	1.27±0.27	2.29±0.29	0.78±0.02	1.33±0.02	1.61
0.7-0.9	1127	1.22±0.27	2.31±0.31	0.88±0.03	1.26±0.03	1.69
0.9-1.1	625	1.22±0.30	2.38±0.33	0.87±0.04	1.36±0.04	1.68
1.1-1.3	186	1.14±0.31	2.33±0.34	0.72±0.08	1.57±0.07	1.91
Svalbard, 300s avg.						
-0.3--0.1	142	0.45±0.34	1.50±0.36	0.51±0.39	1.38±0.04	2.21
-0.1-0.1	212	0.45±0.32	1.54±0.33	0.50±0.28	1.40±0.03	2.01
0.1-0.3	233	0.44±0.36	1.53±0.45	0.67±0.24	1.32±0.03	2.42
0.3-0.5	362	0.68±0.55	1.73±0.38	0.51±0.11	1.46±0.02	1.85
0.5-0.7	392	0.57±0.35	1.71±0.40	0.65±0.16	1.42±0.02	2.14
0.7-0.9	451	0.58±0.32	1.76±0.35	0.73±0.17	1.38±0.02	1.93
0.9-1.1	746	0.49±0.44	1.92±0.35	-0.21±0.11	2.17±0.01	2.45
1.1-1.3	807	0.67±0.32	1.89±0.34	0.86±0.12	1.33±0.02	1.74
1.3-1.5	872	0.72±0.32	1.96±0.34	0.90±0.12	1.33±0.02	1.78
1.5-1.7	829	0.76±0.31	2.00±0.34	0.87±0.11	1.36±0.02	1.67
1.7-1.9	596	0.70±0.34	1.96±0.35	0.79±0.13	1.44±0.02	1.71
1.9-2.1	360	0.61±0.35	1.88±0.36	0.68±0.20	1.53±0.03	2.13
2.1-2.3	185	0.42±0.33	1.80±0.40	0.89±0.37	1.46±0.04	2.00
2.3-2.5	118	0.37±0.26	1.78±0.31	1.28±0.91	1.28±0.07	1.77
Niamey, Niger, 240s avg.						
0.1-0.3	174	2.34±0.27	1.70±0.39	0.60±0.21	0.49±0.24	2.54
0.3-0.5	1271	2.21±0.27	1.62±0.52	0.56±0.07	0.72±0.08	4.08
0.5-0.7	1068	1.92±0.27	1.62±0.62	0.42±0.07	1.24±0.07	5.57
0.7-0.9	1169	1.77±0.22	1.82±0.55	0.38±0.08	1.42±0.07	4.22
0.9-1.1	952	1.75±0.22	1.95±0.46	0.47±0.09	1.32±0.08	3.16
1.1-1.3	620	1.75±0.26	1.94±0.49	0.47±0.10	1.32±0.09	3.30
1.3-1.5	252	1.82±0.31	2.05±0.47	0.39±0.15	1.55±0.13	3.23
1.5-1.7	138	1.85±0.33	2.14±0.49	0.75±0.21	0.90±0.20	2.86

1 Ang. Exp. Is the Angstrom exponent of the extinction coefficient, N is the number of data
2 points, the Ext. is the 500 nm extinction coefficient (Mm^{-1}) for dried particles, CCN is the
3 number of CCN concentration (cm^{-3}). RMSe given here is 10 raised to the root mean square
4 of the fitting error; an RMSe of 2, for example, means that the deviation of individual data
5 points is typically within a factor of 2 of the best estimate. The values after the \pm symbol
6 indicates the standard deviation or the square root of the variance.
7

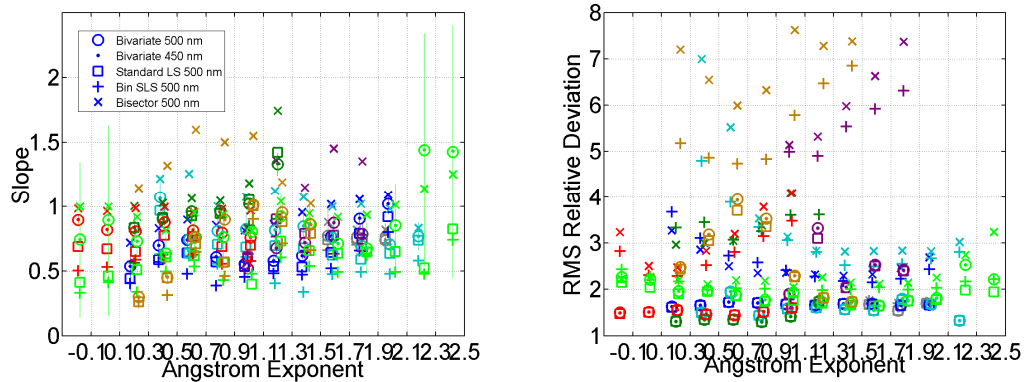
1 Table S2. The results of bivariate regression analysis for 0.5-0.7% supersaturation.

Ang. Exp.	N	log10(Ext.)	log10(CCN)	Slope	Intercept	RMSe
Southern Great Plains, USA, 240s avg.						
0.5-0.7	209	1.34±0.37	2.81±0.35	0.65±0.16	1.98±0.07	2.00
0.7-0.9	471	1.43±0.39	2.90±0.37	0.56±0.11	2.14±0.05	2.10
0.9-1.1	1126	1.49±0.36	2.96±0.33	0.54±0.07	2.18±0.03	1.89
1.1-1.3	2597	1.53±0.33	3.01±0.32	0.53±0.05	2.23±0.02	1.89
1.3-1.5	4391	1.55±0.31	3.10±0.28	0.54±0.04	2.28±0.02	1.75
1.5-1.7	3457	1.52±0.29	3.16±0.30	0.72±0.05	2.07±0.02	1.76
1.7-1.9	1646	1.49±0.31	3.16±0.33	0.88±0.06	1.85±0.03	1.74
1.9-2.1	381	1.40±0.36	3.15±0.39	1.02±0.12	1.72±0.06	1.77
Cape Cod, USA, 240s avg.						
0.3-0.5	215	1.69±0.23	2.55±0.26	0.93±0.18	0.98±0.08	1.46
0.5-0.7	293	1.59±0.20	2.64±0.44	0.82±0.21	1.41±0.09	2.68
0.7-0.9	310	1.39±0.21	2.71±0.21	0.64±0.20	1.84±0.07	1.53
0.9-1.1	331	1.30±0.25	2.75±0.25	0.75±0.19	1.78±0.07	1.64
1.1-1.3	450	1.24±0.25	2.83±0.25	0.68±0.13	2.00±0.04	1.63
1.3-1.5	530	1.21±0.27	2.91±0.23	0.60±0.11	2.19±0.04	1.54
1.5-1.7	509	1.18±0.29	2.95±0.23	0.56±0.11	2.30±0.04	1.54
1.7-1.9	598	1.35±0.34	3.08±0.26	0.51±0.08	2.41±0.03	1.60
1.9-2.1	643	1.40±0.30	3.15±0.31	0.55±0.08	2.40±0.03	1.86
2.1-2.3	119	1.26±0.28	3.16±0.23	0.70±0.20	2.29±0.06	1.39
Black Forest, Germany, 240s avg.						
0.9-1.1	104	1.60±0.49	2.91±0.34	0.58±0.09	1.99±0.05	1.51
1.1-1.3	393	1.63±0.47	2.92±0.36	0.60±0.05	1.96±0.03	1.65
1.3-1.5	1319	1.61±0.37	3.03±0.30	0.63±0.04	2.03±0.02	1.56
1.5-1.7	1929	1.61±0.28	3.13±0.30	0.71±0.04	2.00±0.02	1.69
1.7-1.9	477	1.55±0.30	3.14±0.33	0.73±0.06	2.02±0.04	1.76
Ganges Valley, India, 240s avg.						
0.3-0.5	170	2.37±0.26	3.31±0.28	0.94±0.13	1.08±0.09	1.37
0.5-0.7	669	2.38±0.23	3.34±0.26	1.01±0.09	0.93±0.06	1.42
0.7-0.9	1423	2.16±0.25	3.24±0.26	0.92±0.04	1.25±0.03	1.34
0.9-1.1	791	1.90±0.29	3.11±0.32	0.99±0.06	1.25±0.03	1.40
1.1-1.3	280	1.53±0.25	2.81±0.37	1.26±0.16	0.90±0.08	1.63
1.3-1.5	134	1.22±0.18	2.45±0.35	1.62±0.36	0.50±0.13	1.73
Graciosa Island, Azores, 240s avg.						
-0.5--0.3	118	1.38±0.30	2.07±0.28	0.87±0.13	0.89±0.13	1.76
-0.3--0.1	1488	1.57±0.23	2.36±0.24	0.97±0.04	0.85±0.04	1.61
-0.1-0.1	2038	1.51±0.26	2.56±0.26	0.84±0.03	1.30±0.03	1.62
0.1-0.3	2267	1.43±0.26	2.61±0.26	0.83±0.03	1.43±0.03	1.65
0.3-0.5	1446	1.33±0.26	2.69±0.26	0.89±0.03	1.52±0.03	1.51
0.5-0.7	904	1.26±0.27	2.74±0.24	0.73±0.03	1.82±0.03	1.45
0.7-0.9	581	1.22±0.26	2.76±0.27	0.85±0.05	1.74±0.04	1.58
0.9-1.1	318	1.20±0.32	2.81±0.32	0.76±0.06	1.91±0.05	1.69
Svalbard, 300s avg.						
-0.1-0.1	129	0.52±0.37	1.75±0.32	0.71±0.70	1.40±0.08	2.09
0.1-0.3	166	0.42±0.32	1.77±0.40	1.21±0.78	1.23±0.08	2.81
0.3-0.5	245	0.67±0.52	1.92±0.43	0.66±0.18	1.53±0.03	1.97
0.5-0.7	293	0.57±0.33	1.89±0.33	0.97±0.43	1.32±0.06	2.26
0.7-0.9	435	0.62±0.33	1.87±0.31	0.79±0.25	1.39±0.04	1.86
0.9-1.1	522	0.63±0.34	1.91±0.33	0.93±0.24	1.32±0.04	1.99
1.1-1.3	614	0.71±0.31	1.99±0.31	0.96±0.21	1.30±0.03	1.81
1.3-1.5	711	0.72±0.30	2.03±0.30	0.93±0.21	1.35±0.03	1.81
1.5-1.7	615	0.72±0.30	2.05±0.28	0.89±0.21	1.40±0.03	1.72
1.7-1.9	450	0.67±0.35	2.03±0.31	0.74±0.22	1.55±0.03	1.77
1.9-2.1	280	0.57±0.32	2.01±0.36	0.91±0.44	1.49±0.06	2.14
2.1-2.3	172	0.40±0.32	1.92±0.38	1.37±0.83	1.27±0.09	2.56
Niamey, Niger, 240s avg.						
0.1-0.3	238	2.26±0.27	2.51±0.34	0.49±0.10	1.44±0.12	2.13
0.3-0.5	1479	2.19±0.30	2.65±0.44	0.45±0.04	1.73±0.04	2.64
0.5-0.7	924	2.02±0.30	2.78±0.45	0.74±0.05	1.35±0.05	2.51
0.7-0.9	784	1.85±0.26	2.84±0.33	0.98±0.05	1.05±0.05	1.80
0.9-1.1	544	1.82±0.28	2.95±0.33	0.98±0.05	1.17±0.04	1.60
1.1-1.3	300	1.84±0.30	3.05±0.32	0.99±0.06	1.24±0.05	1.43
1.3-1.5	134	1.92±0.37	3.21±0.34	0.87±0.07	1.55±0.07	1.41

2

3 Ang. Exp. Is the Angstrom exponent of the extinction coefficient, N is the number of data
 4 points, the Ext. is the 500 nm extinction coefficient (Mm^{-1}) for dried particles, CCN is the
 5 number of CCN concentration (cm^{-3}). RMSe given here is 10 raised to the root mean square
 6 of the fitting error; an RMSe of 2, for example, means that the deviation of individual data

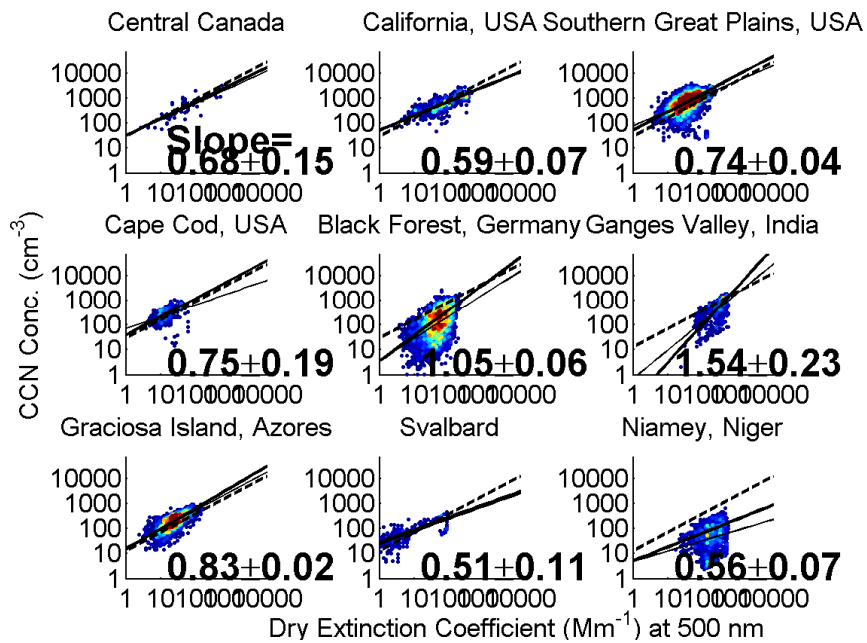
- 1 points is typically within a factor of 2 of the best estimate. The values after the \pm symbol
- 2 indicates the standard deviation or the square root of the variance.
- 3



1

2 Figure S1. Results of additional regression analysis. The color corresponds to the locations
 3 indicated in Figure 3a. The dot is for the 450 nm extinction coefficient; all others are for 500
 4 nm. The square is for the standard least squares method, the plus for the same method applied
 5 after the individual data points are averaged over 0.5-wide $\log_{10}\sigma$ bins, and the cross for the
 6 bisector method. The two bivariate markers and the standard least squares overlap between
 7 each other in several cases, especially for the RMS relative deviation.

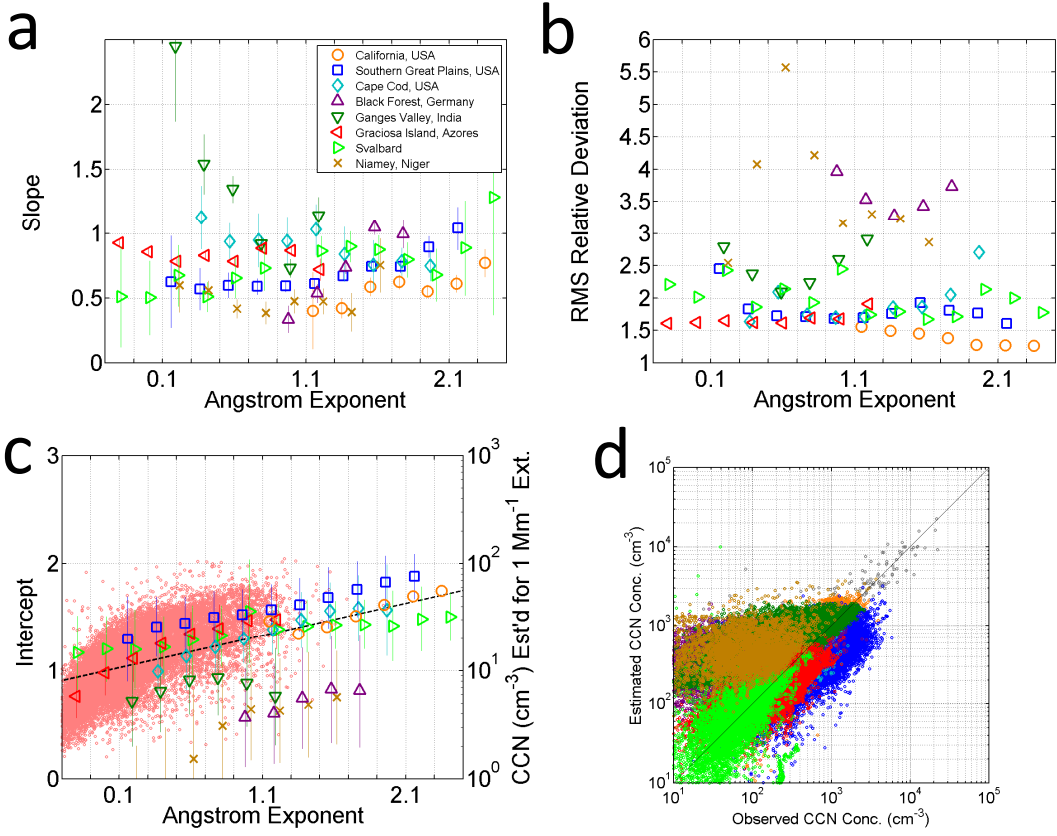
8



1

2 Figure S2. Same as Figure 2 but for supersaturation of 0.1-0.3% instead of 0.3-0.5%. This
 3 includes data from DISCOVER-AQ California for Angstrom exponent between 1.7 and 1.9.

4

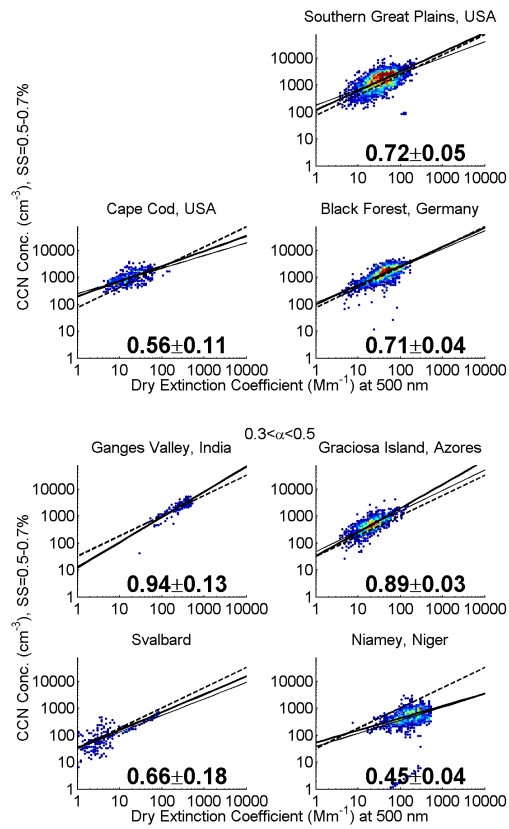


1

2

3 Figure S3. Same as Figure 3 but for supersaturation of 0.1-0.3% instead of 0.3-0.5%. The
 4 RMS difference calculated for all but Niamey data is a factor of 3.0.

5

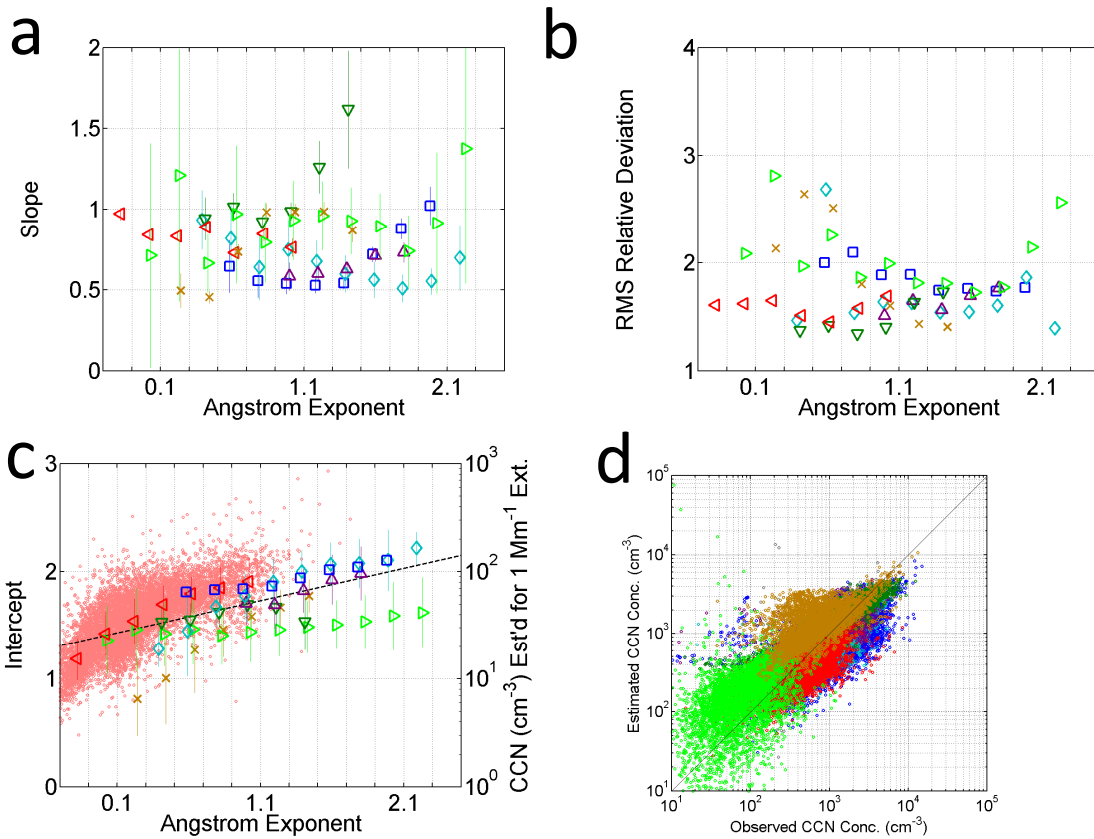


1

2

3 Figure S4. Same as Figure 2 but for supersaturation of 0.5-0.7% instead of 0.3-0.5%.

4



1

2

3 Figure S5. Same as Figure 3 but for supersaturation of 0.5-0.7% instead of 0.3-0.5%. The
 4 RMS difference calculated for all but Niamey data is a factor of 2.1.

5