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> Interactive Comment

## *Interactive comment on* "Variational estimates of black carbon emissions in the western United States" by Y. Mao et al.

## Anonymous Referee #2

Received and published: 2 October 2014

This study uses the GEOSH-CHEM adjoint model and BC observations from the IM-PROVE network to invert summertime anthropogenic and biomass burning BC emissions over the western U.S. The authors' best estimate for BC emissions are approximately twice the magnitude of the a priori inventories, which is very similar to the results previously obtained by the same group (Mao et al., 2014). In my opinion, the real value of this paper lies in the various sets of sensitivity and pseudo observation experiments, designed to test the adjoint's ability. These methods are novel and of great interest to the community. The paper is generally well written.

As a reviewer, I try in general to avoid recommending new experiments. However, in the present case, I do think that two sets of experiments (fortunately, relatively easy to do) would add to the comprehensiveness of the study. The first would be an inversion





of the total BC emission, since the adjoint cannot distinguish individual source sectors. The other would a pseudo observation inversion to determine if observations placed at strategic locations would improve the inversion of total emissions or sources.

Page 21870, Llne 27-page 21871, line 2: It is reassuring that the derivative of the cost function (J) calculated by the forward model is perfectly correlated with that calculated by the adjoint model. But why is the slope in Fig 2 not 1 (it is close to unity, but there is a 5% bias). For a perfectly linear species such as BC, one would imagin the slope to be unity.

Page 21872, lines 15-16; page 21873, line 20-25: I appreciate that characterizing the error structures of a priori emission inventories is difficult. But one would imagine that the errors of the a priori emission inventory would be spatially correlated, perhaps strongly so, particularly for biomass burning emissions (e.g., underestimation of sagriculture fires over extensive farming regions). I see that this is hinted at in page 21873, line 20-25. However, the use of gamma does not completely resolve this issue. A few words about how the spatial correlation of error may impact your inversion would be helpful.

Page 21873, line 14-28: What is this "hybrid" form? Please write out the mathematical form.

Page 21878, lines 3-8: The authors used an indirect method to evaluate the adjoint's ability to distinguish between anthropogenic and biomass burning sources. To me, this is the most interesting experiment in the paper, but the texts here are not very clear. Please re-write.

Page 21878, lines 3-8: Also, if the inversion is unable to distinguish between anthropogenic and biomass burning sources, would it not make sense to do an inversion on the total emission? What are the results?

Page 21881, lines 13-24: Again, this set of sensitivity tests are very interesting. Would

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it be possible to find out, using pseudo observations, at which locations would observations be most useful in constraining BC emission totals and sources? For example, I would imagine observations on the eastern slope of the Rockies (leeward of biomass burning emissions and less affected by precipitation) would be most effective.

Minor comments:

p21866, Line 13: What does 'both' refer to? Please specify. Also 'two-fold'.

p21866, Line 14: '... their respective a priori emission inventories, ...'

p21866, Line 16 and line 20: What does the 'inversion system' refer to? Are you talking about the adjoint or the analytical inversion system?

p21867, Line 7: '... and cause global warming (...)': the global warming effect of BC was already mentioned in the previous sentence.

p21867, Line 24: "increase in fires": are you referring to an increase in fire frequency, burnt area, emissions, or a combination thereof?

p21868, Lines 17-28: Here and throughout: When you say "inverse modeling" or "inverse system", it is not clear whether you are referring to the analytical inversion method, the adjoint method, or the general inversion problem. Please use consistent nomenclature.

Interactive comment on Atmos. Chem. Phys. Discuss., 14, 21865, 2014.

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