

Interactive comment on “The role of organic condensation on ultrafine particle growth during nucleation events” by D. Patoulias et al.

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General Comments:

1. *The authors present an updated version of the Dynamic Model for Aerosol Nucleation (DMAN) model, DMANx which includes the condensation of organic vapors on particles and the Volatility Basis Set (VBS) framework. The paper is certainly within the scope of ACP and I would recommend publication, following clarification on the below, only minor issues. The manuscript is reasonably well written, but I would recommend that the authors take another read through the discussion sections to see if they can improve the clarity and readability.*

We do appreciate the positive assessment. We have made several changes in the
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revised text in an effort to further improve it and avoid any misunderstandings. These changes are described below.

Specific / Minor Comments:

2. *p30769, line 23: The statement “Sulfuric acid is assumed to be in pseudo-steady state in DMANx” is not particularly useful by itself, you could add that you are talking about the concentration of sulfuric acid and referring to a steady state with its source (oxidation of SO₂) and sinks (nucleation and condensation).*

We have rephrased this sentence to clarify that the sulfuric acid concentration is calculated by assuming that its production rate (oxidation of sulfur dioxide) is equal to its consumption rate (condensation and nucleation).

3. *p30763, lines 27-29: I would recommend adding two more recent references to this list: Riccobono et al. (2014) for organics and Almeida et al. (2013) for amines.*

We have added the recommended references.

4. *p30770, line 22: This section is called “Aging of OA” and the process is referred to as such (although elsewhere you also mention “biogenic chemical aging” and “chemical aging of biogenic SOA”), but you’re talking about chemical gas-phase aging so it’s not really the OA that is aging? I think it’s important to distinguish because there could (in reality) be other processing in the particle phase that would need to be referred to as aging of OA. I would recommend deciding on one term, defining it, and using consistently throughout.*

This is a valid concern. We now use the term “chemical aging of SOA precursors” throughout the revised manuscript.

5. *p30772, line 22: it would be useful to have further details on what constitutes a*
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“typical spring day” at these locations, given that the meteorological inputs have come from observations – how did you choose what to use?

Using the available measurements at Hyytiala in April 2007 we have selected the days with nucleation events and estimated the observed average diurnal profile of the various meteorological variables. We did the same for Finokalia for the period of May 2008. The corresponding average profiles were assigned to the typical day. We have now added this information in the revised text to explain better the approach that we used to construct the “typical” nucleation day for each location and season.

6. *p30772, lines 23-25: This is slightly confusing and would benefit from clarification: the number size distribution is taken from observations, so do you just assume that each size bin contains half organics and half ammonium sulfate, by mass? Could this have been constrained by these, or any, observations?*

That is correct. For the initial distribution that was used as input in the model we assume that each size bin contains half organics and half ammonium sulfate. Our results are not especially sensitive to this assumed initial composition; the initial particle size distribution is a lot more important. We do clarify this point in the revised manuscript.

7. *p30773, line 7 and Figures 1 2 (b), 4 (a), 6 (a): What size are the “initial / new / fresh” particles that you are tracking the composition of. In Section 2.1 you say “it is assumed that the nucleated particles consist of NH_4HSO_4 ”, so at what size do your new particles “appear”?*

The newly formed particles have a diameter of 1 nm and consist of ammonium bisulfate. We have added this information to the text.

8. *p30775, lines 6 – 11: you could move these extra details into Section 2.6 and have a more complete description there; it’s slightly confusing to refer to the same*

rate constant twice but differently i.e., 1×10^{-11} (in Section 2.6) and 10×10^{-12} (in Section 4.3). You should also mention the fact that you are generating these low-volatility organics assuming a reaction with OH, whereas the results of Ehn et al. (2014) were based on ozonolysis reactions.

We have moved these details to Section 2.6. We have changed the rate constant to $1 \times 10^{-11} \text{ cm}^3 \text{ molec}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$ and clarified the differences with the Ehn et al. (2014) mechanism.

9. *p30776, line 13: you could state here that you have set $\sigma = 0 \text{ N/m}$, since this is how you discuss the surface tension in Section 4.2.*

We have added the suggested information.

10. *p30776, lines 18-19: What are you basing this statement on? Figure S5 just tells you about the size of the particles.*

We have changed the sentence “The mass concentration of new particles increases due to the condensation of organics” to “The size of the new particles increases due to the condensation of organics.”

11. *p30777, lines 7-8: Again, I'm not sure that you have shown that? The Figures just show the mass fraction and the increasing contribution of organics over time, but we don't know anything about the actual mass of the ultrafine particles? You could replace “mass” with “size”.*

To be more precise, we have replaced the word “mass” with “size” in this sentence.

12. *p30777, line 10: A significant reduction relative to what? In this paragraph you could add some citations to literature that discusses these processes as I don't think you can demonstrate this from your own simulations.*

The “significant reduction” refers to the number concentration of small particles and is relative to the case without condensation of organic vapors. We have now added this in the text as well as some references for the discussed coagulation probability (Kuang et al., 2009; Westervelt et al., 2013; 2014) as suggested by the reviewer.

13. *p30778, line 9: this seems like a smaller increase in N100, rather than a “similar increase” due to sulfuric acid.*

We have replaced the phrase “a similar increase” with “a smaller increase”.

14. *p30778, line 13: you could add some discussion here on the reason for the shorter delay before the onset of N100 increase in the no organics case, compared to Hyytiala?*

This is due both to the importance for sulfuric acid for the growth of particles to sizes larger than 100 nm in Finokalia but also to the faster photochemistry (much higher OH levels). We have added the corresponding discussion in the text.

Technical Comments:

15. *p30763, line 15: consider rephrasing “damage can be bigger” with “damage can be greater”:*

Rephrased.

16. *p30766, line 7: replace “Basic” with “Basis”*

Done.

17. *p30770, line 14: replace “Basic” with “Basis”*

Done.

18. p30771, line 8: replace “test” with “tested”.

Done.

19. p30773, line 19: suggest replacing “in the end of the day” with “at the end of the day”.

Done.

20. p30774, line 17: insert “new” or “newly formed” before “particles”

Done.

21. p30774, line 17: the Murphy et al. (2012) reference is missing from the reference list, should it be Murphy et al. (2009) instead?

We have corrected the typo replacing “Murphy et al. (2012)” with “Murphy et al. (2009)”.

22. p30776, line 7-9: suggest rephrasing here (for ease of reading) to something like: “During the day the organic mass fraction increases, reaching a maximum of 45 percent of the nucleated particle mass and consisting of 30 percent low-volatility and 70 percent semi-volatile organics.”

Done.

23. p30777, line 3: replace “and” with a comma?

Done.

24. p30778, line 6: are you referring to the daily mean number concentration?

Yes, we refer to the daily mean number concentration. We have added this information.

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25. p30778, line 18: suggest replacing “in the end of the day” with “at the end of the day”

Done.

26. p30779, line 25: you need to say what this increase is relative to (i.e., a simulation without organics), otherwise it could be interpreted as an increase over time.

We have rephrased this sentence to clarify that the increase is relative to a simulation in which the condensation of organics is neglected.

27. p30798, Figure 7: It would be useful to have a legend to indicate what the different colored lines mean, rather than having to read this in the caption. Caption: remove space between “B” and “lack” in second sentence.

We have added the legend and corrected the typo.

Comments on Supplementary Material:

28. p39, Figure S4: Based on the text I think this caption should say *Finokalia*, rather than *Hyytiala*?

We thank the reviewer for this correction. We have replaced “Hyytiala” with “Finokalia”.

29. Figure S5 – S8: For clarity, I would add to these captions that these simulations do not include the chemical aging of biogenic oxidation products.

Done.

References

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