



Supplement of

Frequency of new particle formation events in the urban Mediterranean climate

M. Brines et al.

Correspondence to: M. Brines (mariola.brines@idaea.csic.es)

Table S1: Exact locations of the selected SMPS sampling sites, their elevation and site type.

City	Site	Latitude	Longitude	Elevation n (m.a.s.l.)	Site type
Barcelona, Spain	Palau Reial	41°23'14" N	2°6'56"E	78 m	Urban background
Madrid, Spain	CIEMAT	40°27'30" N	3°43'30"W	655 m	Suburban background
Rome, Italy	Montelibretti	42°06'38" N	12°38'05"E	47 m	Regional background
Brisbane, Australia	QUT	27°28'43" S	153°1'44"E	10 m	Urban background
Los Angeles, USA	USC	34°1'9"N	118°16'39" W	61 m	Urban background

Table S2: Sampling period of the SMPS instruments and their characteristics and size range at each selected city.

City	Sampling period	SMPS model	SMPS size range	Size bins
Barcelona (BCN)	30/07/2012- 04/08/2013 (7295 h)	TSI (DMA 3081, CPC 3772)	11.3-358.7 nm	97
Madrid (MAD)	10/01/2007- 12/12/2008 (12482 h)	TSI (DMA 3071, CPC 3022)	17.5-572.9 nm	34
Rome (ROM)	26/09/2007- 07/05/2009 (3373 h)	TSI (DMA 3081, CPC 3775)	15.1-224.7 nm (10.2-615.3 nm)	76 (87, 93, 104)
Brisbane (BNE)	01/01/2009- 31/12/2009 (6227 h)	TSI (EC 3080, CPC 3781)	10.2-101.8 nm	65
Los Angeles (LA)	04/09/2009- 10/12/2009 (2184 h)	TSI (DMA 3081, CPC 3022A)	15.7-371.8 nm	89

Table S3: Summary of the measurements and sampling period at the selected cities. V⁺ indicates the measurement site is different to the SMPS site.

City	Ancillary data site	Meteorological data				Gaseous Pollutants				Particulate Matter				Other			
		T	RH	ws/ wd	Rain	SR	NO	NO ₂	O ₃	CO	SO ₂	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	PM ₁	NO ₃ ⁻	N	BC
Barcelona (BCN)	Palau Reial, Fac. of Physics ⁺	V ⁺	V ⁺	V ⁺	V ⁺	V ⁺	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V
Madrid (MAD)	CIEMAT, Casa de Campo ⁺	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V	V ⁺	V	V ⁺	V ⁺	V ⁺	V		
Rome (ROM)	Buf ⁺	V ⁺	V ⁺	V ⁺	V ⁺	V ⁺	V ⁺	V ⁺	V ⁺		V ⁺						
Brisbane (BNE)	Rocklea ⁺	V ⁺	V ⁺	V ⁺	V ⁺	V ⁺	V ⁺	V ⁺	V ⁺			V ⁺	V ⁺			V ⁺	
Los Angeles (LA)	South Coast AQMD ⁺	V ⁺	V ⁺	V ⁺	V ⁺		V ⁺	V ⁺	V ⁺	V ⁺	V ⁺	V ⁺	V ⁺		V		

Table S4: Overall occurrence (%) of each cluster at each site, classified into different categories (Traffic, Background, Nucleation and Specific case).

Category	Subcategory	Barcelon a	Madrid	Rome	Brisbane	Los Angeles
Traffic	Traffic 1 (T1)	27%	25%	7%	24%	36%
	Traffic 2 (T2)	24%	22%	27%	-	-
	Traffic 3 (T3)	12%	11%	7%	20%	25%
Background	Urban Background (UB)	15%	6%	25%	22%	6%
	Summer Background (SB)	-	7%	-	-	-
	Regional Background (RB)	-	-	28%	-	-
Nucleation	Nucleation (NU)	15%	19%	6%	14%	33%
Specific case	Nitrate (NIT)	7%	10%	-	-	-
	Growth 1 (G1)	-	-	-	10%	-
	Growth 2 (G2)	-	-	-	10%	-
Total		100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

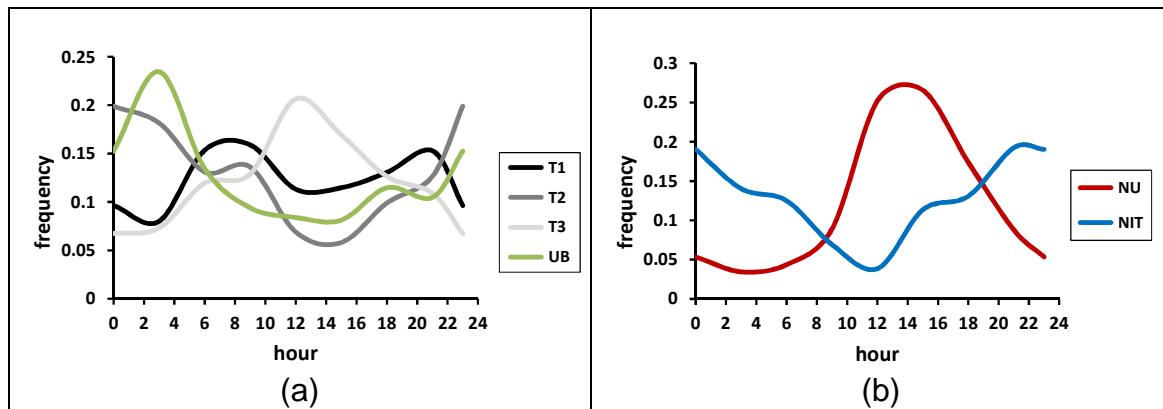
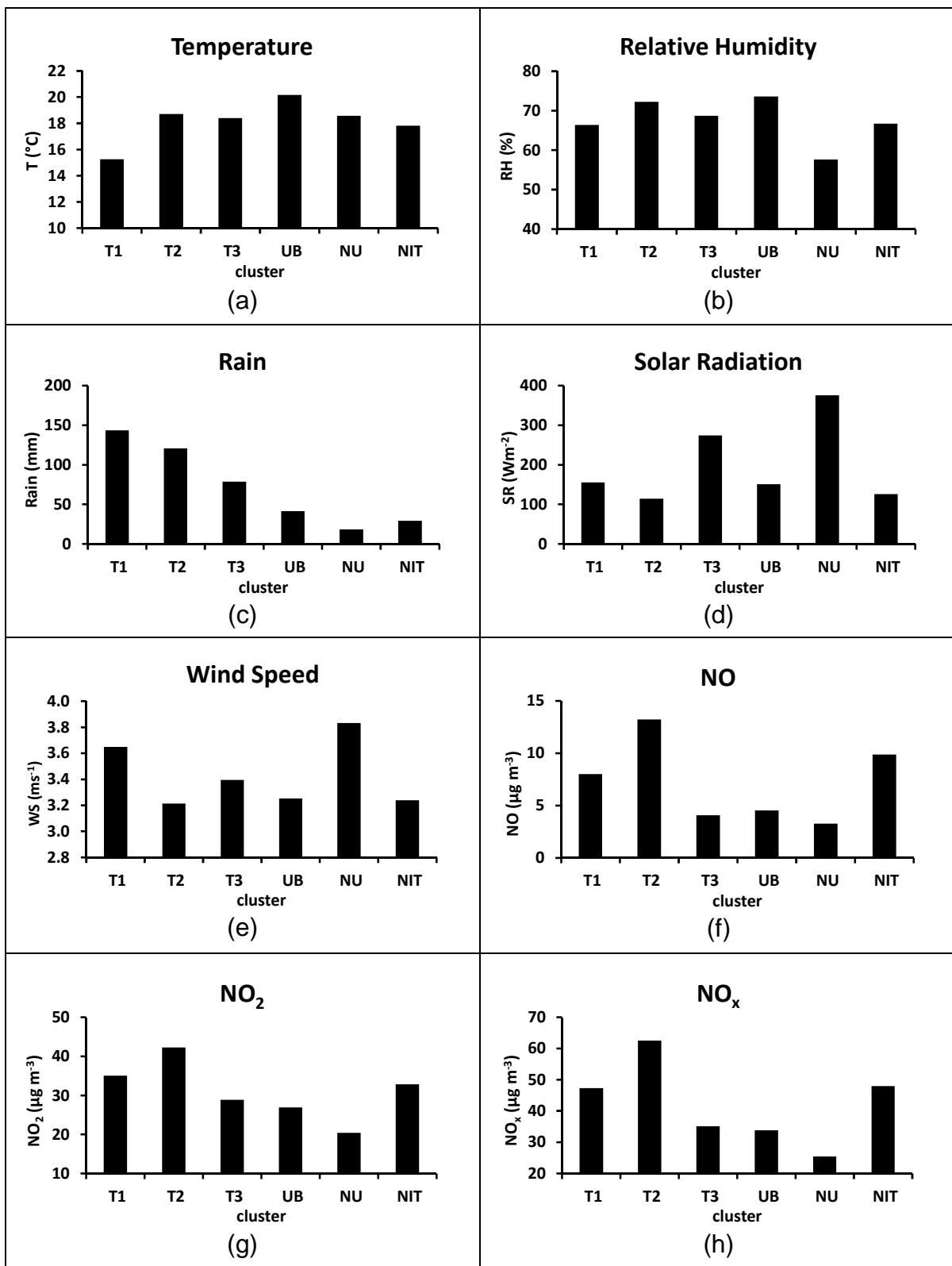


Figure S1: Diurnal trends for the main clusters: a) Traffic1 (T1), Traffic2 (T2), Traffic3 (T3) and Urban Background (UB); b) Nucleation (NU) and Nitrate (NIT). Although they are extracted from the results for Barcelona, they are representative of the rest of the cities.



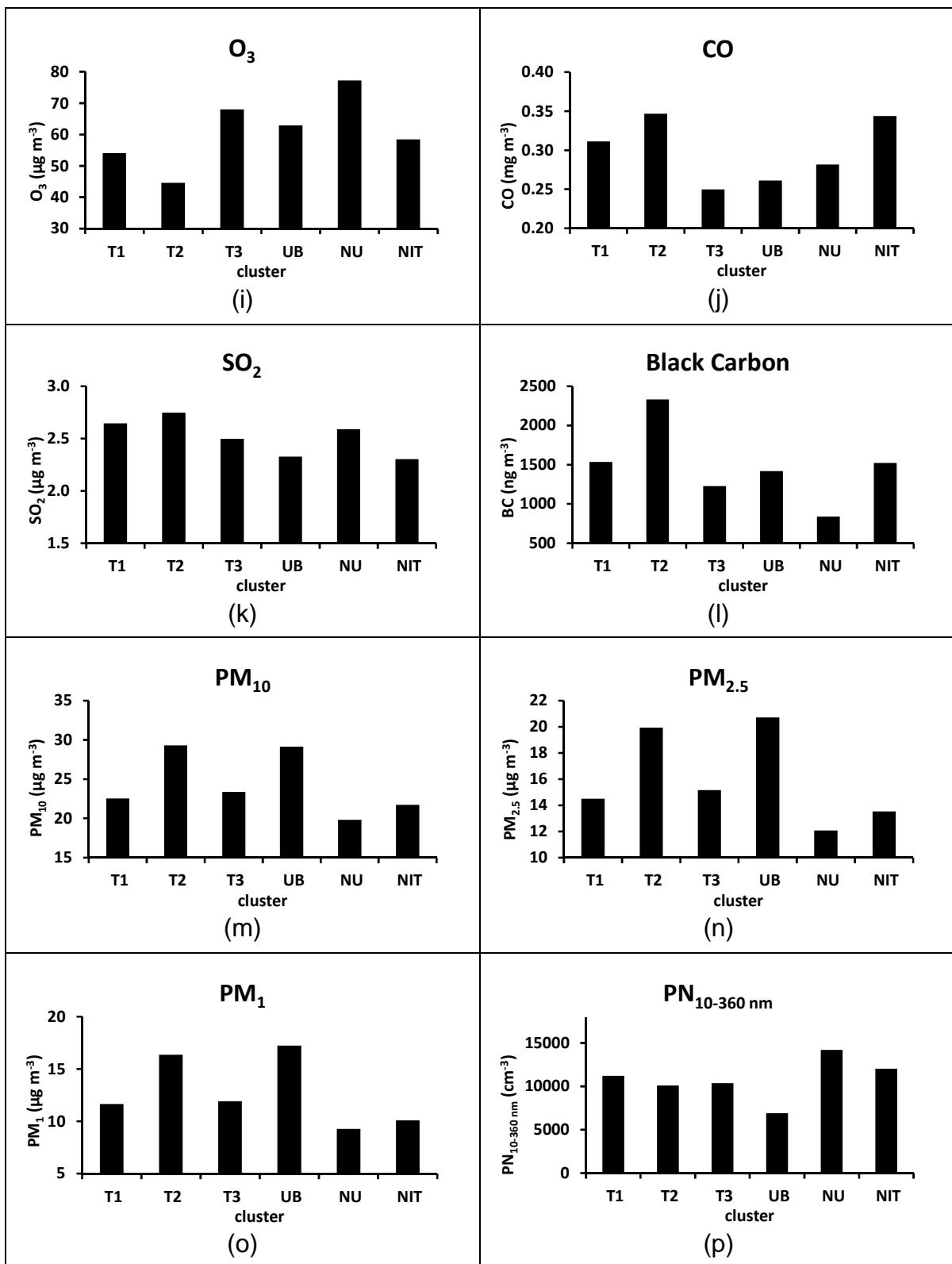


Figure S2: Meteorological parameters and gaseous pollutants for the main clusters: a) Temperature, b) Relative Humidity, c) Rain, d) Solar Radiation, e) Wind Speed, f) NO, g) NO₂, h) NO_x, i) O₃, j) CO, k) SO₂, l) Black carbon, m) PM₁₀, n) PM_{2.5}, o) PM₁, p) PN_{10-360 nm}. Although they are extracted from the results for Barcelona, the trend followed by clusters is representative of the rest of the cities.

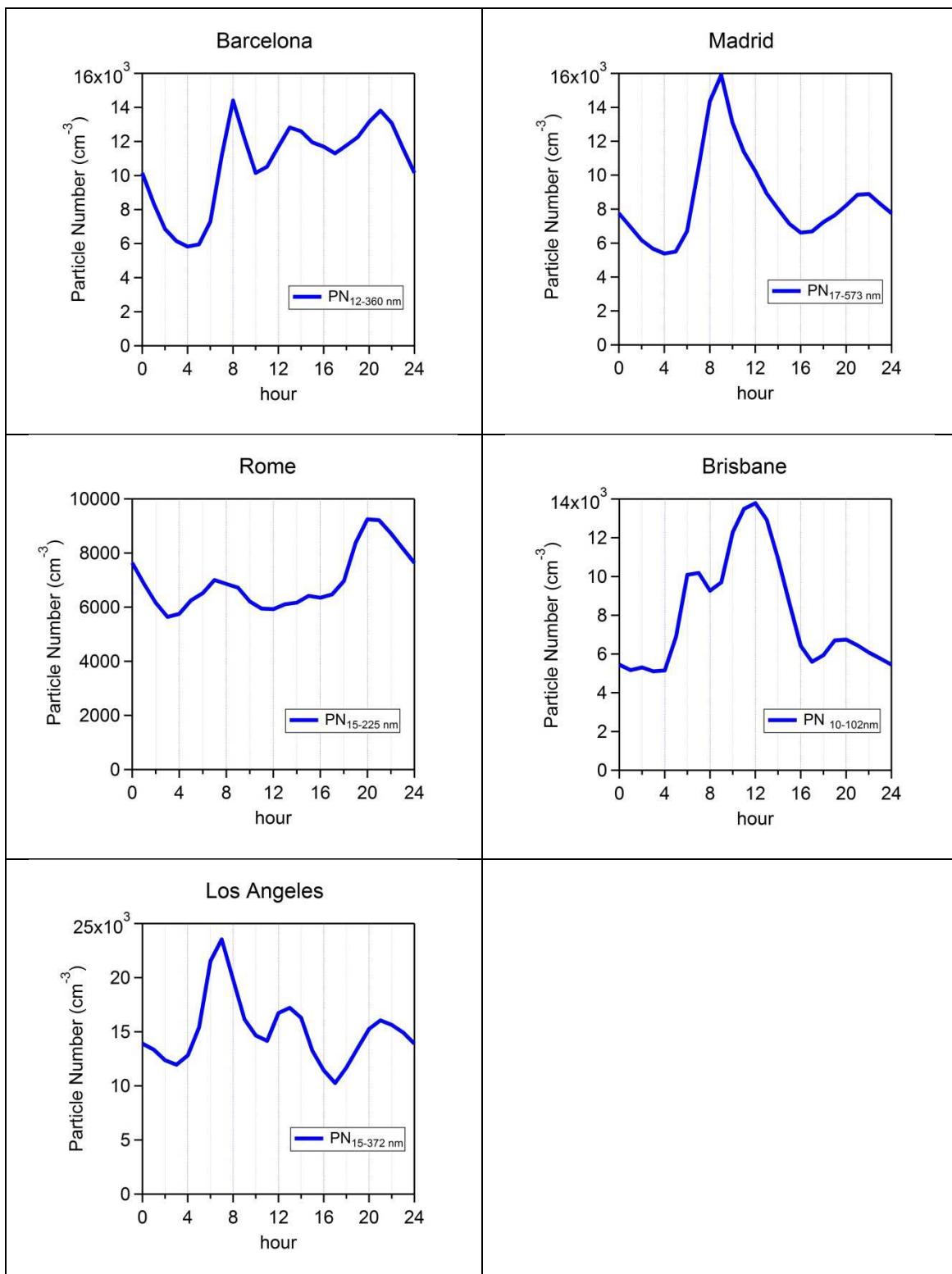


Figure S3: Average daily particle number concentration for the study periods at each city.