

Interactive comment on “Estimating cloud optical thickness and associated surface UV irradiance from SEVIRI by implementing a semi-analytical cloud retrieval algorithm” by P. Pandey et al.

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This scientific communication is of interest due to the fact that the link between clouds and irradiance is a growing topic under broken clouds conditions. The choice of UV wavelengths could be understood as the safety of humans against skin injuries is important, but I think that an extension to visible and near infrared could be also of interest. After domestic deployments of solar cells for domestic purposes, we observe a growth of photovoltaic industrial facilities and the cloud optical thickness is for them of great interest as it will have a strong impact of the incoming radiation at the PV cell level.

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As mentioned in my first comments, authors show with a lot of details their method but does not show obtained improvement compared to other studies like Ph Peeters one.

In the comparison between ground base measurements and satellite data, I suggest to authors to provide information concerning the spatial resolution of each method. This element can provide interesting considerations for results comment.

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