

***Interactive comment on “The impact of a future H<sub>2</sub>-based road transportation sector on the composition and chemistry of the atmosphere – Part 2: Stratospheric ozone” by D. Wang et al.***

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This continues the approach from the part 1 of this activity. The model is now slightly different, uses WACCM dynamics to drive MOZART-3. MOZART-3 includes stratosphere, mesosphere and thermosphere and the appropriate chemistry to represent these atmospheric zones. The scenarios are similar to that employed in part 1 and there is not much different. Again, the paper is of the quality of technical report submitted to a funding agency of impact assessment. These types of papers always present a problem in that there is no new science, model development or methodologies and generally report results from a selected number of scenarios designed to estimate the impacts. Again, as is the case for the Part 1 paper, it may be useful to have this available in open literature in addition to reports submitted to the funding agencies to expose

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this to wider audience. This is purely a model based assessment and the comparison is to other model runs. The results seem reasonable and what one would expect under the various scenarios. The Part1 discussed the affect of H<sub>2</sub> emissions on CH<sub>4</sub> lifetime and it was said to increase by 7 to 9% in the model used in those simulations (CAM-CHEM). It is interesting that there is no discussion on CH<sub>4</sub> lifetimes in this paper, where one would expect CH<sub>4</sub> to play a role in the chemistry of the lower stratosphere. How much of the changes in HO<sub>x</sub> chemistry in the lower stratosphere in this model are due to the increase in CH<sub>4</sub> tropospheric lifetime?

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