Auxiliary Materials for

Evaluation of Factors Controlling Global Secondary Organic Aerosol Production from Cloud Processes

C. He[1] , J. Liu[1], A.G. Carlton[2], S. Fan[3], L.W. Horowitz[3], H. Levy II[3], and S. Tao[1]

[1]{ College of Urban and Environmental Sciences, Peking University, Beijing, China}

[2]{Department of Environmental Sciences, Rutgers University, New Brunswick, NJ, U.S.A.}

[3]{Geophysical Fluid Dynamics Laboratory (GFDL) , Princeton, NJ, U.S.A.}
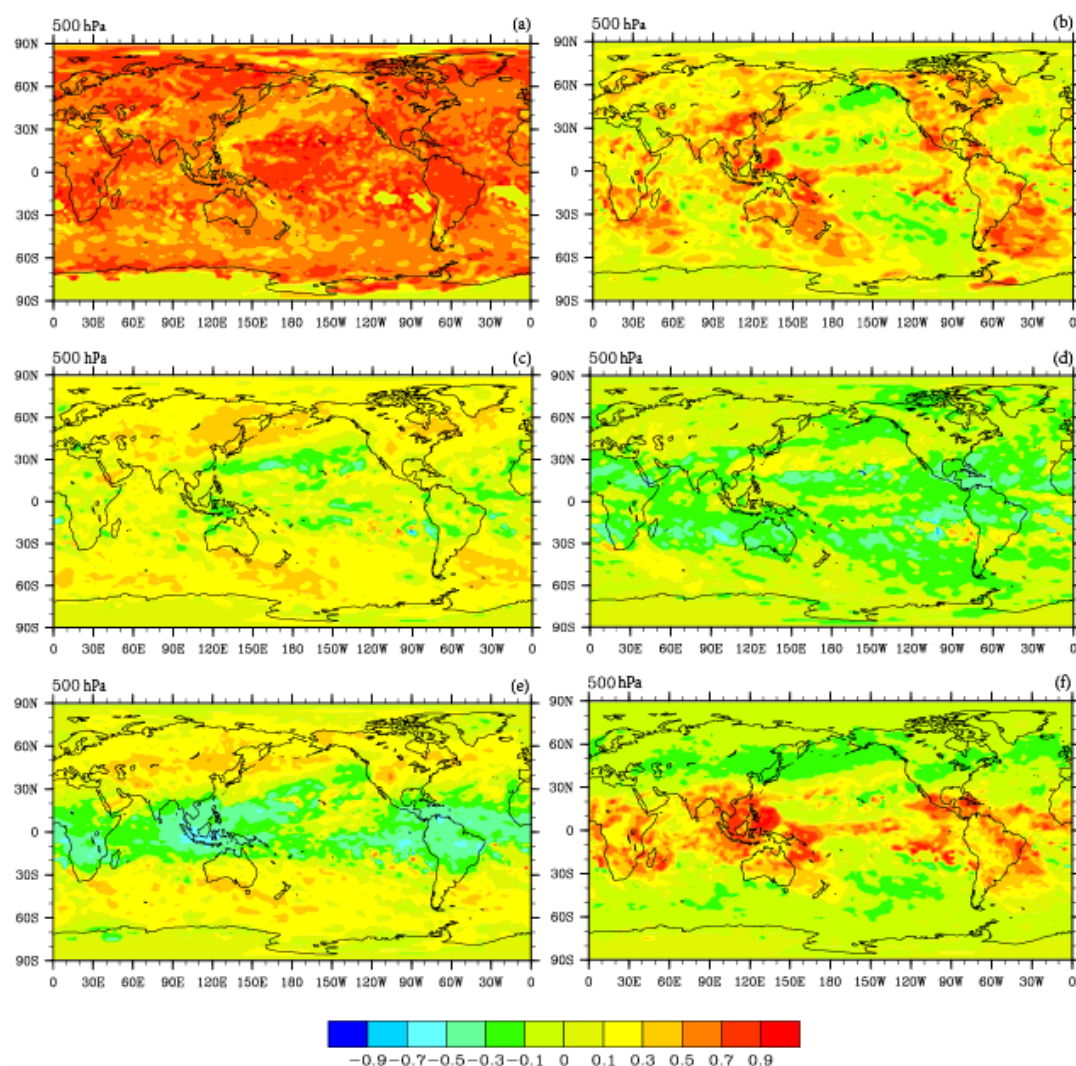
Correspondence to: J. Liu (jfliu@pku.edu.cn)

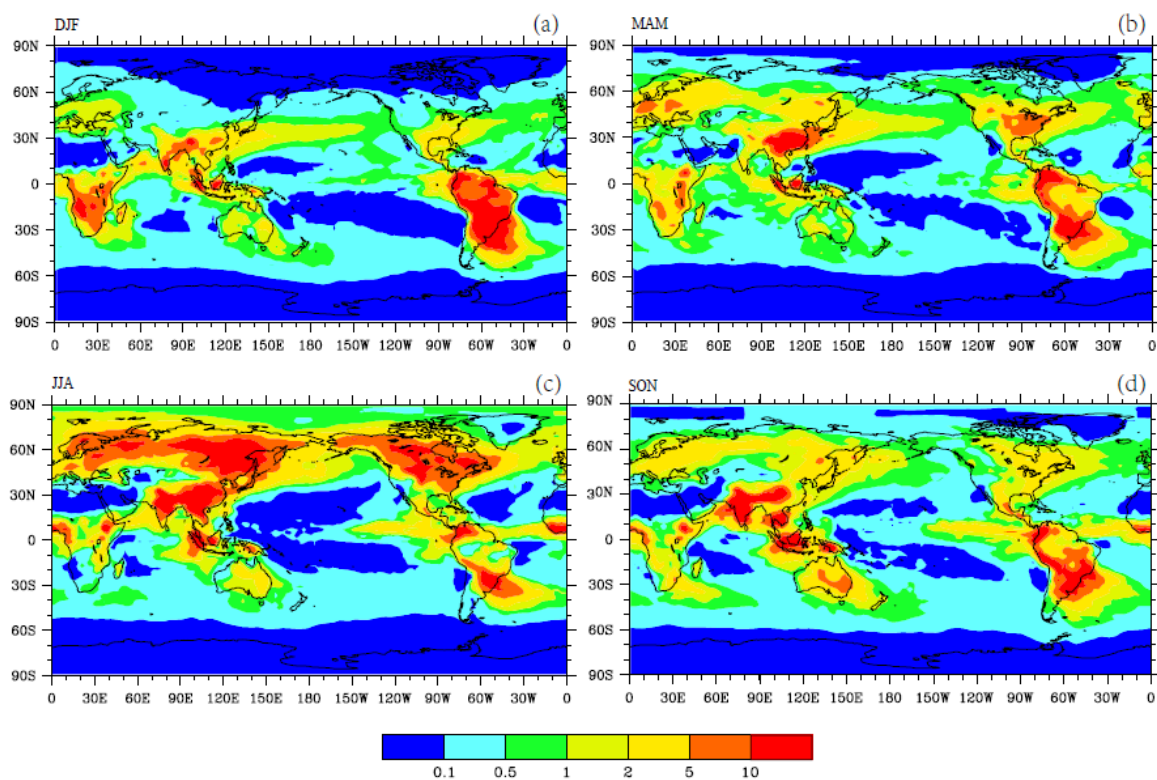Figure S1. Distribution of the correlation (r) between SOA_{cld} production and (a) LWC, (b) TC_{loss} , (c) temperature, (d) O_3, (e) OH, (f) VOC/NOx at 500hPa

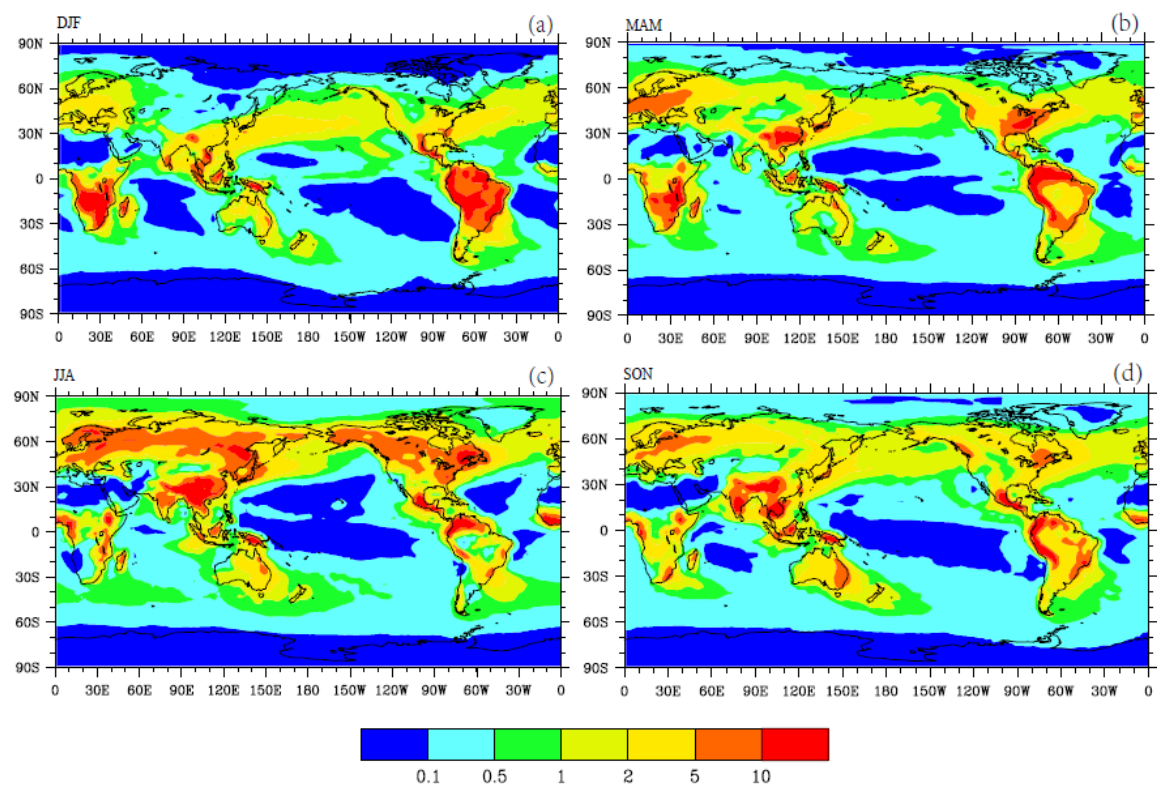Figure S2. Process-based seasonal averaged column production of SOA$_{cld}$ in DJF, MAM, JJA, and SON (unit: ng·m^{-2}·s^{-1})

Figure S3. Parameterized seasonal averaged column production of SOA$_{cld}$ in DJF, MAM, JJA, and SON (unit: ng·m^{-2}·s^{-1})
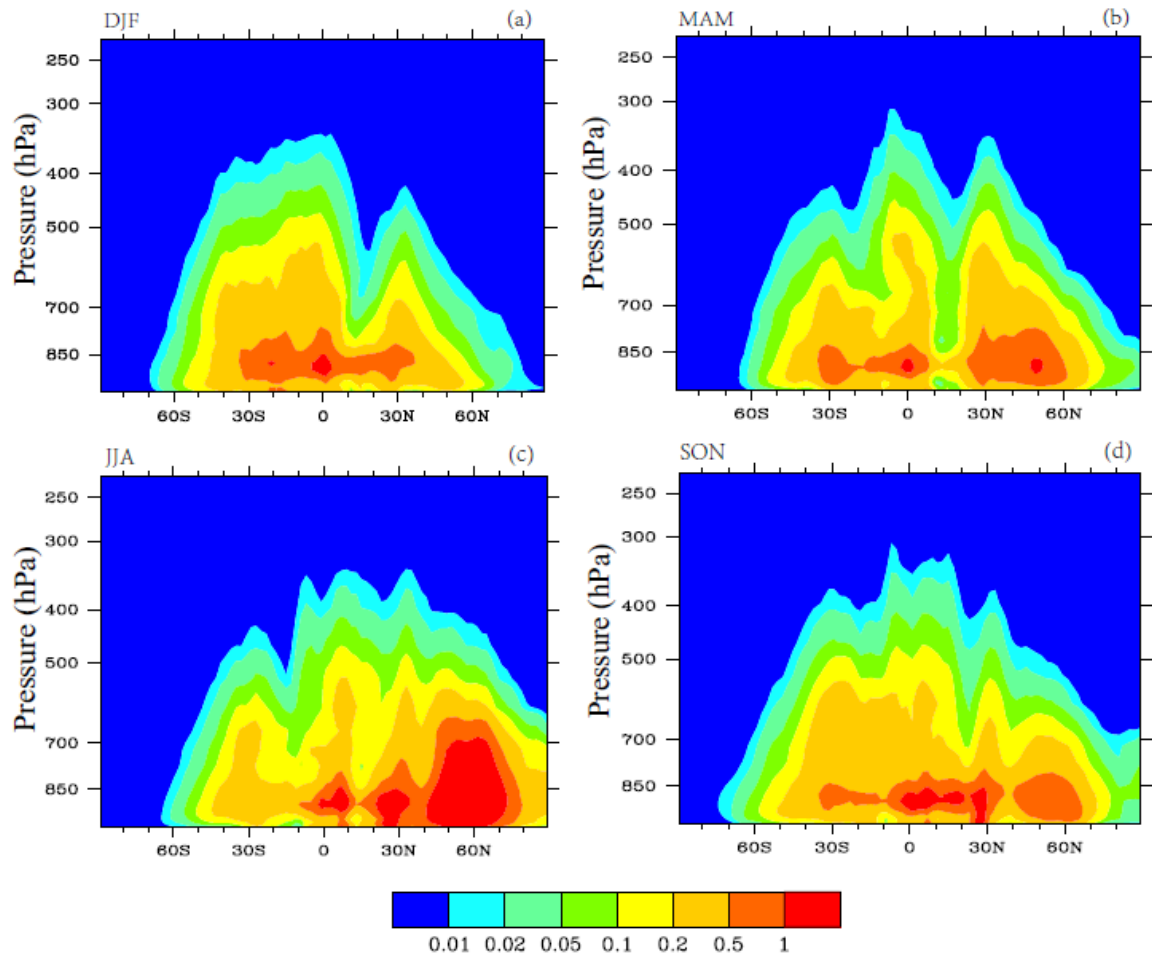
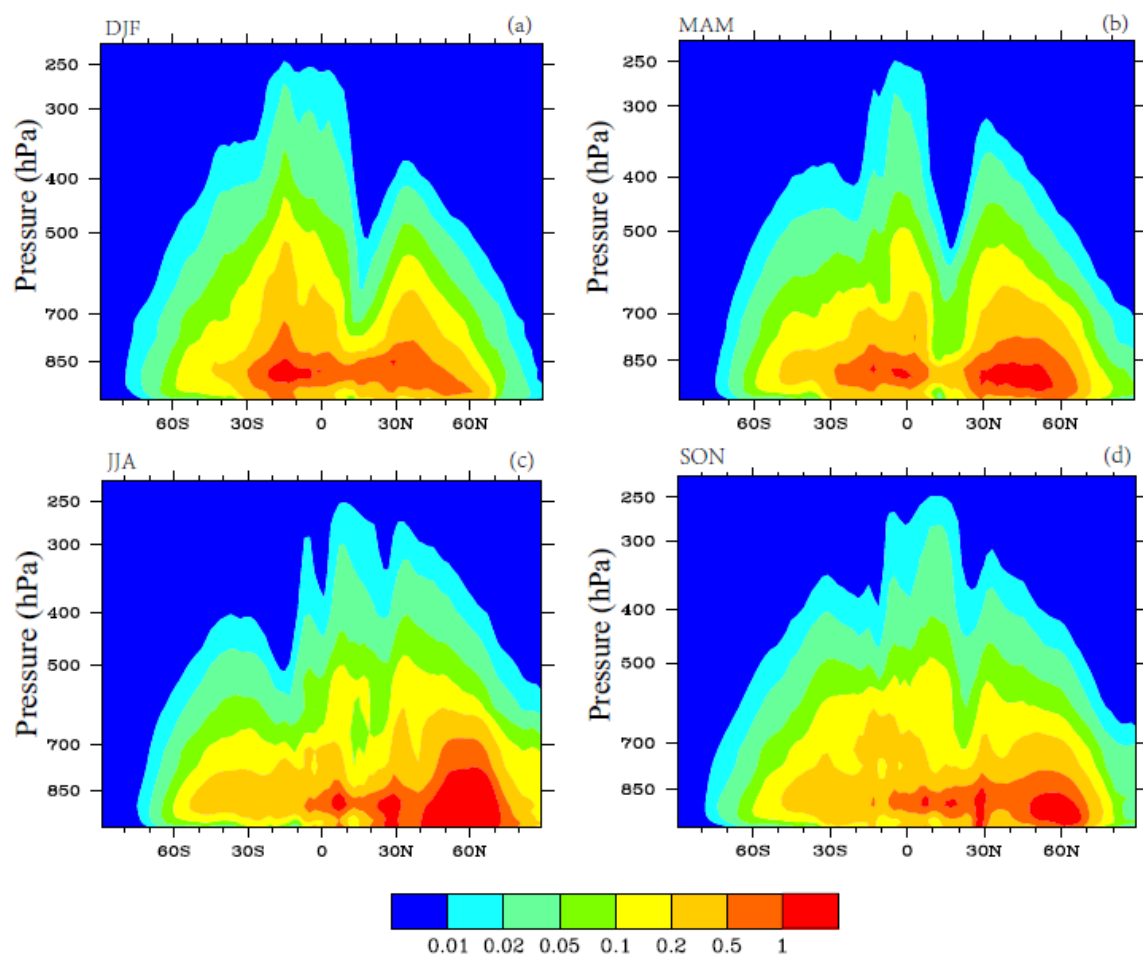Figure S4. Process-based seasonal averaged zonal mean production of SOA_{cld} in DJF, MAM, JJA, and SON (unit: $pg \cdot m^{-3} \cdot s^{-1}$)

Figure S5. Parameterized seasonal averaged zonal mean production of SOA$_{cld}$ in DJF, MAM, JJA, and SON (unit: pg·m^{-3}·s^{-1})
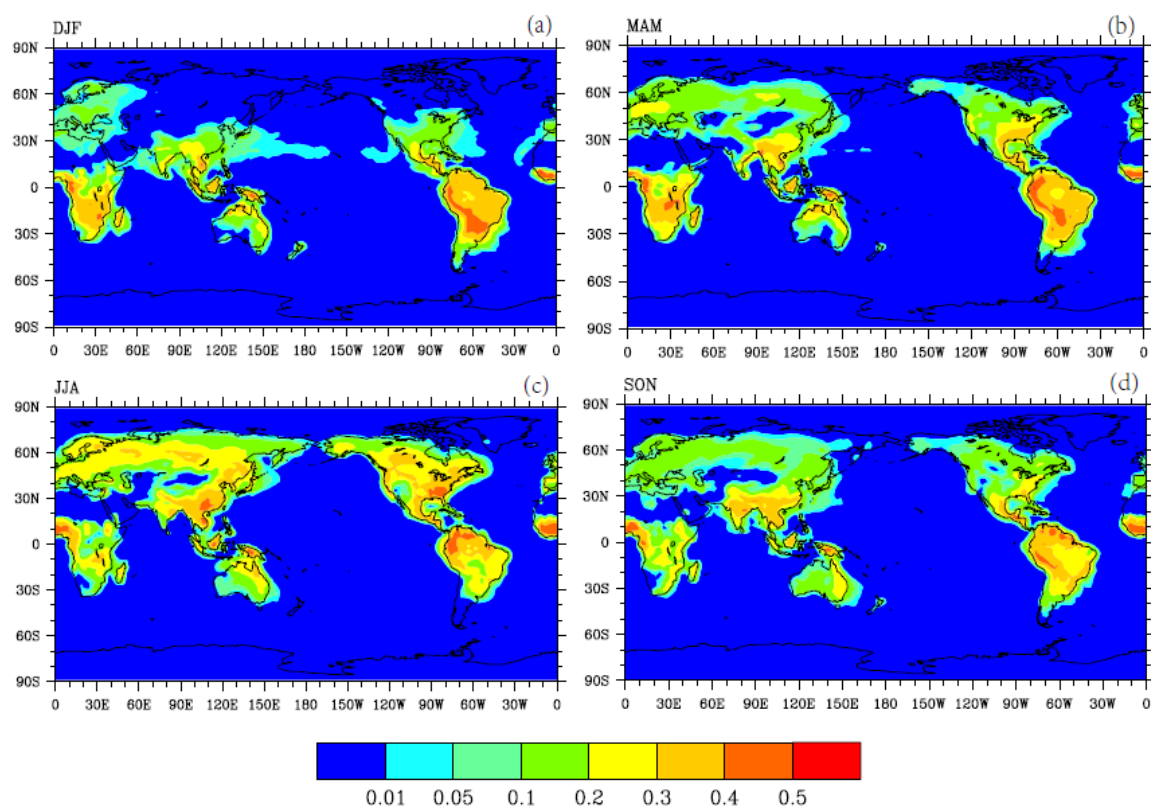
Figure S6. Relative change of seasonal averaged column production of SOA_{cld} as a result of 20% increase in parameter γ

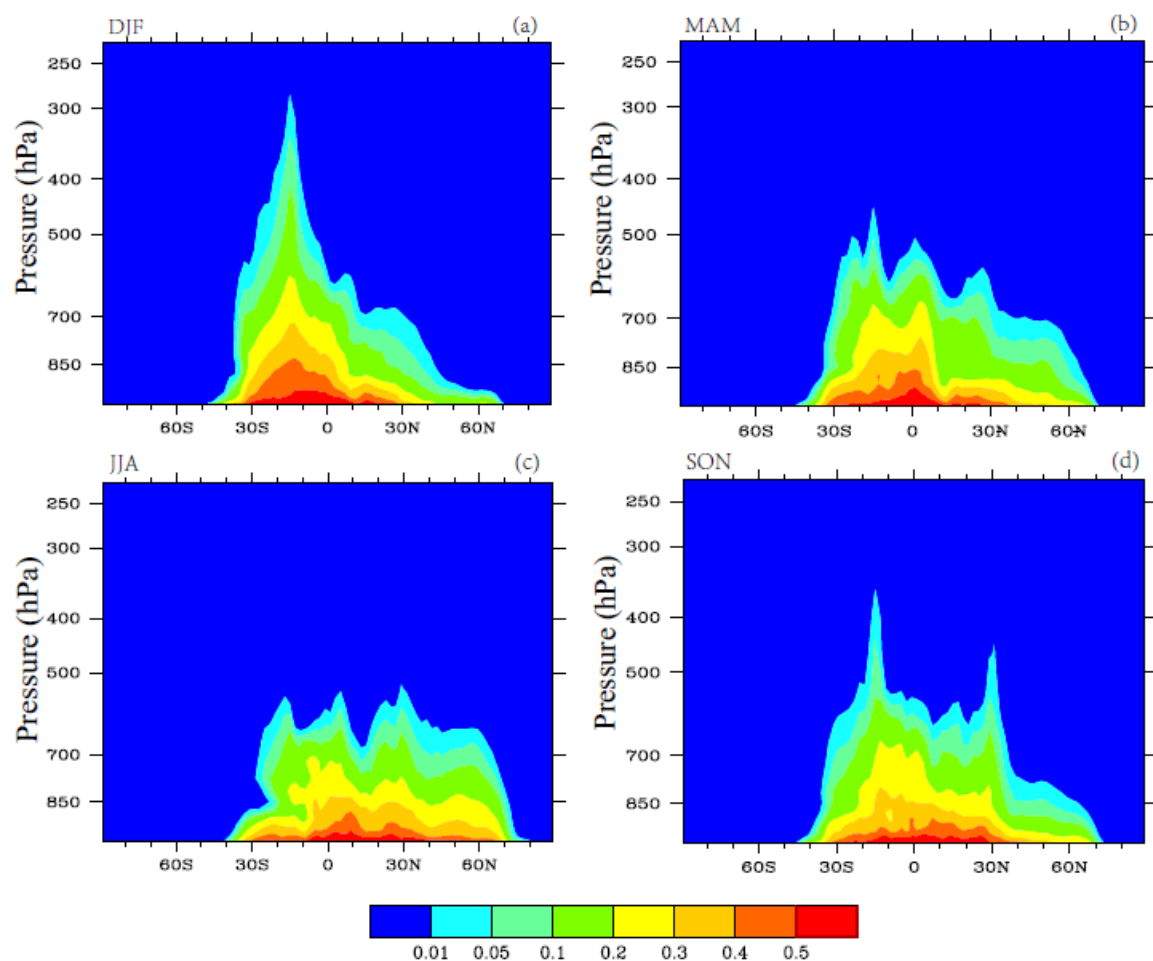Figure S7. Relative change of seasonal averaged zonal mean production of SOA$_{cld}$ as a result of 20% increase in parameter γ