- **Supplementary material to be published together with the article**
- 2 "Implementation of dust emission and chemistry into the Community
- 3 Multiscale Air Quality modeling system and initial application to an Asian
- dust storm episode" by K. Wang, Y. Zhang, A. Nenes, and C. Fountoukis

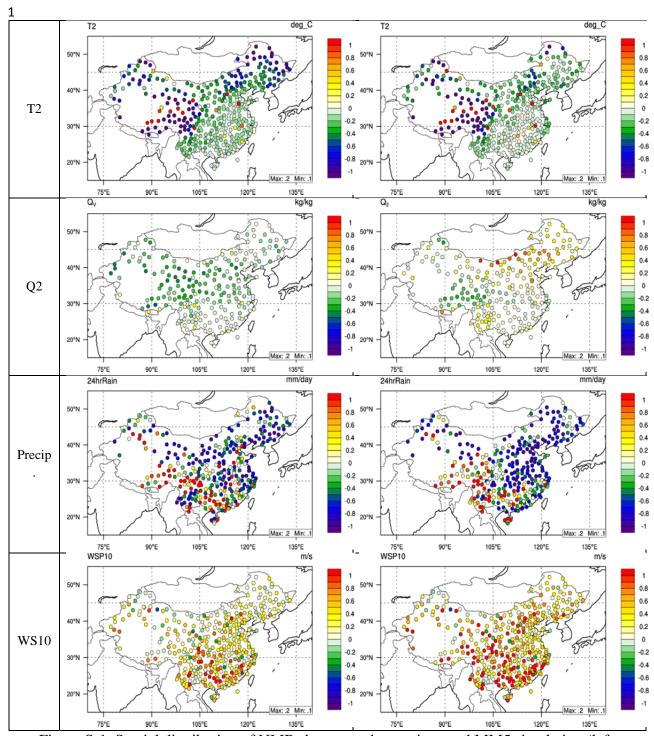


Figure S-1. Spatial distribution of NMBs between observations and MM5 simulation (left panel) and WRF simulation (right panel) for temperature at 2 m (T2), water vapor mixing ratio at 2 m (Q2), 24 h total precipitation (Precip.), and wind speed at 10 m (WS10) over China for April 2001.

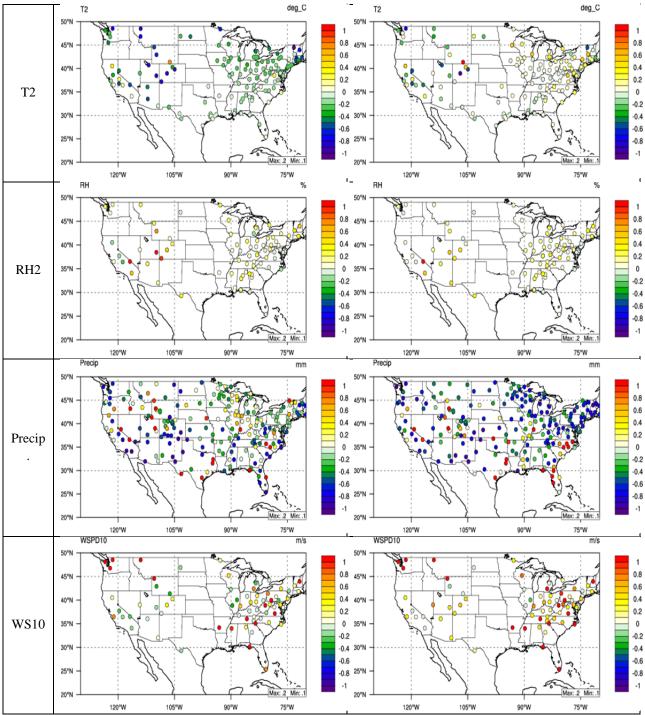


Figure S-2. Spatial distribution of NMBs between observations and MM5 simulation (left

- 2 panel) and WRF simulation (right panel) for temperature at 2 m (T2), relative humidity at 2
- 3 m (RH2), weekly total precipitation (Precip.), and wind speed at 10 m (WS10) over the U.S.
- 4 for April 2001.

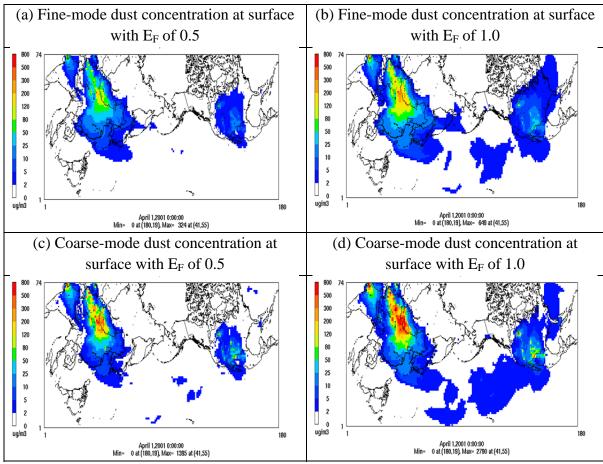


Figure S-3. The predicted monthly-mean (a)-(b) fine-mode dust and (c)-(d) coarse-mode dust concentrations with E_F of 0.5 (left panel) and 1.0 (right panel) at surface from the Zender scheme in CMAQ-Dust.

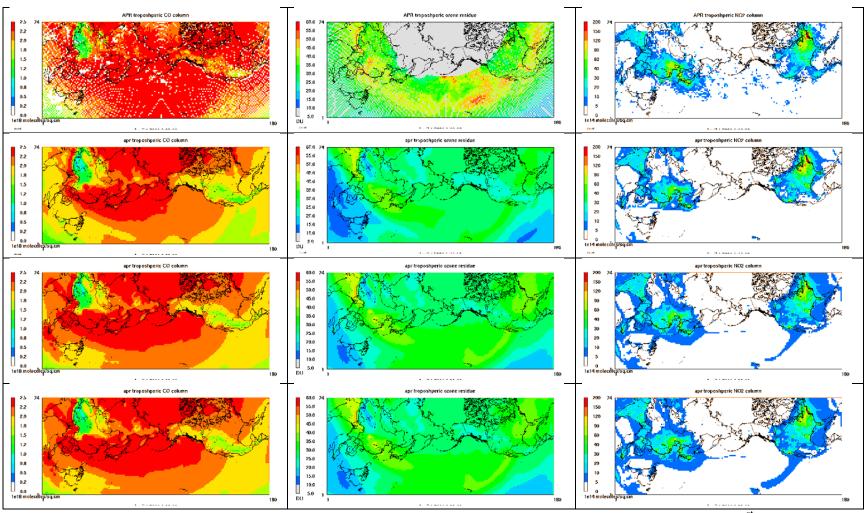


Figure S-4. Spatial distribution of column variables (from left to right: CO, TOR, NO₂) from satellite observations (1st row), CMAQ v4.4 (2nd row), DEFAULT CMAQ v4.7 simulation (3rd row) and DUST simulation (4th row) in April 2001.

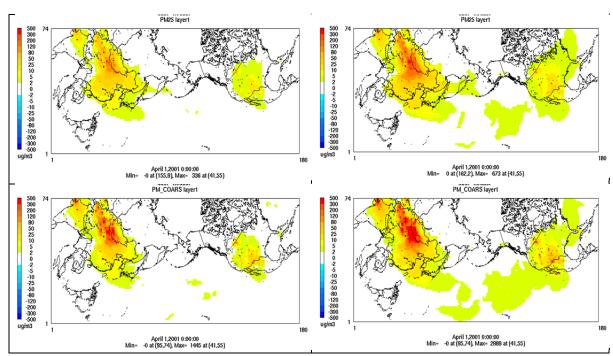


Figure S-5. Spatial distribution of differences between simulations DUST and

- 2 BASELINE_NO_DUST (left panel) and between simulations DUST_HIGH_EF and
- 3 BASELINE_NO_DUST (right panel) at surface layer for PM_{2.5} and PM_{coarse} in April 2001.

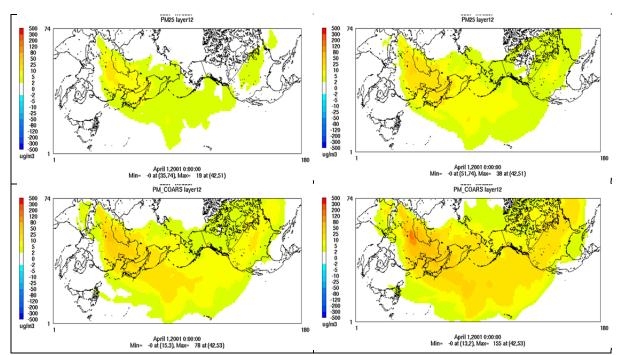


Figure S-6. Spatial distribution of differences between simulations DUST and

- 2 BASELINE_NO_DUST (left panel) and between simulations DUST_HIGH_EF and
- 3 BASELINE_NO_DUST (right panel) at an altitude of ~5-km for PM_{2.5} and PM_{coarse} in April
- 4 2001.