- 1 Q10-Table 1. Geolocations and research periods of the suitable AERONET stations for
- 2 aerosol trend analysis in alphabetical order. [Yoon et al., 2011]

| Selected AERONET Stations | Regions | Countries | Geolocations (lat.[°]/lon.[°]/ alt.[m]) | Periods |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|--|----------|
| (a) Avignon | Western Europe | France | 43.93/4.88/32 | 2001~200 |
| (b) Banizoumbou | West Africa | Niger | 13.54/2.66/250 | 2002~20 |
| (c) Beijing | East Asia | China | 39.98/116.38/92 | 2003~20 |
| (d) Dakar | West Africa | Senegal | 14.39/-16.96/0 | 2004~20 |
| (e) GSFC | North America | USA | 38.99/-76.84/87 | 1995~20 |
| (f) Ispra | Western Europe | Italy | 45.80/8.63/235 | 2001~20 |
| (g) Mauna⊥Loa | Free troposphere (Pacific) | USA | 19.54/-155.58/3397 | 1998~20 |
| (h) MD_Science_Center | North America | USA | 39.28/-76.62/15 | 2000~20 |
| (i) Mongu | South Africa | Zambia | -15.25/23.15/1107 | 2000~20 |
| (j) Ouagadougou | West Africa | Burkina Faso | 12.20/-1.40/290 | 2000~20 |
| (k) SEDE_BOKER | Middle East | Israel | 30.86/34.78/480 | 2003~20 |
| (I) Sevilleta (m) Shirahama | North America | USA | 34.35/-106.89/14/7 | 1998~20 |
| (m) Shiranama | East Asia | Japan Osuth Miles | 33.69/135.36/10 | 2003~20 |
| (n) Skukuza (a) Salar Villara | South Africa | South Africa | -24.99/31.59/150 | 2000~20 |
| (o) Solar_Village | Middle East | Saudi Arabia | 24.91/46.40/764 | 2001~20 |
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2 Q7-Figure 1. Number of SeaWiFS swaths per day [Patt, 2010]

| 3 | 3 | | |
|----|---|--|--|
| 4 | 1 | | |
| 5 | 5 | | |
| 6 | 5 | | |
| 7 | 7 | | |
| 8 | 3 | | |
| 9 |) | | |
| 10 |) | | |





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2 Q10-Figure 3. Comparison between SeaWiFS and AERONET AOTs (670 and 443 nm) over

3 East Asia [Lee et al., 2004]

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Q10-Figure 4. Comparison between MERIS and AERONET AOTs (443 nm) over Europe
regions [von Hoyningen-Huene et al., 2011]



Q11-Figure 5. Total averages (black one enclosed with parentheses at right vertical axis),
temporal unweighted (blue one on the left upper part), and weighted (red one on the right
upper part) trends of Å ngström Exponent (440–870 nm) and AOT (440 nm) at the AERONET
station, Ispra. [Yoon et al., 2011]





Q21-Figure 7. Annual and seasonal trends of BAER monthly AOTs (443 and 555 nm)
including their standard deviation for the several regions.



3 Q22-Figure 8. Seasonal AOT (440nm) distribution over the specific regions.