

***Interactive comment on***  
**“Mesosphere-to-stratosphere descent of odd  
nitrogen in February–March 2009 after sudden  
stratospheric warming” by S.-M. Salmi et al.**

**Anonymous Referee #2**

Received and published: 15 March 2011

**General comments:**

In this manuscript Salmi et al. investigated the effect of odd nitrogen (NO<sub>x</sub>) produced by energetic particle precipitation in the Northern Hemisphere winter with different dynamic conditions (2007 and 2009). They compared the descending NO<sub>x</sub> in a chemistry transport model (CTM) to observations from ACE-FTS. The descending NO<sub>x</sub> was controlled by dynamics and chemistry only played a minor role in NO<sub>x</sub>-loss. They also showed changes in the ozone mixing ratio in the stratosphere which is not due to NO<sub>x</sub> descent.

In the last years several discussions about winter NO<sub>x</sub> enhancements occurred. This

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paper is a good contribution to these discussions and therefore should be published after a few modifications.

### Major comments:

1) I completely agree with point 2 of referee 1. I think the paper by Funke et al. (2007) also should be added in the references.

2) The parts treating the ECMWF-data up to 80 km have to be revised. You are writing that the ECMWF data is not consistent with observations above 50 km (p. 1433, l. 26) and "all the issues mentioned above might influence the model results"(p. 1434, l. 8). One of your goals was to test the quality of the ECMWF data. Having the statements from before in mind I think you really should do a test, e.g. do the same model run without using ECMWF above 50 km.

3) You only have a few observations by ACE-FTS. How are the NO<sub>x</sub> mixing ratios distributed at the model upper boundary? Uniformly or longitude/latitude dependent? Within the polar vortex or northward of 60N? How big is the uncertainty in the results due to the assumptions made for the UBC?

4) Satellite data always have a limited vertical resolution. Observed mixing ratios therefore can be lower than the real ones. Is this considered in your measurement error? If not: How big is the influence of vertical resolution for NO<sub>x</sub> observations by ACE-FTS?

### Minor comments:

1. Figure 6 and figure 7 have different color scales. Please use same color scale for better comparability

2. Figure 6: NO<sub>x</sub>; Figure 7: NO; I guess both show NO<sub>x</sub>?

3. Figure 9: loacations → locations

4. page 1431, line 29: spelling: "enchancement" → enhancement

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## References:

Funke, B., M. López-Puertas, H. Fischer, G. P. Stiller, T. von Clarmann, G. Wetzel, B. Carli, and C. Belotti (2007), Comment on “Origin of the January–April 2004 increase in stratospheric NO<sub>2</sub> observed in northern polar latitudes” by Jean-Baptiste Renard et al., *Geophys. Res. Lett.*, 34, L07813, doi:10.1029/2006GL027518.

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11, C852–C854, 2011

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