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> Interactive Comment

Interactive comment on "Ab initio studies of $O_{bf2}^{\vec{-}}(H_2O)_{\vec{n}}$ and $O_3^{\vec{-}}(H_2O)_{\vec{n}}$ anionic molecular clusters, $\vec{n \leq} 12$ " by N. Bork et al.

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We thank the reviewer for the positive review of our manuscript.

The reviewer has the following points:

1) typo: page 13958, line 18: HOMO orbita \rightarrow HOMO orbital. Reply: The typo has been corrected

2) page 13959, if possible, can you provide the table for (R4-R7) as a summary?Reply: We agree that is unsatisfying to list these reactions but not present any data to C5262

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validate the conclusions made. However, since we reject the atmospheric relevance for reaction R3, we argue that such a table does not belong in the main article. A table with the thermodynamic of reactions (R3-R7) has therefore been attached, intended as supplementary information for the article.

3) page 3959, line 23. please check the following correction: $O_2 \text{ clusters} \rightarrow O_2^-(H_2O)_n \text{ clusters}$ $O_3 \text{ clusters} \rightarrow O_3^-(H_2O)_n \text{ clusters}$

Reply: The corrections have been made.

4) Personally, Section 3.4 Simple chemistry is understandable, but it seems to me that they discussed the charge transfer will be occurred from $O_2^-(H_2O)_n$ to O_3 without the strong computational data.

Reply: It is known that O_3 is much more electron affinitive than O_2 and hence, upon collision the charge will transfer with high energy gain. However, since many of the $O_2^-(H_2O)_n$ clusters are more stable towards dissociation than the corresponding $O_3^-(H_2O)_n$ clusters the charge transfer reaction will be less exothermic. For assessing this, the computational data is used.

To clarify the arguments, the section could been rephrased accordingly:

"From Figs. 1 and 2 it is however apparent that several of the O₂ clusters are significantly more stable than the corresponding O₃ clusters and that the charge transfer process will become correspondingly less exothermic. E.g. is the O₂⁻(H₂O) cluster 13 kJ/mol more stable towards dissociation than the O3-(H2O)n cluster. Consequently, the charge transfer reaction

 $O_2^-(H_2O)_n + O_3 \rightarrow O_3^-(H_2O) + O_2$ is only ca. 147 kJ/mol exothermic. However, ..."

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We trust that with these adjustments and corrections, the manuscript will be suitable for publication.

Please also note the supplement to this comment: http://www.atmos-chem-phys-discuss.net/11/C5262/2011/acpd-11-C5262-2011supplement.pdf

Interactive comment on Atmos. Chem. Phys. Discuss., 11, 13947, 2011.

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