Atmos. Chem. Phys. Discuss., 11, C10827–C10828, 2011 www.atmos-chem-phys-discuss.net/11/C10827/2011/ © Author(s) 2011. This work is distributed under the Creative Commons Attribute 3.0 License.



Interactive comment on "Combining Bayesian methods and aircraft observations to constrain the HO[.] + NO<sub>2</sub reaction rate" *by* B. H. Henderson et al.

Anonymous Referee #2

Received and published: 25 October 2011

The authors present an interesting effort to constrain uncertainties in rate parameters from comparisons of observations NO2 and HNO3 from the INTEX-A campaign with models. Air parcels immediately after convection are identified from observation and subsequent trajectories are modeled for aging and removal. The authors prescreen the set of parameters to identify the 12 reactions that most influence the conversion NO2 to HNO3. Uncertainties are refined using Bayesian inference; from this analysis, they can constrain uncertainties in four rates, and most important, predict a small but significant overestimation in the rate constant for HO + NO2. The work seems well done, and the authors identify the chief potential sources of error. Overall, this is an excellent paper that makes a significant contribution and should be published with minimal changes. A

C10827

couple of remarks (which can be addressed at authors' discretion):

1) Does the analysis shed light on the possibility of a small (1-2%) yield of the HNO3 channel in the HO2+NO reaction, observed experimentally Butkovskaya, LeBras and co-workers? My guess is that even a small yield is inconsistent with the current results, unless offset by even larger reduction in the rate of R12. 2) there is a temperature dependence for the minor channel at low pressures, published by Bean et al. (2003), that predicts lower yields of HOONO at lower temperatures, as predicted here.

Most typo/grammar errors seem to have been corrected. Pg 14. Line 3 'was also be'

Interactive comment on Atmos. Chem. Phys. Discuss., 11, 24191, 2011.