



Supplement of

Evidence of tropospheric uplift into the stratosphere via the tropical western Pacific cold trap

Xiaoyu Sun et al.

Correspondence to: Xiaoyu Sun (xiaoyu_sun@iup.physik.uni-bremen.de)

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Fig. S1: 20-d trajectories of the upper cloud (a–b), and the lower cloud (c–d) in the winter case corresponding to Fig. 2 (the main manuscript). The left and right columns show the backward (a and c) and forward (b and d) trajectory points released from the cloud layers, respectively. The altitude of the upper cloud is 17.5–18.1 km, and 14.6–16.1 km for the lower cloud. The color scale of the trajectory point scatter depicts the height of the trajectory points. The starting point of the trajectory is marked by the blue star, at Palau. Trajectory points are output at hourly intervals but sparsified at intervals of 5 points for the clarity of display.



Fig. S2: As Fig.S1, but for Case 2 in summer corresponding to Fig. 4 (the main manuscript). The altitude of the upper cloud is 17.1–17.7 km, and 13.4–14.4 km for the lower cloud. The description of the plots is the same as in Fig. S1.



Fig. S3: As Fig. 6, but for 20-d forward trajectories.



Case 1: 13 December 2018 at 11 UTC

Fig. S4: 20-d trajectories of the upper cloud (a and b, upper row), and the lower cloud (c and d, lower row) at 11 UTC for the winter case 1 (13 December) by ATLAS. The left column (a and c) shows backward trajectories and the right column (b and d) shows forward trajectories.



Case 1: 13 December 2018 at 12 UTC

Fig. S5: As Fig. S4, but for 12 UTC.



Case 1: 13 December 2018 at 13 UTC





Case 1: 13 December 2018 at 11 UTC

Fig. S7: As Fig. S4, but for HYSPLIT.



Case 1: 13 December 2018 at 12 UTC





Case 1: 13 December 2018 at 13 UTC

Fig. S9: As Fig. S7, but for 13 UTC.



Case 2: 01 August 2022 at 13 UTC

Fig. S10: As Fig. S4, but for the summer case 2, at 12 UTC on 1 August.

Backward Trajectory Forward Trajectory upper cloud upper cloud 60°N <mark>(a)</mark> (b) 60°N 30°N 30°M 0 0 30°5 30°9 U 60°5 L 0° 60°E 120°E 180° 120°W 60°E 120°E 180 120°W 60°W 0 410 420 potential temperature [K] ≤380 390 400 430 ≥440 lower cloud lower cloud 60°N (d) (c) 60°N 7 3 30°N 30°N 0 0 30°5 30°9 L2 60°5∟ 0° _____ 60°5 L 60°E 120°E 180° 120°W 60°E 120°E 180 120°W 60°W 0 370 380 potential temperature [K] ≤340 350 360 390 ≥400

Case 2: 01 August 2022 at 13 UTC

Fig. S11: As Fig. S10, but for the HYSPLIT.