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## Supplement of

## Regime-based aerosol-cloud interactions from CALIPSO-MODIS and the Energy Exascale Earth System Model version 2 (E3SMv2) over the Eastern North Atlantic

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Table S1. Regime-based precipitation status from Satellite and E3SMv2

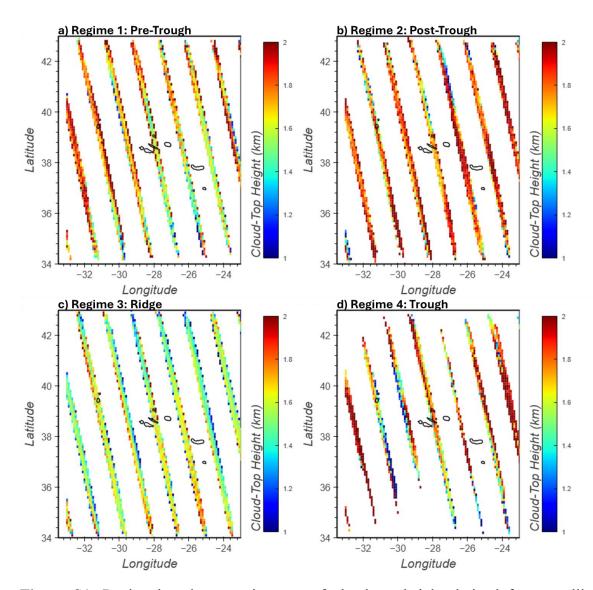
Mean ± Std	Regime 1	Regime 2	Regime 3	Regime 4
Satellite (CloudSat)				
Drizzle* Fraction (%)	21.09 ± 22.89	21.79 ± 22.38	$21.19 \pm 23.35$	$18.73 \pm 20.15$
Light Rain** Fraction (%)	$13.50 \pm 19.93$	$11.86 \pm 16.55$	$10.77 \pm 17.55$	$13.75 \pm 18.52$
Rain*** Fraction (%)	$12.39 \pm 22.96$	$11.85 \pm 21.72$	$7.80 \pm 18.54$	$14.34 \pm 23.71$
(Drizzle + Light Rain + Rain) Fraction (%)	46.98 ± 36.11	45.49 ± 35.01	$39.76 \pm 36.37$	46.81 ± 36.02
E3SMv2				
In-cloud Rain† Fraction (%)	$50.25 \pm 29.86$	$42.63 \pm 29.37$	$34.27 \pm 32.58$	$43.81 \pm 26.52$
In-cloud Rain LWP (g m2)	84.46 ± 205.62	$43.23 \pm 121.03$	$17.99 \pm 95.99$	$118.84 \pm 215.23$

<sup>\*</sup>CloudSat drizzle fraction as the number of points with  $-15 \le$  maximum dBZ  $\le$  -7 and CTH < 3 km divided by total number of CTH < 3 km, within each  $\sim$ 25km domain.

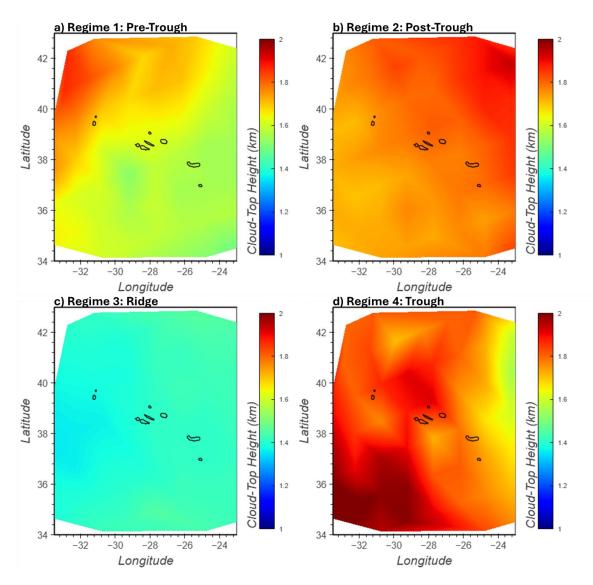
<sup>\*\*</sup>CloudSat light rain fraction as the number of points with  $-7 \le \text{maximum dBZ} \le 0$  and CTH < 3 km divided by total number of CTH < 3 km, within each ~25km domain.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>CloudSat rain fraction as the number of points maximum dBZ > 0 and CTH < 3 km divided by total number of CTH < 3 km, within each  $\sim 25$ km domain.

<sup>†</sup>E3SM fractional rain area within each grid (~110 km).



**Figure S1.** Regime-based composite map of cloud-top height derived from satellite (MODIS) for a) Regime 1, b) Regime 2, c) Regime 3 and d) Regime 4. The raw 25km grids along the granule are further aggregated into 100km grid-cells in producing this plot to ensure the composite sample sizes and a better visualization.



**Figure S2.** Regime-based composite map of cloud-top height derived from E3SMv2 for a) Regime 1, b) Regime 2, c) Regime 3 and d) Regime 4. The raw irregular model grid cell data is triangularly-smoothed and rasterized for better visualization.