



## Supplement of

## The influences of El Niño–Southern Oscillation on tropospheric ozone in CMIP6 models

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MODELS STD OF ANNUAL OZ300 (ppbv) PERIOD 1850-2014 EXPERIMENT HISTORICAL

MODELS STD OF ANNUAL OZ500 (ppbv) PERIOD 1850-2014 EXPERIMENT HISTORICAL



MODELS STD OF ANNUAL OZ850 (ppbv) PERIOD 1850-2014 EXPERIMENT HISTORICAL



MODELS STD OF ANNUAL OZ1000 (ppbv) PERIOD 1850-2014 EXPERIMENT HISTORICAL



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2 3 Figure S1. Multi-model mean map of standard deviation of annual ozone concentrations (ppbv) for the

historical experiment over the 1850-2014 period at 300 hPa (a), 500 hPa (b), 850 hPa (c) and 1000 hPa

4 (d) pressure levels, respectively.



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6 Figure S2. Probability for the absence of Granger causality from ENSO to annual ozone concentrations at

- 7 300 hPa pressure level for the historical experiment over the 1850-2014 period of 12 individual models
- 8 (see Table S1). The cyan and yellow contour lines signify p-value = 0.33 and 0.1, respectively. Brown
- shades denote a low probability for the absence of Granger causality. ENSO: El Niño-Southern
- 9 10 Oscillation.



- - **Figure S3.** As in Figure S2, but for the absence of Granger causality from ENSO to annual ozone concentrations at 500 hPa pressure level. ENSO: El Niño–Southern Oscillation.
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- **Figure S4.** As in Figure S2, but for the absence of Granger causality from ENSO to annual ozone concentrations at 850 hPa pressure level. ENSO: El Niño–Southern Oscillation.

MODELS MEAN: ENSO - SPRING OZONE (300 hPa) PERIOD 1850-2014 EXPERIMENT HISTORICAL MODELS MEAN: ENSO - SUMMER OZONE (300 hPa) PERIOD 1850-2014 EXPERIMENT HISTORICAL



MODELS MEAN: ENSO - FALL OZONE (300 hPa) PERIOD 1850-2014 EXPERIMENT HISTORICAL MODELS MEAN: ENSO - WINTER OZONE (300 hPa) PERIOD 1850-2014 EXPERIMENT HISTORICAL



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18 **Figure S5.** Multi-model mean probability map for the absence of Granger causality from ENSO during

boreal winter [defined as D(t)JF(t+1); t denotes year t] to seasonal mean ozone concentrations at 300 hPa

20 pressure level over the period 1850-2014. (a) Spring [March, April, May; MAM(t+1)]. (b) Summer [June,

21 July, August; JJA(t+1)]. (c) Fall [September, October, November; SON(t+1)]. (d) Winter [December,

January, February; D(t+1)JF(t+2)]. Stippling demonstrates that at least 70% of total models show

agreement on the mean probability of all models at a given grid point. The yellow and cyan contour lines

24 denote p-value = 0.1 and 0.33, respectively. Brown shades denote a low probability for the absence of

25 Granger causality. ENSO: El Niño–Southern Oscillation.

MODELS MEAN: ENSO - SPRING OZONE (500 hPa) PERIOD 1850-2014 EXPERIMENT HISTORICAL MODELS MEAN: ENSO - SUMMER OZONE (500 hPa) PERIOD 1850-2014 EXPERIMENT HISTORICAL



MODELS MEAN: ENSO - FALL OZONE (500 hPa) PERIOD 1850-2014 EXPERIMENT HISTORICAL MODEL





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- 27 **Figure S6.** As in Figure S5, but for multi-model mean probability map for the absence of Granger
- 28 causality from ENSO to seasonal mean ozone concentrations at 500 hPa pressure level. ENSO: El Niño-
- 29 Southern Oscillation.

MODELS MEAN: ENSO - SPRING OZONE (850 hPa) PERIOD 1850-2014 EXPERIMENT HISTORICAL MODELS MEAN: ENSO - SUMMER OZONE (850 hPa) PERIOD 1850-2014 EXPERIMENT HISTORICAL



MODELS MEAN: ENSO - FALL OZONE (850 hPa) PERIOD 1850-2014 EXPERIMENT HISTORICAL MODELS MEAN: ENSO - WINTER OZONE (850 hPa) PERIOD 1850-2014 EXPERIMENT HISTORICAL



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- 31 **Figure S7.** As in Figure S5, but for multi-model mean probability map for the absence of Granger
- 32 causality from ENSO to seasonal mean ozone concentrations at 850 hPa pressure level. ENSO: El Niño-
- 33 Southern Oscillation.