



*Supplement of*

## **A remote sensing algorithm for vertically resolved cloud condensation nuclei number concentrations from airborne and spaceborne lidar observations**

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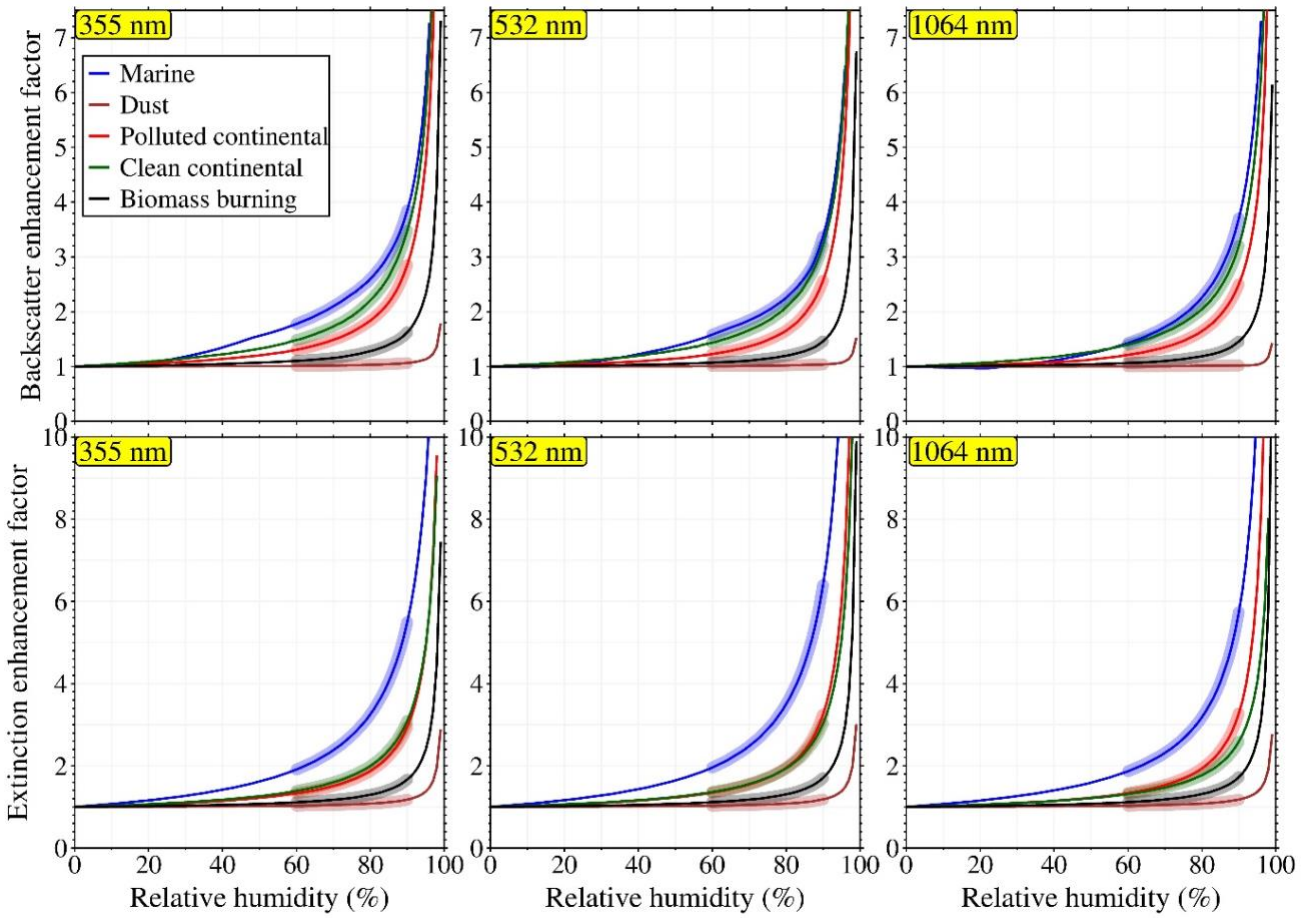
## Supplementary Information

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Table S1: Typical range of lidar-derived depolarization ratios of dust and non-dust (pollution and marine) components. These values are compiled from various field campaign, cruise measurements, data from PollyNET/EARLINET stations. In our study, we use the average values of these ranges to distinguish dust and non-dust component within the dust mixture.

Parameters	355 nm	532 nm	1064 nm	References
Dust				
Depolarization ratio	0.22 – 0.26	0.27 – 0.35	0.03 – 0.1	(Preißler et al., 2011; Groß et al., 2011; Kanitz et al., 2013; Baars et al., 2016; Haarig et al., 2017; Bohlmann et al., 2018; Haarig et al., 2022; Rittmeister et al., 2017; Kaduk, 2017; Szczepanik et al., 2021; Hofer et al., 2020; Müller et al., 2007; Filioglou et al., 2020)
Non-dust				
Depolarization ratio	0.02 – 0.09	0.02 – 0.05	0.01 – 0.04	(Ansmann et al., 2005; Müller et al., 2007; Tesche et al., 2007; Komppula et al., 2012; Preißler et al., 2013; Hänel et al., 2012; Giannakaki et al., 2016; Heese et al., 2017; Kaduk, 2017; Janicka et al., 2016; Rittmeister et al., 2017; Gasteiger et al., 2011; Bohlmann et al., 2018)

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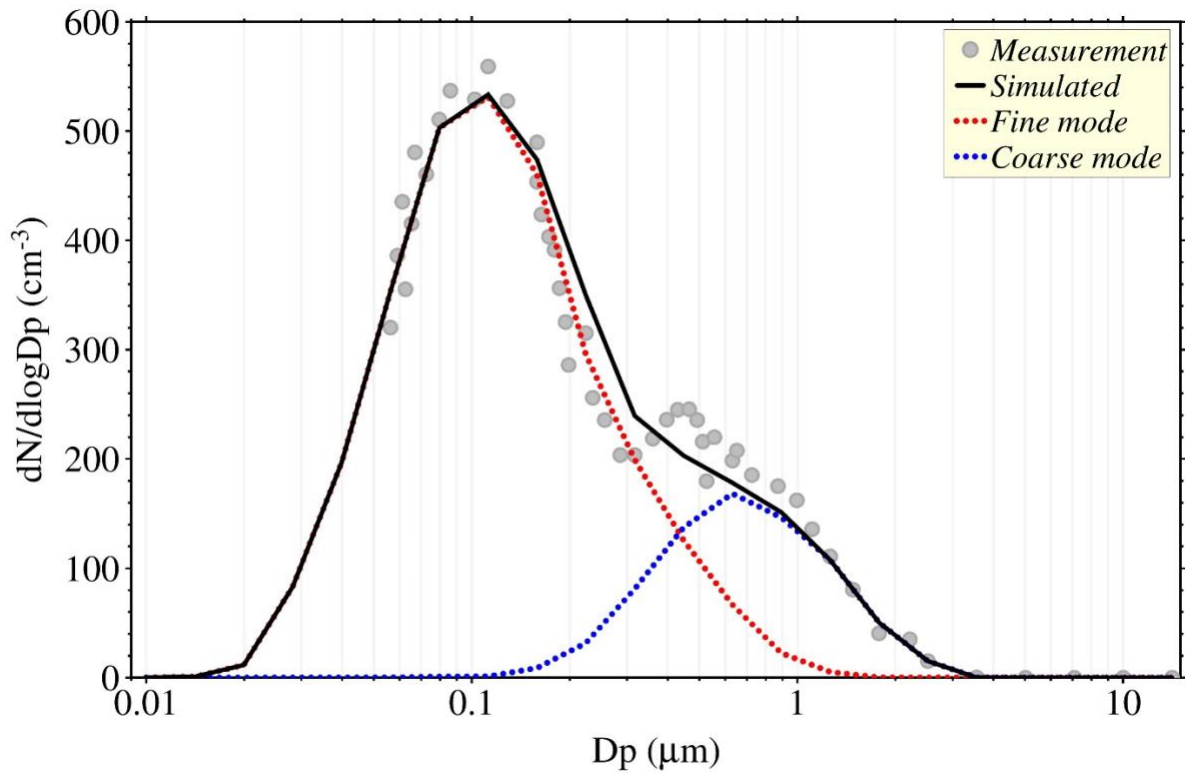
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14 Figure S1: Mean enhancement factor for backscatter and extinction coefficients at 355, 532 and  
15 1064 nm are fitted using Eq (6) for five aerosol subtypes. This mean fitting curve is calculated  
16 with the set of PNSD and  $\kappa$  considered for the construction of LUTs. The thin line represents Mie  
17 model simulations, and the highlighted thick line (within RH range of 60-90%) are used to fit  
18 parameterization lines.

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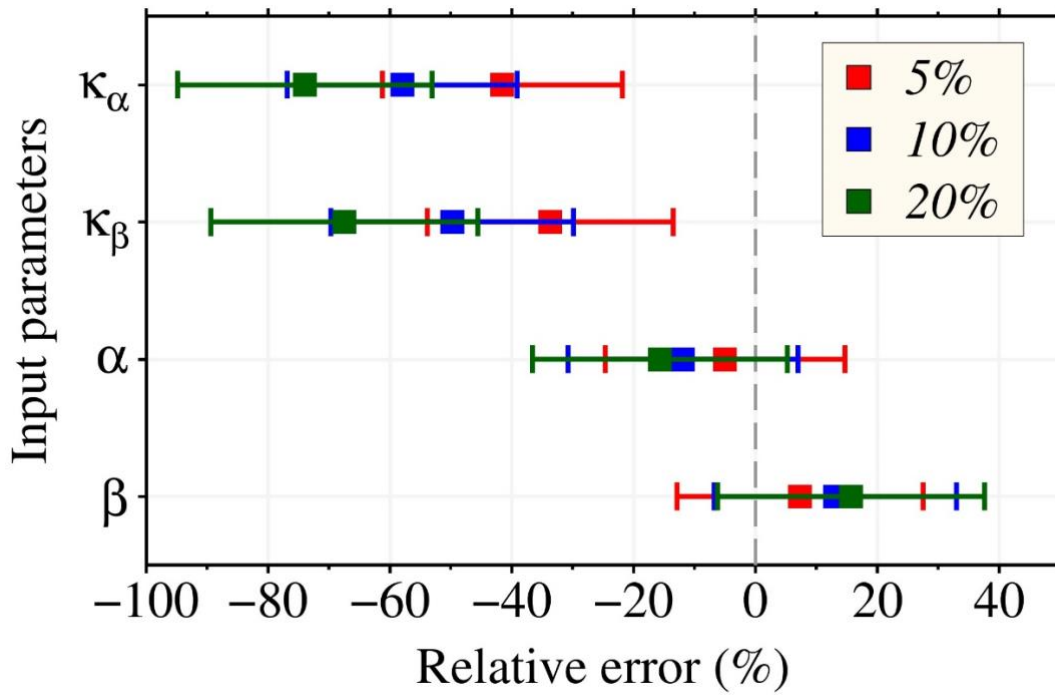


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23 Figure S2: Observed aerosol particle size distribution during the NASA Oracles mission. Particle  
24 size is represented by the geometric diameter. Solid dots denote integrated Ultra-High Sensitivity  
25 Aerosol Spectrometer (UHSAS) and Aerodynamic Particle Sizer (APS) measurements. Curves are  
26 bimodal lognormal fits for the size distributions of the fine mode (red dotted line), the coarse mode  
27 (blue dotted line), and the full mode (black solid line).

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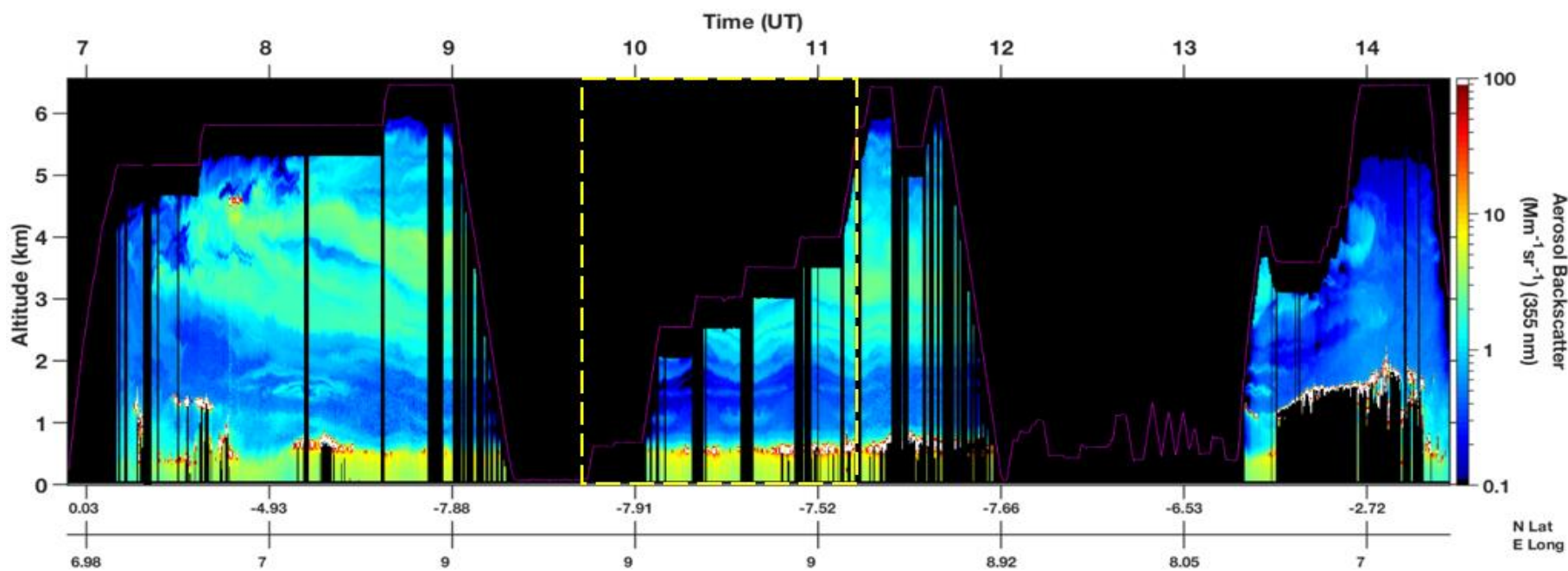
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33 Figure S3: Relative errors in input parameters (backscattering coefficient, extinction coefficient,  
34 enhancement factor of backscatter coefficients and enhancement factor of extinction coefficients)  
35 with 5%, 10% and 20% of random error in relative humidity (RH). The dots are the median values  
36 and the error bars denote the 5<sup>th</sup> and 95<sup>th</sup> percentile.

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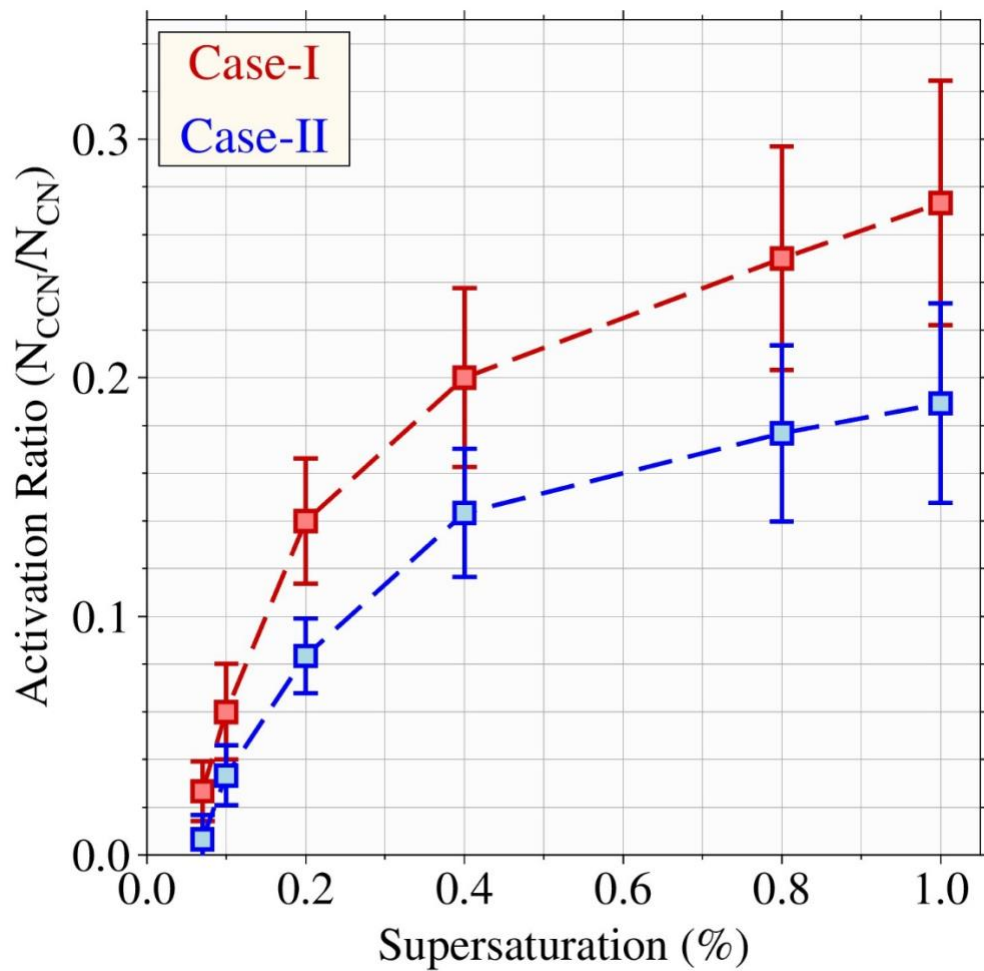


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41 Figure S4: The HSRL-2 derived aerosol backscatter at 355 nm from the flight of NASA ORACLES campaign on 19 October 2018. The  
42 pink line displays the flight trajectory, whereas the yellow dotted line box illustrates the region of interest with the ascending of flight  
43 were used for the profile-based validation of ECLiAP retrieved NCCN from HSRL-2 measurements against the measured NCCN from  
44 CCN counter.

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50 Figure S5: The mean activation ratio spectra as a function of supersaturation for the case-I and  
51 case-II identified from the CALIOP observations on 01 January 2019.

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