



Supplement of

Warming effects of reduced sulfur emissions from shipping

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Figure S1. Same as Figure 4 but for DJF.



Figure S2. Same as Figure 4 but for JJA.



Figure S3. Difference (SHIP20-SHIP100) in ensemble mean (a) SW, (b) LW, and (c) net radiative fluxes (W m^{-2}) at the top of the atmosphere. Respectively, blue and red colours indicate cooling and warming effects induced by the reduction of shipping sulfur emission.



Figure S4. Difference (SHIP20-SHIP100) in ensemble annual means of high-level cloud fractions. High-level clouds indicate clouds in the levels approximately 5600-13600m.



Figure S5. Ensemble mean DJF zonal (positive eastward; U; m s–1; top panel) and vertical (positive upward; W) winds (mm s–1) in SHIP100 (line contours) over the equatorial Pacific (averaged for 10S-10N and shown for 100E-80W and surface-200hPa) and changes in U (Δ U) and W (Δ W) from SHIP100 to SHIP20 (colors). Positive (solid lines and red colors) and negative (dashed lines and blue colors) regions for U (a) show eastward and westward motions, respectively, whereas for W (b) they show upward and downward motions, respectively. Hatching indicates areas where the differences are statistically significant at a 95% confidence level.



Figure S6. Difference (SHIP20-SHIP100) in ensemble means of zonal component of sea surface velocity (cm s⁻¹) in DJF. Blue and red shading indicate westward and eastward anomalies, respectively.



0.12

0.10 😧

0.08 🛱

0.04 US

0.02

0.00

0.5

0.4

0.3

8

SHIP1

I

0.2 SHIP20 0.1 0.2

0.0

0.6

0.4 0.3 IdHS

0.5 `

8

I.

0.2 OL

0.1

0.0

2050

2050

2050

p=0.010

p=0.919

2045

p=0.001

2045

S 0.06

Figure S7. Same as Figure 7 but for DJF averages



Figure S8. Same as Figure 7 but for JJA averages