



Supplement of

Measurement report: Spatial variations in ionic chemistry and water-stable isotopes in the snowpack on glaciers across Švalbard during the 2015–2016 snow accumulation season

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Table S1. Performance of analytical methods applied at Hornsund, Venice, and Uppsala laboratories. Method detection limit (MDL) was calculated as three times the standard deviation of the procedural blank (ultrapure water). Error (%) and relative standard deviation (RSD%) were determined to evaluate the trueness and precision of each method, respectively.

	Hornsund method				Venice method				Uppsala method			
	Linear range mg/L	MDL (mg/L)	Error %	RSD %	Linear range mg/L	MDL (mg/L)	Error %	RSD %	Linear range mg/L	MDL (mg/L)	Error%	RSD %
Cl	0.003-20	0.003	-3	5	0.001-4	0.2	-9	7				
Br⁻	0.004-1	0.004	0	1	0.002-0.2	0.002	-5	6				
SO4 ²⁻	0.003-20	0.003	-3	2	0.002-8	0.07	4	3				
NO ₃ ⁻	0.006-10	0.006	-2	1	0.002-2	0.04	-8	4				
Na ⁺	0.03-15	0.03	0	2	0.1-10	0.05	4	4	0.001-1	0.004	$<\pm5\%$	1
$\mathbf{NH_4}^+$	0.02-2	0.02	n.d.	n.d.	0.1-10	0.005	n.d.	n.d.	0.001-1	0.001	n.d.	0.5
$\mathbf{K}^{\!\!+}$	0.05-5	0.05	-1	2	0.1-10	0.02	-8	1	0.001-1	0.002	$<\pm5\%$	2.0
Mg^{2+}	0.05-5	0.05	-20	3	0.1-10	0.007	-9	1	0.001-1	0.001	$<\pm5\%$	0.4
Ca ²⁺	0.08-25	0.08	-2	2	0.1-10	0.04	-1	1	0.001-1	0.006	$<\pm5\%$	5

Figure S1. Ion balance of the total load for each glacier sampled during the C2S3 project. X^{-} denotes missing anions in the balance. Frequently in natural waters X^{-} is found to be composed mostly of HCO₃⁻, which cannot be determined with ion chromatography.



Figure S2. North Atlantic Chlorophyll-a concentration in April and May 2016. The data were obtained via Aqua/MODIS NASA satellite continually orbiting the an globe (https://neo.sci.gsfc.nasa.gov/view.php?datasetId=MY1DMM CHLORA) with 1-month resolution and plots on the © Google Earth platform. The data provides an estimate of the near-surface concentration of chlorophyll, calculated using an empirical relationship derived from in situ measurements of chlorophyll-a and remote sensing reflectance (Rrs) in the blue-to-green region of the visible spectrum.



Figure S3. Bromide enrichment (Br_{enr}), calculated for each glacier. The snow pits have been ordered from lower to higher Br_{enr} values (bottom panel; the dashed line indicates the referenced Br\Na sea-water ratio). The uppermost panel compares the Br_{enr} and the altitude, the upper middle with longitude, and the lower middle with latitude.





Figure S4. Vertical profiles of stratigraphy of snow pits collected on the top of each glacier.