



## Supplement of

## Mass accommodation and gas-particle partitioning in secondary organic aerosols: dependence on diffusivity, volatility, particle-phase reactions, and penetration depth

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2 Figure S1. Temporal evolution of the gas phase concentration of organic compounds interacting with semisolid seed aerosol particles under the same conditions as in Fig. 2 but with  $\alpha_s = 0.1$ 3 instead of 1. (a) Non-reactive partitioning of compounds with different volatilities ( $C^0 = 0.1$  to 4 1000 µg m<sup>-3</sup>) and (b) partitioning of semi-volatile compounds ( $C^0 = 100 \mu \text{g m}^{-3}$ ) undergoing 5 particle-phase reactions with different first-order loss rate coefficients ( $k_b = 10^{-4}$  to 0.1 s<sup>-1</sup>). The 6 7 red lines are simulated with KM-GAP and the blue lines are simulated by an aerosol dynamic 8 model that employs the Fuchs-Sutugin approximation with  $\alpha_{\rm eff}$  for non-reactive partitioning (a) and for reactive uptake (b). The gray lines represent the MOSAIC approximate (dashed) and 9 transient solutions (solid) (Zaveri et al., 2014). 10