

Equilibria

Species		K _a or K _h	-ΔH/R (K)	References	Notes
C4 compounds					
Succinic acid					
CO(OH)CH ₂ CH ₂ CO(OH) ↔ CO(OH)CH ₂ CH ₂ CO(O ⁻) + H ⁺	T(1)	6.2 10 ⁻⁵		Hayne, 2015	
CO(OH)CH ₂ CH ₂ CO(O ⁻) ↔ CO(O ⁻)CH ₂ CH ₂ CO(O ⁻) + H ⁺	T(2)	2.3 10 ⁻⁶		Hayne, 2015	
CO(OH)CH ₂ CH(OO [•])CO(OH) ↔ CO(OH)CH ₂ CH(OO [•])CO(O ⁻) + H ⁺	T(3)	6.2 10 ⁻⁵			1 = K _a (CO(OH)CH ₂ CH ₂ CO(OH)/ CO(OH)CH ₂ CH ₂ CO(O ⁻))
CO(OH)CH ₂ CH(OO [•])CO(OH) ↔ CO(O ⁻)CH ₂ CH(OO [•])CO(OH) + H ⁺	T(4)	6.2 10 ⁻⁵			1 = K _a (CO(OH)CH ₂ CH ₂ CO(OH)/ CO(OH)CH ₂ CH ₂ CO(O ⁻))
CO(OH)CH ₂ CH(OO [•])CO(O ⁻) ↔ CO(O ⁻)CH ₂ CH(OO [•])CO(O ⁻) + H ⁺	T(5)	2.3 10 ⁻⁶			1 = K _a (CO(OH)CH ₂ CH ₂ CO(O ⁻)/ CO(O ⁻)CH ₂ CH ₂ CO(O ⁻))
Oxaloacetic acid					
CO(OH)CH ₂ COCO(OH) ↔ CO(OH)CH ₂ COCO(O ⁻) + H ⁺	T(6)	2.8 10 ⁻³		Hayne, 2015	2
CO(OH)CH ₂ COCO(OH) ↔ CO(O ⁻)CH ₂ COCO(OH) + H ⁺	T(7)	2.8 10 ⁻³		Hayne, 2015	2
CO(OH)CH ₂ COCO(O ⁻) ↔ CO(O ⁻)CH ₂ COCO(O ⁻) + H ⁺	T(8)	4.3 10 ⁻⁵		Hayne, 2015	
CO(OH)CH ₂ COCO(OH) + H ₂ O ↔ CO(OH)CH ₂ C(OH)(OH)CO(OH)	T(9)	1.8 10 ¹		Estimated with GROMHE	
CO(OH)CH ₂ COCO(O ⁻) + H ₂ O ↔ CO(OH)CH ₂ C(OH)(OH)CO(O ⁻)	T(10)	1.2 10 ⁻¹		Estimated with GROMHE	
CO(O ⁻)CH ₂ COCO(OH) + H ₂ O ↔ CO(O ⁻)CH ₂ C(OH)(OH)CO(OH)	T(11)	2.4 10 ⁰		Estimated with GROMHE	
CO(O ⁻)CH ₂ COCO(O ⁻) + H ₂ O ↔ CO(O ⁻)CH ₂ C(OH)(OH)CO(O ⁻)	T(12)	2.0 10 ⁻²		Estimated with GROMHE	
CO(OH)CH(OO [•])COCO(OH) ↔ CO(OH)CH(OO [•])COCO(O ⁻) + H ⁺	T(13)	2.8 10 ⁻³			1 = K _a (CO(OH)CH ₂ COCO(OH)/ CO(OH)CH ₂ COCO(O ⁻))
CO(OH)CH(OO [•])COCO(OH) ↔ CO(O ⁻)CH(OO [•])COCO(OH) + H ⁺	T(14)	2.8 10 ⁻³			1 = K _a (CO(OH)CH ₂ COCO(OH)/ CO(O ⁻)CH ₂ COCO(OH))
CO(OH)CH(OO [•])COCO(O ⁻) ↔ CO(O ⁻)CH(OO [•])COCO(O ⁻) + H ⁺	T(15)	4.3 10 ⁻⁵			1 = K _a (CO(OH)CH ₂ COCO(O ⁻)/ CO(O ⁻)CH ₂ COCO(O ⁻))
CO(OH)CH(OO [•])COCO(OH) + H ₂ O ↔ CO(OH)CH(OO [•])C(OH)(OH)CO(OH)	T(16)	1.8 10 ¹			3 = K _h (CO(OH)CH ₂ COCO(OH)/ CO(OH)CH ₂ C(OH)(OH)CO(OH))
CO(OH)CH(OO [•])COCO(O ⁻) + H ₂ O ↔ CO(OH)CH(OO [•])C(OH)(OH)CO(O ⁻)	T(17)	1.2 10 ⁻¹			3 = K _h (CO(OH)CH ₂ COCO(O ⁻)/ CO(OH)CH ₂ C(OH)(OH)CO(O ⁻))
CO(O ⁻)CH(OO [•])COCO(OH) + H ₂ O ↔ CO(O ⁻)CH(OO [•])C(OH)(OH)CO(OH)	T(18)	2.4 10 ⁰			3 = K _h (CO(O ⁻)CH ₂ COCO(OH)/ CO(O ⁻)CH ₂ C(OH)(OH)CO(OH))
CO(O ⁻)CH(OO [•])COCO(O ⁻) + H ₂ O ↔ CO(O ⁻)CH(OO [•])C(OH)(OH)CO(O ⁻)	T(19)	2.0 10 ⁻²			3 = K _h (CO(O ⁻)CH ₂ COCO(O ⁻)/ CO(O ⁻)CH ₂ C(OH)(OH)CO(O ⁻))
Malic acid					
CO(OH)CH ₂ CH(OH)CO(OH) ↔ CO(OH)CH ₂ CH(OH)CO(O ⁻) + H ⁺	T(20)	4.0 10 ⁻⁴		Hayne, 2015	2

Species		K _a or K _h	-ΔH/R (K)	References	Notes
CO(OH)CH ₂ CH(OH)CO(OH) ↔ CO(O ⁻)CH ₂ CH(OH)CO(OH) + H ⁺	T(21)	4.0 10 ⁻⁴		Hayne, 2015	2
CO(OH)CH ₂ CH(OH)CO(O ⁻) ↔ CO(O ⁻)CH ₂ CH(OH)CO(O ⁻) + H ⁺	T(22)	7.8 10 ⁻⁶		Hayne, 2015	
CO(OH)CH ₂ C(OH)(OO [•])CO(OH) ↔ CO(OH)CH ₂ C(OH)(OO [•])CO(O ⁻) + H ⁺	T(23)	4.0 10 ⁻⁴			1 = K _a (CO(OH)CH ₂ CH(OH)CO(OH)/ CO(OH)CH ₂ CH(OH)CO(O ⁻))
CO(OH)CH ₂ C(OH)(OO [•])CO(OH) ↔ CO(O ⁻)CH ₂ C(OH)(OO [•])CO(OH) + H ⁺	T(24)	4.0 10 ⁻⁴			1 = K _a (CO(OH)CH ₂ CH(OH)CO(OH)/ CO(O ⁻)CH ₂ CH(OH)CO(OH))
CO(OH)CH ₂ C(OH)(OO [•])CO(O ⁻) ↔ CO(O ⁻)CH ₂ C(OH)(OO [•])CO(O ⁻) + H ⁺	T(25)	7.8 10 ⁻⁶			1 = K _a (CO(OH)CH ₂ CH(OH)CO(O ⁻)/ CO(O ⁻)CH ₂ CH(OH)CO(O ⁻))
Tartric acid					
CO(OH)CH(OH)CH(OH)CO(OH) ↔ CO(OH)CH(OH)CH(OH)CO(O ⁻) + H ⁺	T(26)	9.3 10 ⁻⁴		Hayne, 2015	
CO(OH)CH(OH)CH(OH)CO(O ⁻) ↔ CO(O ⁻)CH(OH)CH(OH)CO(O ⁻) + H ⁺	T(27)	4.3 10 ⁻⁵		Hayne, 2015	
CO(OH)C(OH)(OO [•])CH(OH)CO(OH) ↔ CO(OH)CH(OH)C(OH)(OO [•])CO(O ⁻) + H ⁺	T(28)	9.3 10 ⁻⁴			1 = K _a (CO(OH)CH(OH)CH(OH)CO(OH)/ CO(OH)CH(OH)CH(OH)CO(O ⁻))
CO(OH)C(OH)(OO [•])CH(OH)CO(OH) ↔ CO(O ⁻)CH(OH)C(OH)(OO [•])CO(OH) + H ⁺	T(29)	9.3 10 ⁻⁴			1 = K _a (CO(OH)CH(OH)CH(OH)CO(OH)/ CO(OH)CH(OH)CH(OH)CO(O ⁻))
CO(OH)CH(OH)C(OH)(OO [•])CO(O ⁻) ↔ CO(O ⁻)CH(OH)C(OH)(OO [•])CO(O ⁻) + H ⁺	T(30)	4.3 10 ⁻⁵			1 = K _a (CO(OH)CH(OH)CH(OH)CO(O ⁻)/ CO(O ⁻)CH(OH)CH(OH)CO(O ⁻))
Fumaric acid					
CO(OH)CH=CHCO(OH) ↔ CO(OH)CH=CHCO(O ⁻) + H ⁺	T(31)	9.5 10 ⁻⁴		Hayne, 2015	
CO(OH)CH=CHCO(O ⁻) ↔ CO(O ⁻)CH=CHCO(O ⁻) + H ⁺	T(32)	4.2 10 ⁻⁵		Hayne, 2015	
CO(OH)CH(OH)CH(OO [•])CO(OH) ↔ CO(O ⁻)CH(OH)CH(OO [•])CO(OH)	T(33)	9.5 10 ⁻⁴			1 = K _a (CO(OH)CH=CHCO(OH)/ CO(OH)CH=CHCO(O ⁻))
CO(OH)CH(OH)CH(OO [•])CO(OH) ↔ CO(O ⁻)CH(OO [•])CH(OH)CO(OH)	T(34)	9.5 10 ⁻⁴			1 = K _a (CO(OH)CH=CHCO(OH)/ CO(OH)CH=CHCO(O ⁻))
CO(O ⁻)CH(OH)CH(OO [•])CO(OH) ↔ CO(O ⁻)CH(OH)CH(OO [•])CO(O ⁻)	T(35)	4.2 10 ⁻⁵			1 = K _a (CO(O ⁻)CH=CHCO(O ⁻)/ CO(O ⁻)CH=CHCO(O ⁻))
Maleic acid					
CO(OH)CH=CHCO(OH) ↔ CO(OH)CH=CHCO(O ⁻) + H ⁺	T(36)	1.2 10 ⁻²		Hayne, 2015	
CO(OH)CH=CHCO(O ⁻) ↔ CO(O ⁻)CH=CHCO(O ⁻) + H ⁺	T(37)	5.9 10 ⁻⁷		Hayne, 2015	

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- 1 - For peroxy radicals, we assumed that the acidity constant is similar to the parent species.
2 - We suppose that the two monoanions present similar K_a.
3 - For peroxy radicals, we assumed that the hydration constant is similar to the parent species.

References:

Hayne, W. M.: CRC Handbook of Chemistry and Physics, Boca Raton, FL, CRC Press, 96e ed., 2677 p., 2015.

Henry's law constants

Species		H (298K) (M atm ⁻¹)	-ΔH/R (K)	References	Notes
C4 compounds					
Succinic acid CO(OH)CH ₂ CH ₂ CO(OH)	T(1)	5.2 10 ⁸	6014	Estimated	1 - 2
Oxaloacetic acid CO(OH)CH ₂ COCO(OH)	T(2)	5.8 10 ⁸	6014	Estimated	1 - 2 - 3
Malic acid CO(OH)CH ₂ CH(OH)CO(OH)	T(3)	4.5 10 ⁸	6014	Estimated	1 - 2
Tartric acid CO(OH)CH(OH)CH(OH)CO(OH)	T(4)	2.7 10 ⁹	6014	Estimated	1 - 2
Fumaric/maleic acid CO(OH)CH(OH)CH(OH)CO(OH)	T(5)	4.7 10 ⁷	6014	Estimated	1 - 2

1 - Estimated by the SAR GROMHE (Raventos-Duran et al., 2010).

2 - When unavailable, the temperature dependence (enthalpy of dissolution) is set at 50 kJ mol⁻¹; -ΔH/R = 6014 K.

3 - Effective Henry's law constant.

References:

Raventos-Duran, T., Camredon, M., Valorso, R., Mouchel-Vallon, C., and Aumont, B.: Structure-activity relationships to estimate the effective Henry's law constants of organics of atmospheric interest, Atmos. Chem. Phys., 10, 7643-7654, 2010.

Accommodation coefficients

Species	α (298K)	$-\Delta H$ (J/mol)	$-\Delta S$ (J/mol/K)	References	Notes
C4 compounds	1				
Succinic acid CO(OH)CH ₂ CH ₂ CO(OH)	5.0 10 ⁻²			Estimated	2
Oxaloacetic acid CO(OH)CH ₂ COCO(OH)	5.0 10 ⁻²			Estimated	2
Malic acid CO(OH)CH ₂ CH(OH)CO(OH)	5.0 10 ⁻²			Estimated	2
Tartric acid CO(OH)CH(OH)CH(OH)CO(OH)	5.0 10 ⁻²			Estimated	2
Fumaric/maleic acid CO(OH)CH(OH)CH(OH)CO(OH)	5.0 10 ⁻²			Estimated	2

1 - α can be calculated with ΔH and ΔS ; this allows considering the temperature dependency of α following Jayne et al. (1991): $\frac{\alpha}{1-\alpha} = \exp\left(\frac{-\Delta G}{RT}\right)$; $\Delta G = \Delta H - T\Delta S$

2 - Estimated equal 5.0 10⁻² following Lelieveld and Crutzen (1991) and Davidovits et al. (2011).

References:

Davidovits, P., Kolb, C. E., Williams, L. R., Jayne, J. T., and Worsnop, D. R.: Update 1 of: Mass accommodation and chemical reactions at gas–liquid interfaces, Chem. Rev., 111, 2011.
 Jayne, J. T., Duan, S. X., Davidovits, P., Worsnop, D. R., Zahniser, M. S., and Kolb, C. E. Uptake of gas-phase alcohol and organic acid molecules by water surfaces, J. Phys. Chem., 95, 6329, 1991.
 Lelieveld, J., and Crutzen, P. J.: The role of clouds in tropospheric photochemistry, J. Atmos. Chem., 12, 229-267, 1991.

