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*Supplement of*

## **Volatile organic compounds at a rural site in Beijing: influence of temporary emission control and wintertime heating**

**Weiqliang Yang et al.**

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1 **1. Calculation of ozone formation potentials (OFPs) and secondary organic aerosol**  
2 **formation potentials (SOAFPs)**

3 The OFP of individual VOC species  $i$ ,  $OFP(i)$ , is calculated by the following equation:

4  $OFP(i) = conc(i) \times MIR(i)$

5 where  $conc(i)$  is the concentration of VOC species  $i$ , and  $MIR(i)$  is the maximum  
6 incremental reactivity coefficient of VOC species  $i$ , which is defined by Carter (2009).

7  $MIR$  defined as the maximum amount of ozone formed per unit of VOCs added or  
8 subtracted from the whole gaseous mixture in the given air mass.

9 SOAFPs is estimated using the following formula:

10  $SOAFPs = \sum_i X_i \times Y_i$

11 where  $X_i$  is the mass concentration of precursor  $i$  ( $\mu\text{g m}^{-3}$ ), and  $Y_i$  (%) is the SOA yield  
12 of precursor  $i$ . SOA yield is defined as mass of SOA formed divided by mass of VOCs  
13 reacted (Loza et al., 2014). SOA yield data have been obtained in controlled smog  
14 chamber studies. In this study, the SOA yields are taken from Ng et al (2007), Lim and  
15 Ziemann (2009) and Loza et al (2014). As SOA formation depend on nitrogen oxide  
16 ( $\text{NO}_x$ ) (Ng et al., 2007), and we calculated SOAFPs under low- $\text{NO}_x$  and high- $\text{NO}_x$   
17 conditions, approximating the higher and lower limits.

18

19 **Table S1. Comparison of mixing ratios (ppbv) of VOCs in present study with those**  
 20 **from other studies at metropolitan areas in the world.**

	This study			Li et al., 2015			Liu et al., 2017			Wang et al., 2010	Cai et al., 2010	Zou et al., 2015
Location	Beijing, China			Beijing, China			Beijing, China			Beijing, China	Shanghai, China	Guangzhou, China
Sampling sites type	Ruran			Urban			Urban			Urban	Urban	Suburban
Sampling periods	2014.10.25-2014.12.31			2014.10.18-2014.11.22			2015.12.15-2016.1.14			2008.6	2007.1-2010.3	2011.6-2012.5
Types	Period I	Period II	Period III	Before APEC	During APEC	After APEC	Clear days	Light haze days	Heavy haze days			
Ethane	3.25	2.44	3.67	10.80	7.71	11.31	3.71	8.03	17.63	3.53	-	3.66
Propane	2.88	1.30	2.48	6.38	4.44	5.40	2.12	5.18	12.52	2.85	4.81	4.34
i-Butane	1.12	0.47	0.75	2.32	1.57	1.75	0.44	0.91	2.05	1.47	1.43	2.67
n-Butane	1.28	0.56	0.84	3.27	1.89	2.25	0.73	1.76	3.71	1.87	2.03	3.07
i-Pentane	1.43	0.56	1.02	2.16	1.14	1.41	0.39	0.83	1.76	2.03	2.29	1.72
n-Pentane	0.62	0.25	0.46	1.61	0.74	0.99	0.26	0.54	1.31	0.91	-	1.37
2,2-Dimethylbutane	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.07	0.02	0.03	0.06	0.08	0.13	0.05	-	0.37
Cyclopentane	0.06	0.04	0.05	0.35	0.09	0.14	0.07	0.16	0.29	0.10	-	0.15
2,3-Dimethylbutane	0.05	0.03	0.04	0.25	0.14	0.18	0.03	0.07	0.09	0.09	-	0.13
2-Methylpentane	0.17	0.08	0.12	0.73	0.44	0.54	0.16	0.36	0.59	0.52	0.67	0.88
3-Methylpentane	0.15	0.07	0.10	0.49	0.25	0.27	0.18	0.24	0.42	0.34	0.48	0.75
n-Hexane	0.51	0.32	1.40	0.93	0.66	0.62	0.93	0.81	1.04	0.56	0.84	1.43
Methylcyclopentane	0.10	0.06	0.09	0.44	0.23	0.27	0.21	0.32	0.65	0.25	0.27	0.32
2,4-Dimethylpentane	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.06	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.04	0.21	0.37
Cyclohexane	0.17	0.04	0.08	0.41	0.13	0.18	0.07	0.13	0.24	0.09	-	1.65
2-Methylhexane	0.07	0.02	0.05	0.20	0.09	0.12	0.05	0.09	0.18	0.18	0.18	0.58
2,3-Dimethylpentane	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.12	0.05	0.07	-	-	-	0.08	-	0.26
3-Methylhexane	0.09	0.04	0.07	0.21	0.10	0.14	0.07	0.14	0.36	0.21	0.21	0.52
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.18	0.09	0.11	0.06	0.14	0.22	0.03	-	0.22
n-Heptane	0.09	0.03	0.08	0.26	0.12	0.18	0.07	0.15	0.35	0.19	0.23	0.32
Methylcyclohexane	0.05	0.02	0.04	0.23	0.08	0.12	0.05	0.11	0.26	0.09	-	0.26
2,3,4-Trimethylpentane	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.09	0.04	0.05	0.02	0.05	0.07	0.03	-	0.12
2-Methylheptane	0.03	0.01	0.02	0.08	0.04	0.06	0.03	0.05	0.08	0.05	-	0.08
3-Methylheptane	0.03	0.01	0.02	0.05	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.05	0.05	-	0.08
n-Octane	0.04	0.02	0.04	0.13	0.07	0.10	0.03	0.05	0.09	0.11	-	0.19
n-Nonane	0.04	0.02	0.04	0.10	0.05	0.08	0.03	0.05	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.35
n-Decane	0.13	0.04	0.07	0.10	0.06	0.07	0.02	0.03	0.06	0.10	0.09	0.03
n-Undecane	0.15	0.07	0.09	0.06	0.04	0.05	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.06	-	0.17
n-Dodecane	0.13	0.08	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.05	-	-	0.14
Ethylene	1.79	1.25	2.31	7.18	5.51	11.23	2.43	6.54	15.14	4.18	-	2.99
Propene	0.43	0.37	0.82	1.33	1.16	2.42	0.89	2.35	4.51	0.88	0.84	1.32
1-Butene	0.11	0.06	0.14	0.35	0.22	0.42	0.19	0.44	0.78	1.17	0.26	0.44
1,3-Butadiene	0.15	0.08	0.25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
trans-2-Butene	0.02	0.01	0.04	0.12	0.10	0.15	0.11	0.12	0.15	0.14	0.24	0.28
cis-2-Butene	0.02	0.01	0.04	0.16	0.09	0.17	0.12	0.12	0.17	0.12	0.22	0.22
1-Pentene	0.03	0.02	0.05	-	-	-	0.07	0.11	0.19	0.06	0.13	0.05
Isoprene	0.16	0.06	0.20	0.11	0.06	0.07	0.07	0.12	0.16	0.25	0.12	1.14
trans-2-Pentene	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.06	0.03	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.09	0.05	-	0.03
cis-2-Pentene	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.01	0.02	0.16	0.22	0.51	0.05	-	0.19
2-Methyl-2-butene	0.02	0.02	0.02	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Benzene	0.87	0.41	0.80	1.98	1.02	1.87	0.59	1.33	3.54	1.23	1.81	0.62
Toluene	1.27	0.34	0.84	3.31	1.57	2.37	0.55	1.34	3.18	2.53	4.70	4.59
Ethylbenzene	0.68	0.15	0.32	1.13	0.49	0.74	0.1	0.27	0.68	0.83	1.23	1.48
m/p-Xylene	0.77	0.15	0.42	1.01	0.48	0.71	0.24	0.66	1.56	1.13	1.40	1.41
Styrene	0.17	0.03	0.15	0.24	0.11	0.21	0.06	0.13	0.25	0.14	0.14	0.41
o-Xylene	0.33	0.07	0.18	0.71	0.32	0.49	0.09	0.24	0.57	0.32	0.49	0.66
Isopropylbenzene	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.05	0.02	0.03	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.04	-	0.10
n-Propylbenzene	0.07	0.02	0.04	0.09	0.04	0.06	0.02	0.02	0.04	0.08	-	0.23
m-Ethyltoluene	0.14	0.03	0.09	0.25	0.10	0.16	0.04	0.08	0.14	0.12	-	0.25
p-Ethyltoluene	0.06	0.02	0.04	0.13	0.05	0.08	-	-	-	0.10	-	0.21
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	0.05	0.01	0.04	0.09	0.04	0.06	0.02	0.04	0.06	0.08	-	0.21
o-Ethyltoluene	0.06	0.02	0.04	0.10	0.04	0.07	0.02	0.03	0.06	0.08	-	0.27
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	0.22	0.06	0.13	0.29	0.13	0.19	0.04	0.11	0.19	0.16	-	0.21
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	0.08	0.02	0.06	0.08	0.04	0.06	0.02	0.03	0.06	0.08	-	0.15
1,3-Diethylbenzene	0.04	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.12	-	0.12
1,4-Diethylbenzene	0.08	0.02	0.05	0.06	0.04	0.04	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.10	-	0.11
1,2-Diethylbenzene	0.02	0.01	0.02	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ethyne	3.13	1.63	3.01	6.41	4.04	8.27	2.51	6.72	13.69	4.40	-	-

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	Guo et al., 2007	Borbon et al., 2002	Leuchner and Rappengluck., 2010	Baudic et al., 2016	Garzon et al., 2015	Liakakou et al., 2009	Saito et al., 2009
Location	HongKong, China	Lille, French	Houston, USA	Paris, French	Mexico city, Mexico	Finokalia, Greece	Nagoya, Japan
Sampling sites type	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Urban	Marine	urban
Sampling periods	2002.9- 2003.8	1997.5- 1999.4	2006.8-9	2010.1-2	2005.11-12 2011.11-12	Fall, 2004- 2006	2003.12-2004.11
Types							
Ethane	1.83	4.86	6.21	5.70	7.01	1.57	3.86
Propane	1.60	2.48	5.39	5.09	45.82	10.12	3.34
i-Butane	0.90	1.64	3.33	4.74	11.49	5.04	1.40
n-Butane	1.46	3.07	2.31	8.11	4.44	13.58	2.66
i-Pentane	0.52	5.23	1.74	6.72	3.76	5.92	1.33
n-Pentane	0.25	1.51	0.92	3.12	0.22	3.55	0.20
2,2-Dimethylbutane	-	-	0.06	-	0.73	0.28	0.08
Cyclopentane	-	-	0.14	-	1.31	1.42	0.04
2,3-Dimethylbutane	-	-	0.11	-	-	-	0.03
2-Methylpentane	-	-	0.39	-	0.05	1.08	0.14
3-Methylpentane	-	-	0.28	-	-	-	0.05
n-Hexane	-	0.50	0.47	1.75	4.50	4.88	0.10
Methylcyclopentane	-	-	0.22	-	0.31	0.17	-
2,4-Dimethylpentane	-	-	0.05	-	-	-	-
Cyclohexane	-	-	0.12	-	0.54	0.73	0.02
2-Methylhexane	-	-	0.23	-	0.61	0.11	-
2,3-Dimethylpentane	-	-	0.03	-	0.71	0.43	-
3-Methylhexane	-	-	0.22	-	-	-	-
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane	-	-	0.31	-	-	-	-
n-Heptane	-	0.40	0.18	-	1.11	1.23	0.05
Methylcyclohexane	-	-	0.22	-	2.36	0.28	-
2,3,4-Trimethylpentane	-	-	0.08	-	2.43	0.39	-
2-Methylheptane	-	-	0.04	-	2.18	0.22	-
3-Methylheptane	-	-	0.05	-	-	-	-
n-Octane	0.18	0.13	0.06	-	2.20	0.28	0.07
n-Nonane	-	-	0.10	-	2.32	0.50	-
n-Decane	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
n-Undecane	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
n-Dodecane	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ethylene	1.47	7.83	2.10	1.81	8.49	4.75	0.08
Propene	0.32	2.01	1.12	1.12	22.29	2.30	0.24
1-Butene	0.09	0.61	0.15	-	0.26	0.47	0.05
1,3-Butadiene	0.05	0.40	0.17	-	-	-	-
trans-2-Butene	-	0.59	0.06	-	0.39	0.27	0.02
cis-2-Butene	-	0.43	0.04	-	7.25	0.15	0.02
1-Pentene	-	0.15	0.06	-	4.57	0.15	-
Isoprene	-	0.19	0.54	0.74	-	-	-
trans-2-Pentene	-	0.32	0.06	-	0.22	0.50	-
cis-2-Pentene	-	0.16	0.03	-	1.03	0.53	-
2-Methyl-2-butene	-	-	0.03	-	-	-	-
Benzene	0.42	2.43	0.34	3.41	3.93	2.30	0.23
Toluene	2.77	5.12	0.80	12.60	30.93	12.73	0.17
Ethylbenzene	0.40	0.81	0.16	-	3.20	1.48	-
m/p-Xylene	0.70	2.56	0.53	12.20	6.20	2.50	-
Styrene	-	-	0.30	-	3.48	0.55	-
o-Xylene	-	0.99	0.20	-	2.29	1.95	-
Isopropylbenzene	-	-	0.02	-	2.13	0.87	-
n-Propylbenzene	-	-	0.03	-	-	-	-
m-Ethyltoluene	-	-	0.08	-	-	-	-
p-Ethyltoluene	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	-	0.27	0.08	-	-	-	-
o-Ethyltoluene	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	-	0.78	0.20	-	-	-	-
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	-	0.24	-	-	-	-	-
1,3-Diethylbenzene	-	-	0.04	-	-	-	-
1,4-Diethylbenzene	-	-	0.06	-	-	-	-
1,2-Diethylbenzene	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ethyne	1.95	5.13	0.67	0.73	11.35	4.92	0.23

26 **Table S2. Ozone formation potentials (OFPs) of VOCs in the southerly and**  
 27 **northerly air masses during period I, II and III.**

		Ozone formation potentials, ppbv				
		Alkanes	Alkenes	Aromatics	Ethyne	Sum
Period I		10.02	25.90	21.81	2.91	60.64
Period II		4.51	17.42	5.07	1.51	28.51
Period III		8.78	36.73	13.17	2.80	61.47
Period I	South <sup>a</sup>	12.04	30.03	23.57	3.58	69.21
	North <sup>b</sup>	3.97	13.53	16.53	0.90	34.92
Period II	South <sup>a</sup>	6.07	20.46	7.29	2.08	35.89
	North <sup>b</sup>	2.27	13.04	1.85	0.69	17.86
Period III	South <sup>a</sup>	14.15	67.64	25.40	5.51	112.70
	North <sup>b</sup>	5.93	20.38	6.70	1.36	34.39

28 <sup>a</sup> For the datasets in the southerly air masses; <sup>b</sup> For the datasets in the northerly air masses.

29

30 **Table S3. Secondary organic aerosol formation potentials (SOAFPs) of VOCs in**  
 31 **the southerly and northerly air masses during period I, II and III.**

		Secondary organic aerosol formation potentials, $\mu\text{g m}^{-3}$					
		Low-NOx			High-NOx		
		Alkanes	Aromatics	Sum	Alkanes	Aromatics	Sum
Period I		1.47	7.30	8.77	1.63	2.39	4.02
Period II		0.61	1.93	2.54	0.68	0.75	1.43
Period III		0.68	4.62	5.30	0.75	1.68	2.43
Period I	South <sup>a</sup>	1.66	8.08	9.74	1.83	2.71	4.54
	North <sup>b</sup>	0.91	4.96	5.86	1.01	1.44	2.45
Period II	South <sup>a</sup>	0.75	2.80	3.55	0.84	1.09	1.92
	North <sup>b</sup>	0.40	0.68	1.09	0.45	0.27	0.72
Period III	South <sup>a</sup>	1.08	9.11	10.19	1.17	3.37	4.54
	North <sup>b</sup>	0.47	2.25	2.72	0.52	0.79	1.31

32 <sup>a</sup> For the datasets in the southerly air masses; <sup>b</sup> For the datasets in the northerly air masses.

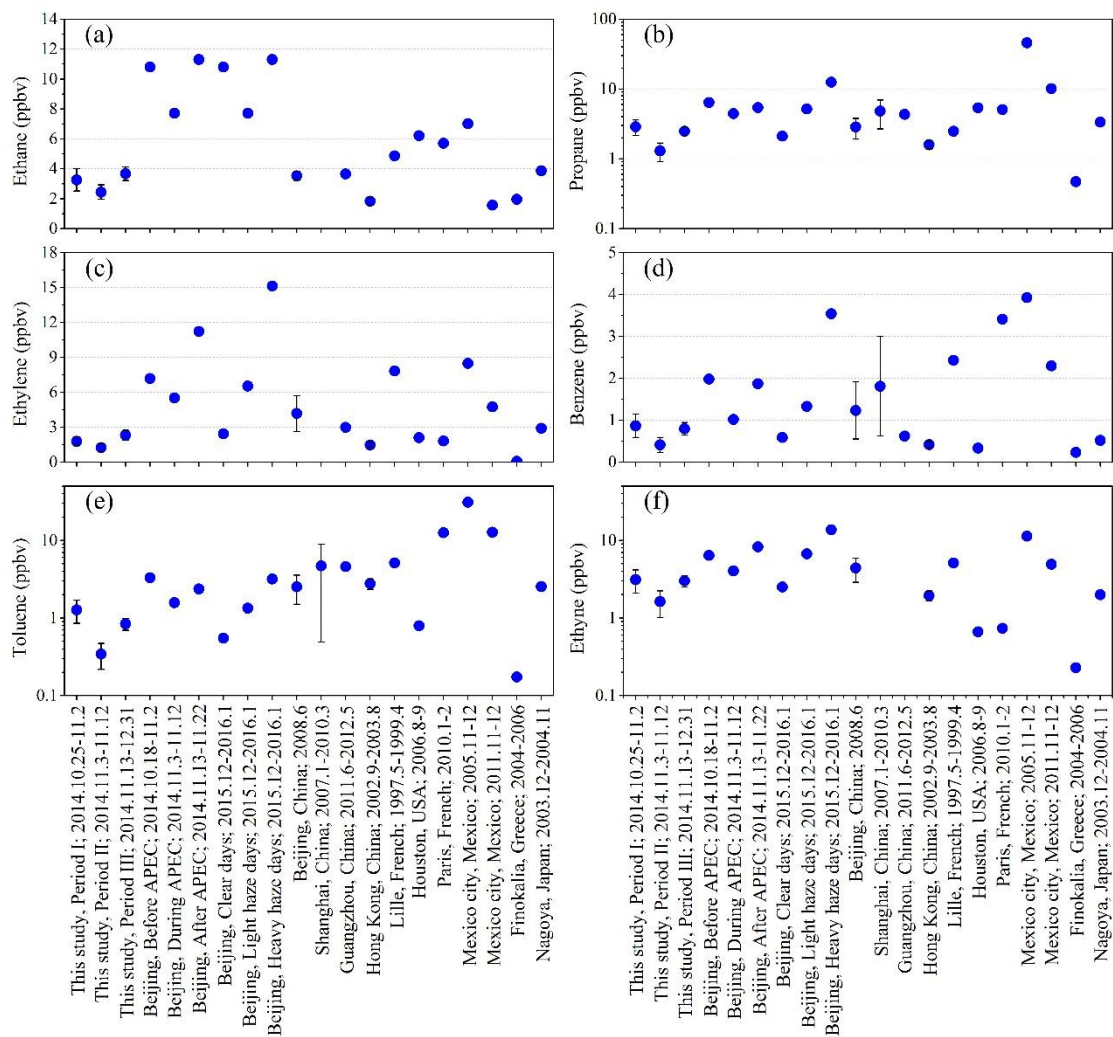
33

34 **Table S4. Average reductions of VOCs (ppbv) contributed by the control of**  
 35 **different sources as derived from the PMF source apportioning results.**

Sources	Average sources reduction contribution, ppbv		
	All <sup>a</sup>	South <sup>b</sup>	North <sup>c</sup>
Gasoline exhaust	3.18	4.00	0.57
Industrial emission	1.35	1.77	0.27
Solvent use	4.29	4.90	2.22
Diesel exhaust	2.28	2.03	1.71
Coal/biomass burning	0.31	0.16	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>11.41</b>	<b>12.86</b>	<b>4.77</b>

36 <sup>a</sup> For all the data; <sup>b</sup> For the datasets in the southerly air masses; <sup>c</sup> For the datasets in the northerly air masses.

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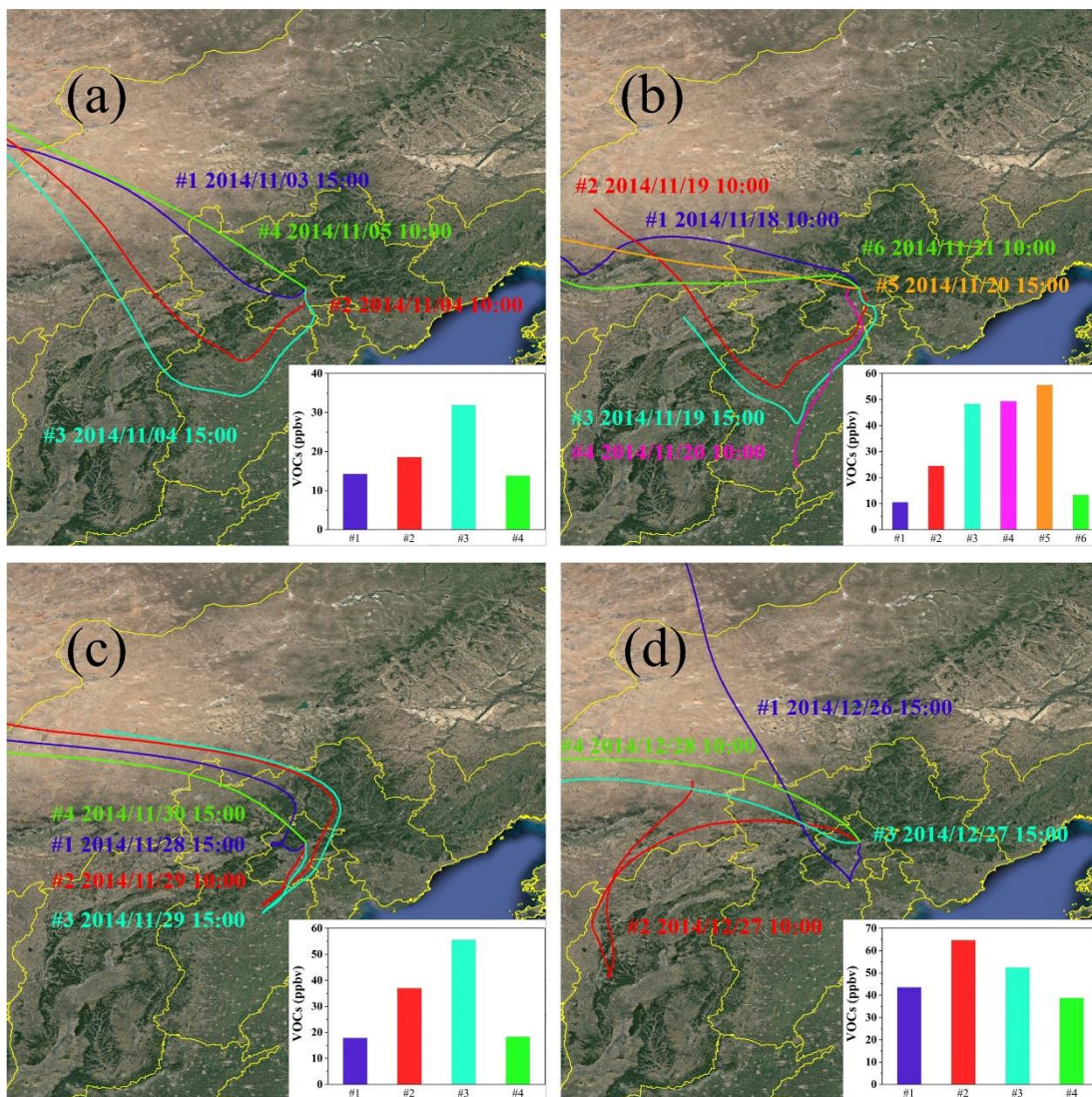


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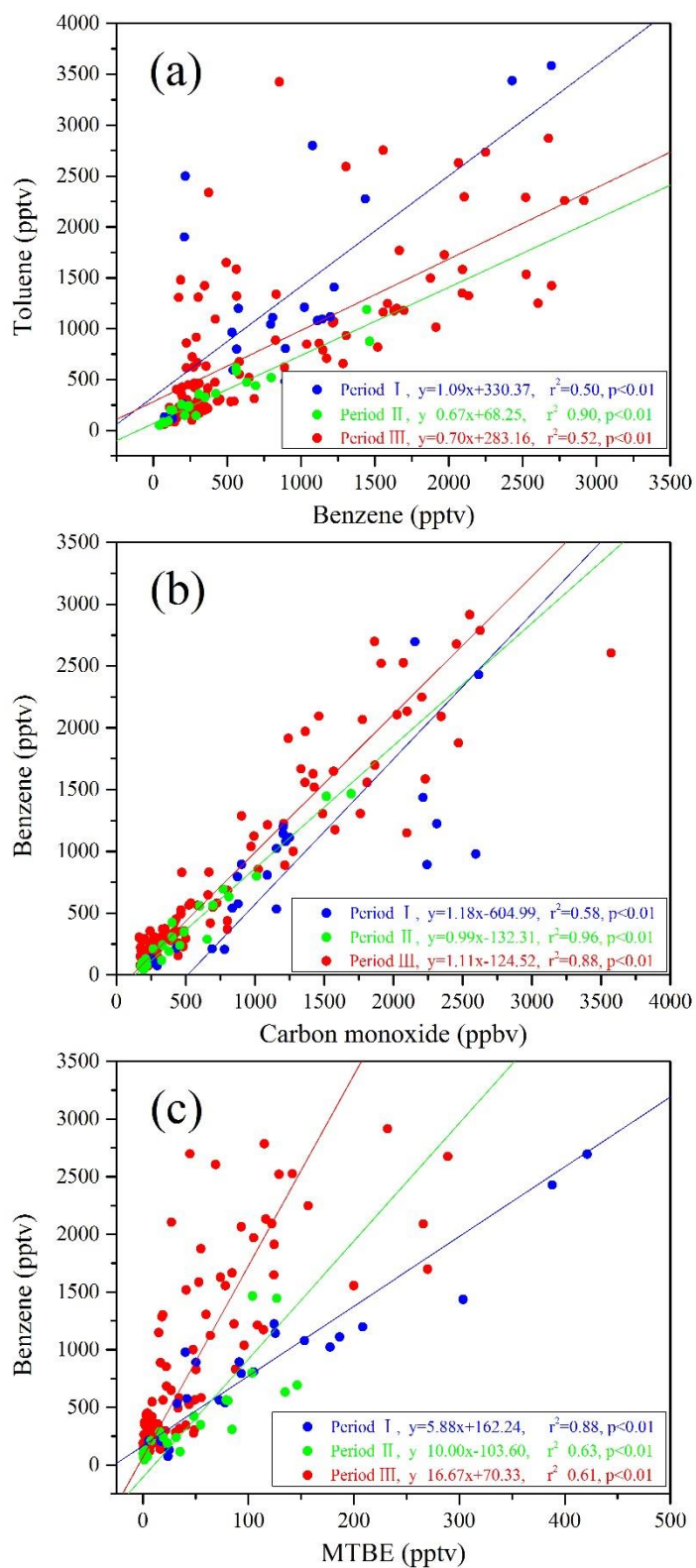
39 Figure S1. Comparison of (a) ethane, (b) propane, (c) ethylene, (d) benzene, (e) toluene  
 40 and (f) ethyne observed at UCAS with those from other studies at metropolitan areas in  
 41 the world.

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43  
 44 Figure S2. Mixing ratios of VOCs and corresponding back trajectories of air masses  
 45 arriving at 100 m above the ground level during (a) 3-5 November, (b) 18-21 November,  
 46 (c) 28-30 November, and (d) 26-28 December, respectively.  
 47



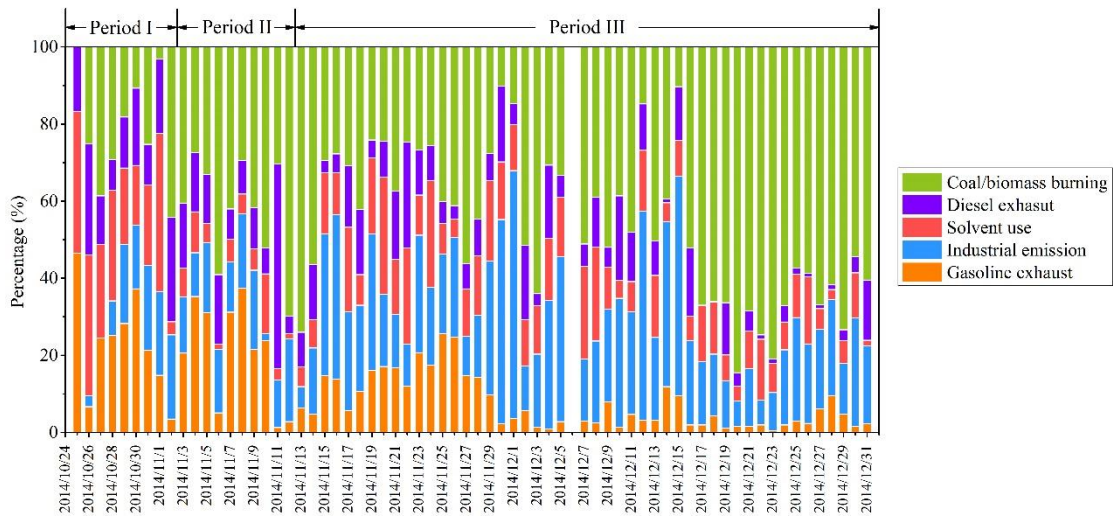
48

49 Figure S3. Scatter plots of (a) toluene versus benzene, (b) benzene versus carbon

50 monoxide, and (c) benzene versus methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE), during period I (in

51 blue), II (in green) and III (in red).

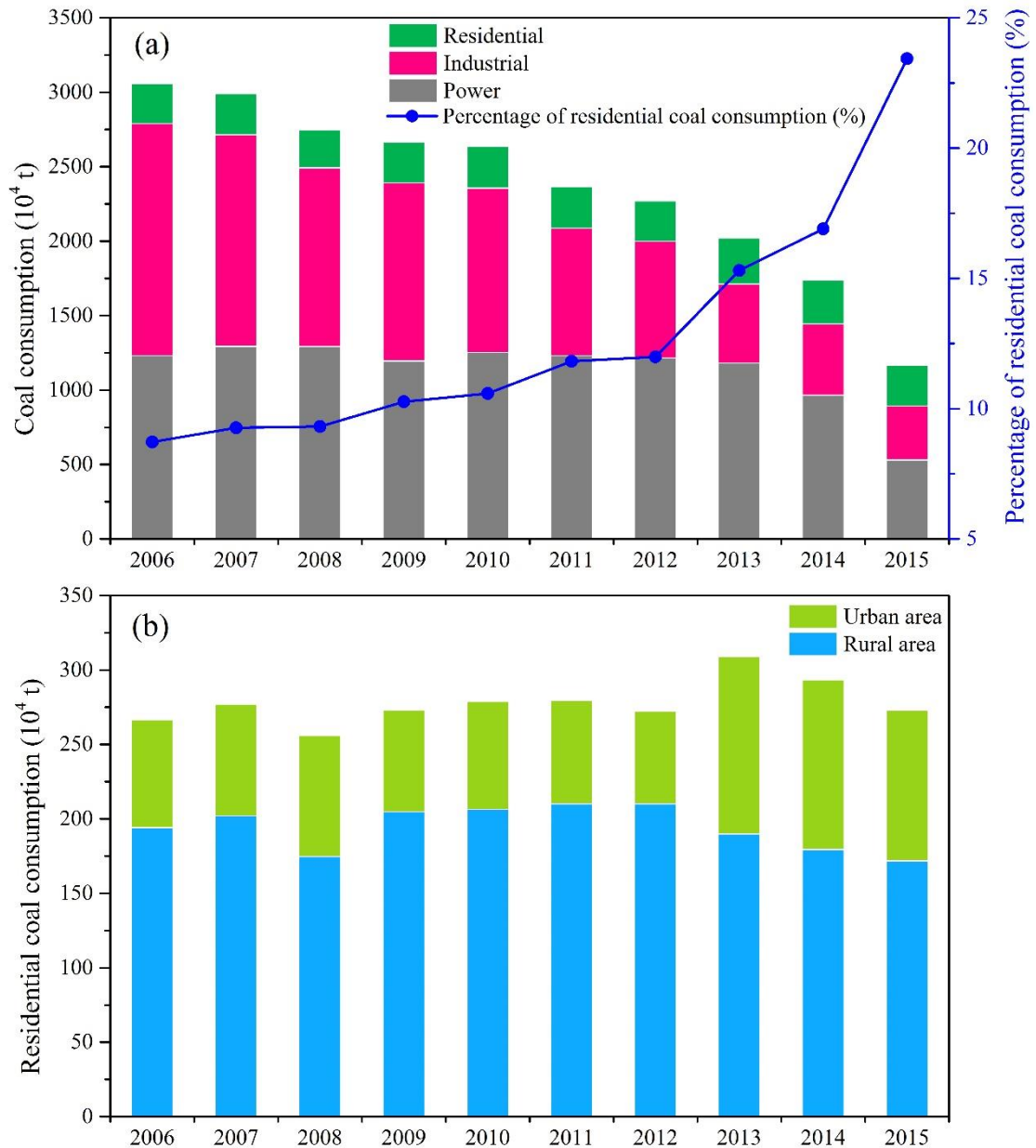
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54 Figure S4. Time series of source contributions based on PMF results (No data on  
 55 2014/12/6 due to unexpected power failure).

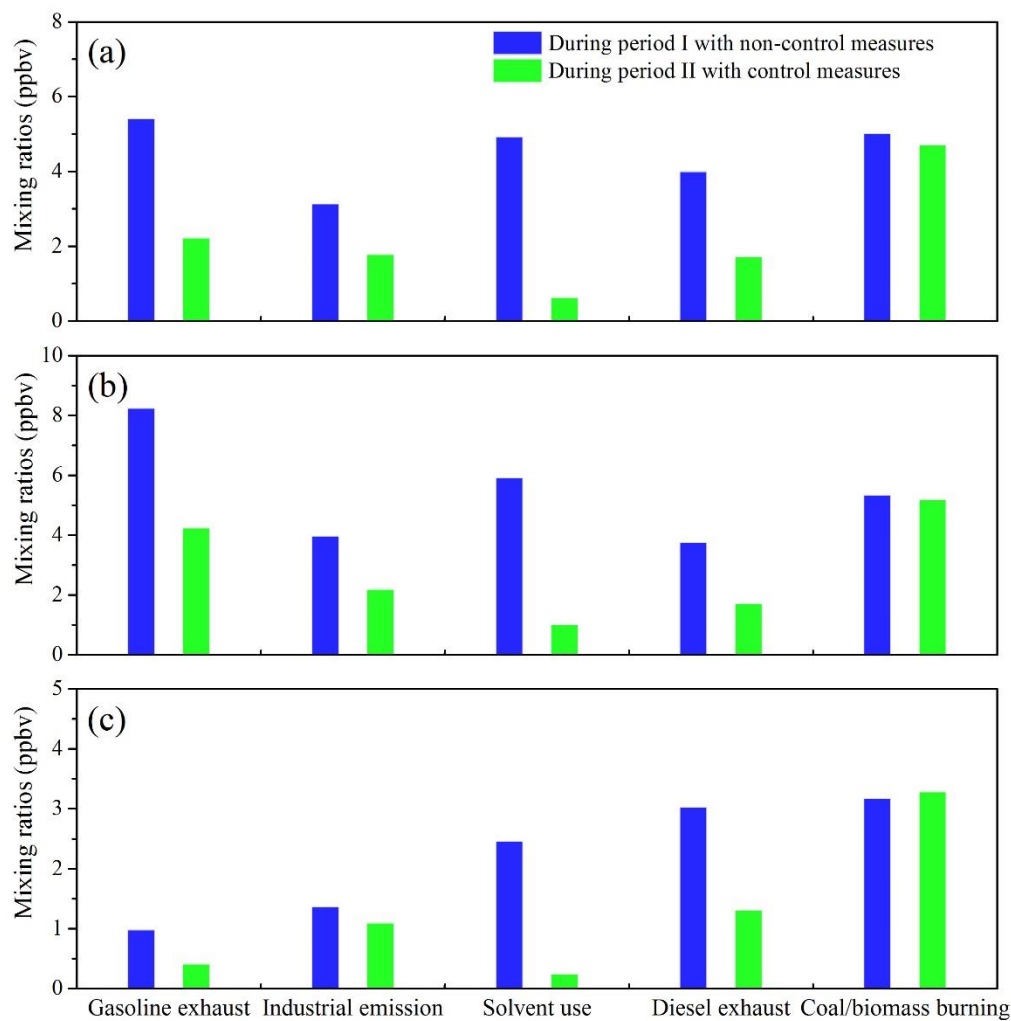
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58 Figure S5. (a) The total coal consumption in residential, industrial and power generation  
 59 sectors and the percentage of residential coal consumption in total coal consumption in  
 60 Beijing during 2006-2015; (b) Residential coal consumption in urban and rural areas of  
 61 Beijing during 2006-2015.

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63

64 Figure S6. Sources contributions (a) in all samples, (b) in the air masses from the south,

65 and (c) in the air masses from north during period I and II, as resolved from the PMF

66 model.

67

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