



## Supplement of

## Formation of secondary organic aerosol coating on black carbon particles near vehicular emissions

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## **PMF** analysis

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5 Figure S1: Q/Q<sub>expected</sub> values as a function of number of PMF factors. A 4-factor solution, including two POA factors from traffic emissions and two SOA factors due to local photochemistry, was determined as a final solution.



Figure S2: Time series of 2-factor solution: (a) HOA and (b) OOA. Increasing the number of PMF factors to four splits HOA into HOA-rich and rBC-rich factors and OOA into OOA-1 and OOA-2 factors. The physical meanings of individual factors are described in the main text (RIE of 0.26 and 1.4 were applied for rBC and organic fragments, respectively).



Figure S3: Correlations between 4-factor and 2-factor solutions: (HOA-rich + rBC-rich) vs. HOA and (OOA-1 + OOA-2) vs. OOA. (RIE of 0.26 and 1.4 were applied for rBC and organic fragments, respectively)

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<sup>10</sup> Figure S4: Mass spectra (a-b) and diurnal cycles (c-d) of 2-factor solution from SP-AMS data within the hot period. (Box plots:  $5^{th}$ ,  $25^{th}$ ,  $50^{th}$ ,  $75^{th}$  and  $95^{th}$  percentile, Filled circles: mean values for organic +  $C_x^+$  fragments, Red dashed lines: mean values for organic alone.



Figure S5: Time series of the 4-factor solution: (a) HOA-rich, (b) rBC-rich, (C) OOA-1, and (d) 5 OOA-2 (RIE of 0.26 and 1.4 were applied for rBC and organic fragments, respectively).



Figure S6: Mass spectra (a-d) and diurnal cycles (e-h) of 4-factor solution from HR-ToF-AMS data within the hot period. (Box plots: 5<sup>th</sup>, 25<sup>th</sup>, 50<sup>th</sup>, 75<sup>th</sup> and 95<sup>th</sup> percentile, Filled circles: mean values) (Chen et al., submitted)



Figure S7: Diurnal cycles of (a) rBC, NR-PM<sub>rBC</sub> components, including (b) Organics, (c) nitrate, (d) ammonium, (e) sulfate and (f) chloride, (g) ozone, (h) -log(NO<sub>x</sub>/NO<sub>y</sub>), (i) R<sub>BC</sub>, (j) Org/rBC
ratio, (k) O/C and (l) H/C of organic coating. The data points represent average values and the error bars represent one standard deviation.

## **References:**

Chen, C.-L., Chen, S., Russell, L. M., Liu, J., Price, D. J., Betha, R., Sanchez, K. J., Lee A. K. Y., Collier, S. C., Zhang, Q., Kumar, A., Kleeman, M., Zhang, X., and Cappa, C. D.: Organic aerosol

5 particle chemical properties associated with residential burning and fog in wintertime San Joaquin Valley (Fresno) and with vehicle and firework emissions in summertime South Coast Air Basin (Fontana), submitted.