



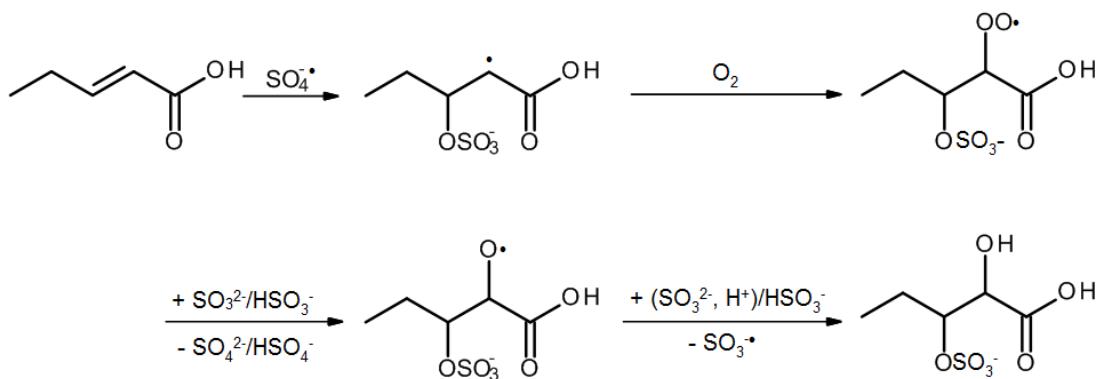
Supplement of

Characterization of polar organosulfates in secondary organic aerosol from the unsaturated aldehydes 2-*E*-pentenal, 2-*E*-hexenal, and 3-*Z*-hexenal

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Scheme S1. Formation mechanism for 3-sulfoxy-2-hydroxypentanoic acid through reaction of 2-E-pentenoic acid with the sulfate radical anion in aqueous solution.

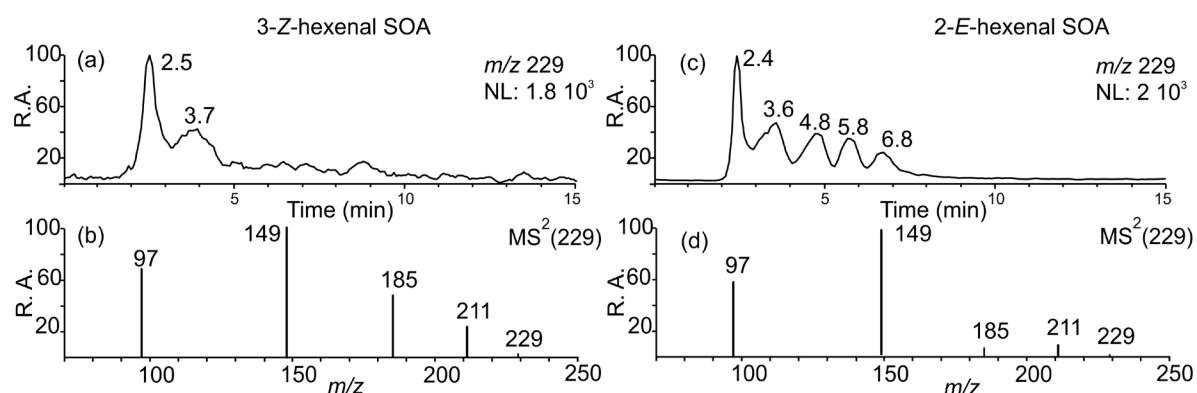


Figure S1. Selected LC/MS extracted ion chromatographic data (m/z 229) for the selected filters containing 3-Z-hexenal and 2-E-hexenal SOA, as well as a MS^2 product ion spectrum for the peak eluting at 2.5 min and 2.4 min, respectively.

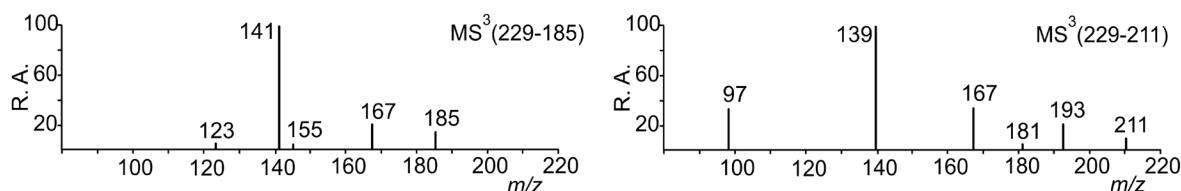


Figure S2. Additional MS^3 product ion data for the peak at 2.5 min present in ambient fine aerosol (Fig. 2a).

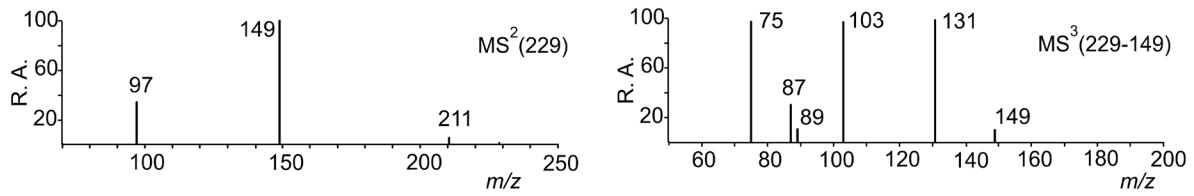


Figure S3. Selected MS data (MS² or MS³ product ion spectra) for the peak eluting at 2.2 min in ambient aerosol (Fig. 2a).

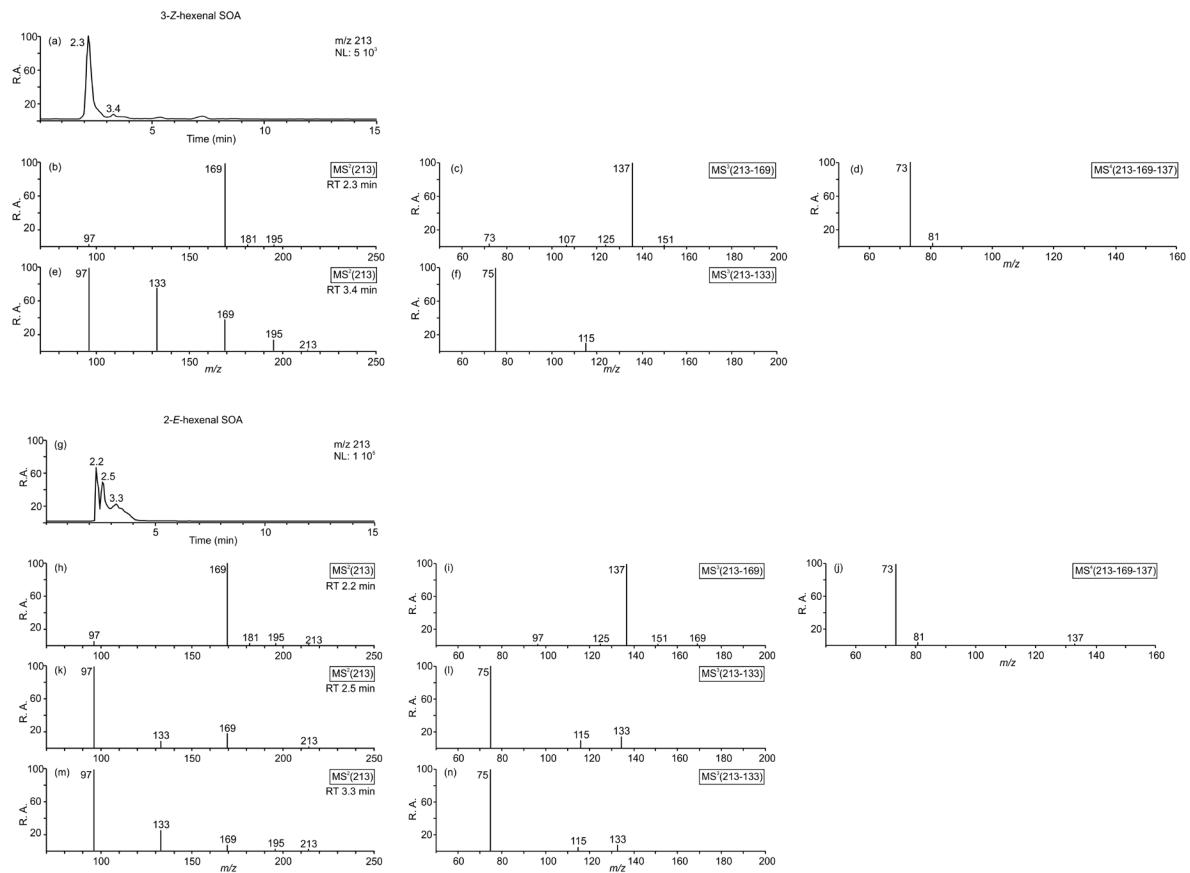


Figure S4. Selected LC/MS chromatographic data (m/z 213 EICs) and MS data (MS², MS³ and MS⁴ product ion spectra) for 3-Z-hexenal (**a-f**) and 2-E-hexenal SOA (**g-n**). Abbreviation: NL, normalization level.

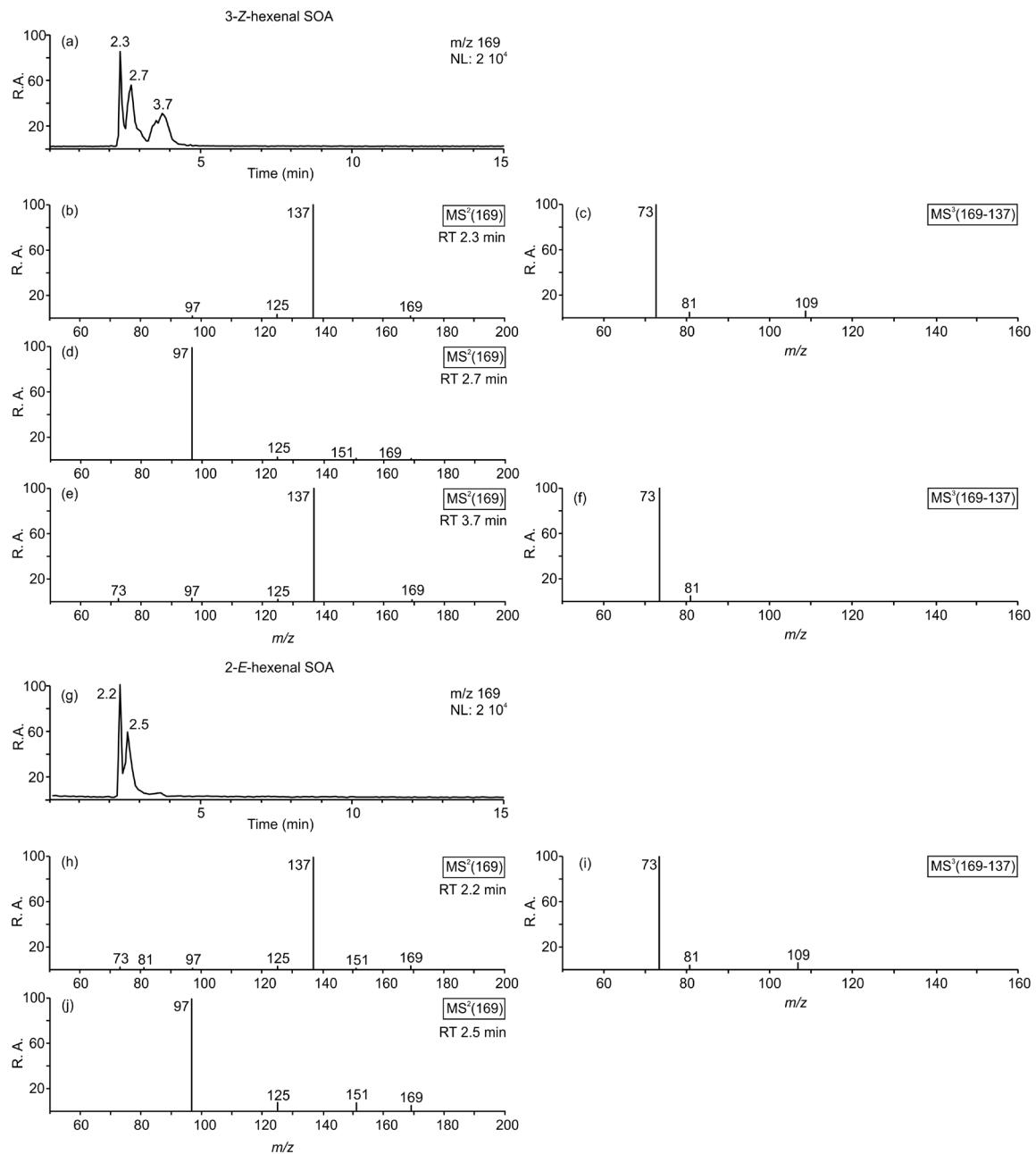


Figure S5. Selected LC/MS chromatographic data (m/z 169 EICs) and MS data (MS^2 and MS^3 product ion spectra) for 3-Z-hexenal SOA (a-f), and 2-E-hexenal SOA (g-j). The peak at RT 3.7 min in 2-E-hexenal SOA (g) is minor, but detailed analysis shows that the same m/z 169 compound as in 3-Z-hexenal SOA (a) is present. Abbreviation: NL, normalization level.