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## Supplement of

## How do air ions reflect variations in ionising radiation in the lower atmosphere in a boreal forest?

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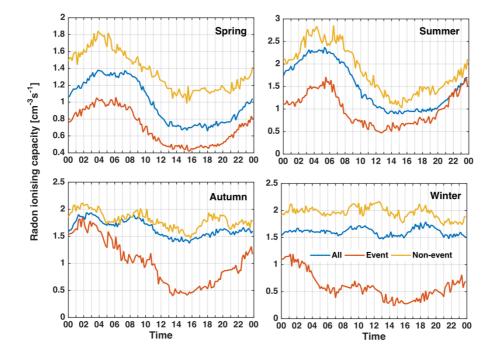


Figure S1. 10-min median radon ionising capacities on event and non-event days in different seasons over 2003-2006.

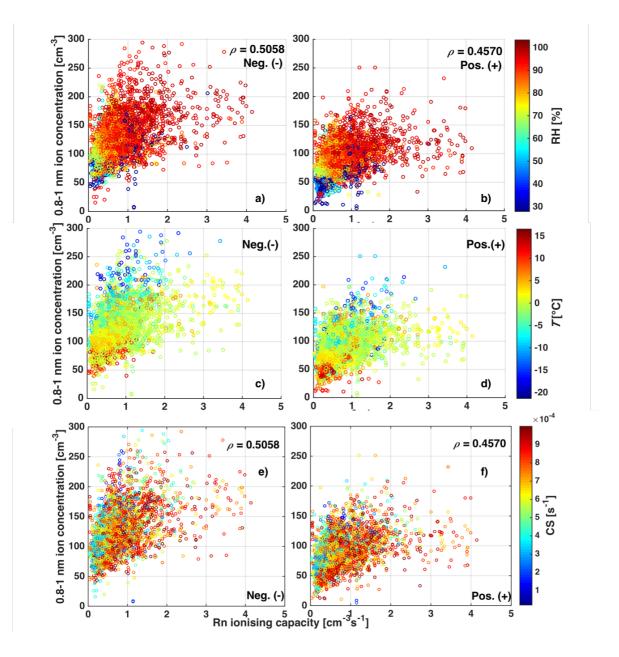


Figure S2. Relationship between the hourly ionising capacity and the 0.8-1 nm ion concentration with Spearman's rank correlation coefficients ( $\rho$ ) when the condensation sink (CS) is below 0.001 s<sup>-1</sup>. Upper panel: with relative humidity (RH) on the colour scale. Middle panel: with air temperature (T) on the colour scale. Lower panel: with condensational sink (CS) on the colour scale.



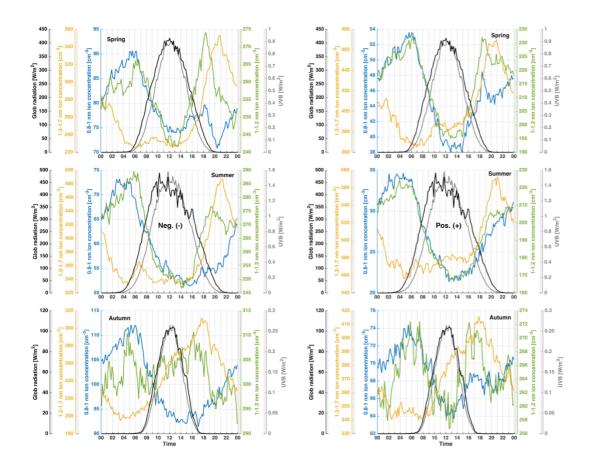


Figure S3. Diurnal relationship between median solar radiation intensities and ion concentrations in 0.8-1 nm, 1-1.2 nm and 1.2-1.7 nm sub-cluster size ranges in different seasons over 2003-2006.

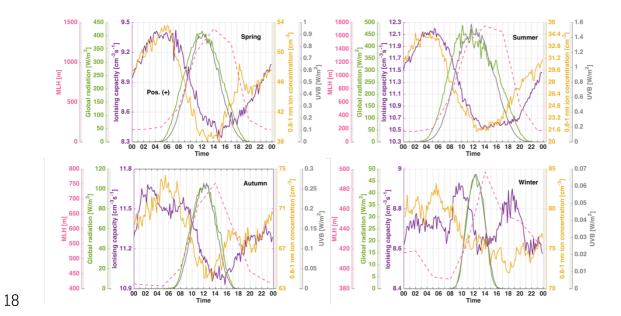


Figure S4. Diurnal patterns in median 0.8-1 nm positive ion concentrations, ionising capacities, global and UVB radiation intensities as well as modelled mixing layer heights (MLH) in different seasons over 2003-2006.