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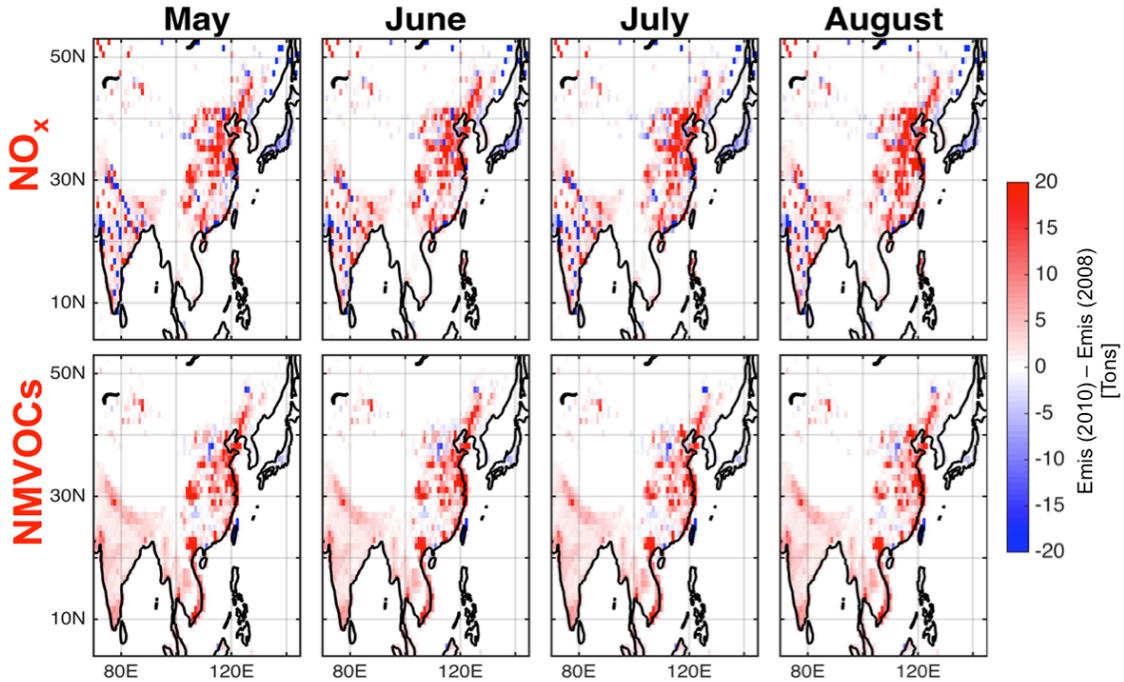
Supplement of

Tropospheric ozone variability during the East Asian summer monsoon as observed by satellite (IASI), aircraft (MOZAIC) and ground stations

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 4 Fig S1. Change (in tons specie) between 2010 and 2008 of NO_x (upper panel) and
 5 NMVOCs (lower panel) emissions as derived from EDGAR-HTAP.
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 7

8 Table S1. Indian ground stations specific location and type

Station name	Longitude	Latitude	Type	
Hyderabad	78.48	17.37	Urban	9
Udaipur	73.68	24.58	Urban	10
Jabalpur	79.93	23.17	Urban	11
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Table S2. Chinese ground stations specific location and type in the North China Plain (N1 to N7) and Pearl River Delta (P1 to P13). The station label is used in Figs. S1 and S2.

Station label	Station name	Longitude	Latitude	Type
N1	BD	115.52	38.87	Urban
N2	CZ	116.81	38.28	Urban
N3	TS	118.16	39.62	Urban
N4	SJZ	114.54	38.03	Urban
N5	BJ	116.37	39.97	Urban
N6	LF	116.75	39.6	Suburban
N7	XL	117.48	40.4	Rural
P1	Chengzhong	112.47	23.05	Urban
P2	Jinjuzui	113.26	22.82	Urban
P3	Huijingcheng	113.1	23	Urban
P4	Donghu	113.08	22.59	Urban
P5	Tangjia	113.63	22.42	Urban
P6	Haogangxiaoxue	113.77	23	Urban
P7	Jinguowan	114.38	22.94	Rural
P8	Xiapu	114.4	23.08	Urban
P9	Liyuan	114.09	22.55	Urban
P10	Luhugongyuan	113.27	23.15	Urban
P11	Nanshawanqingsha	113.62	22.72	Rural
P12	Tianhu	113.62	23.65	Rural

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26 The NCP surface ozone was measured with a Model 49i or 49c ozone analyzer from
 27 Thermo Environmental Instruments (TEI) Inc. with a precision of 1 ppbv. Multipoint
 28 calibrations of the O₃ analyzer were conducted using a zero air supplier (Model 111) and
 29 a calibrator (TE 49c PS).

30

31 The O₃ at the PRD stations have been measured using an EC9810B ozone analyzer
 32 (Ecotech Co., Australia) based on the UV-absorption method and the Lambert–Beer law.

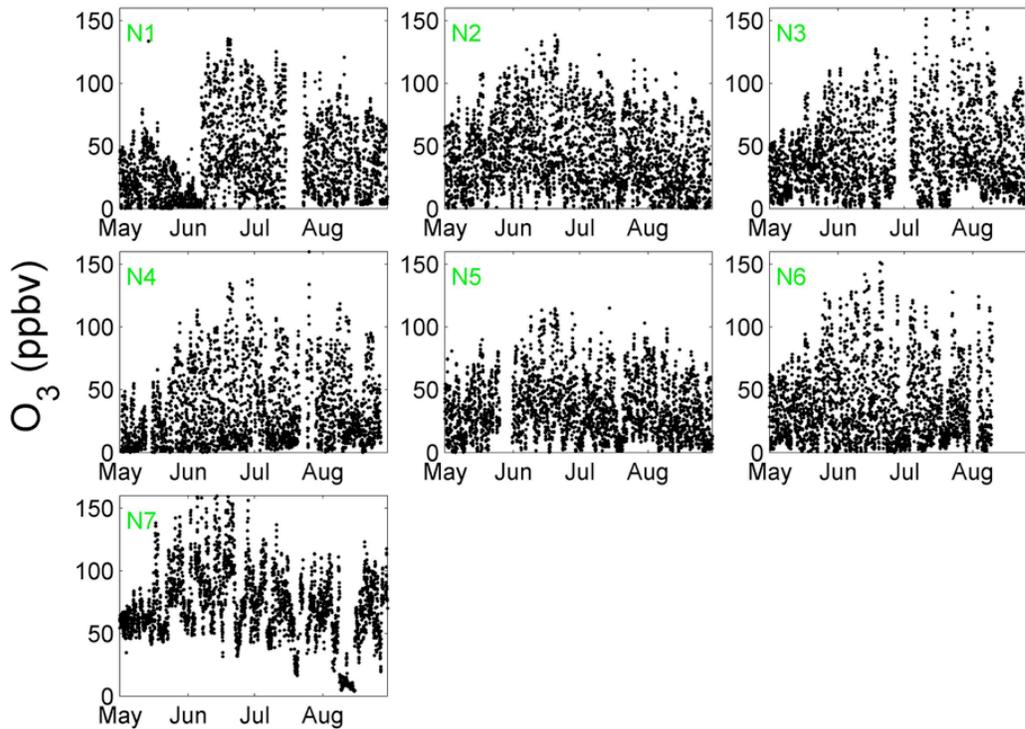
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34 The O₃ at the Indian stations was measured using Model EC-9810 ozone analyzer
 35 (Ecotech, Australia) (Surendran et al., 2015)

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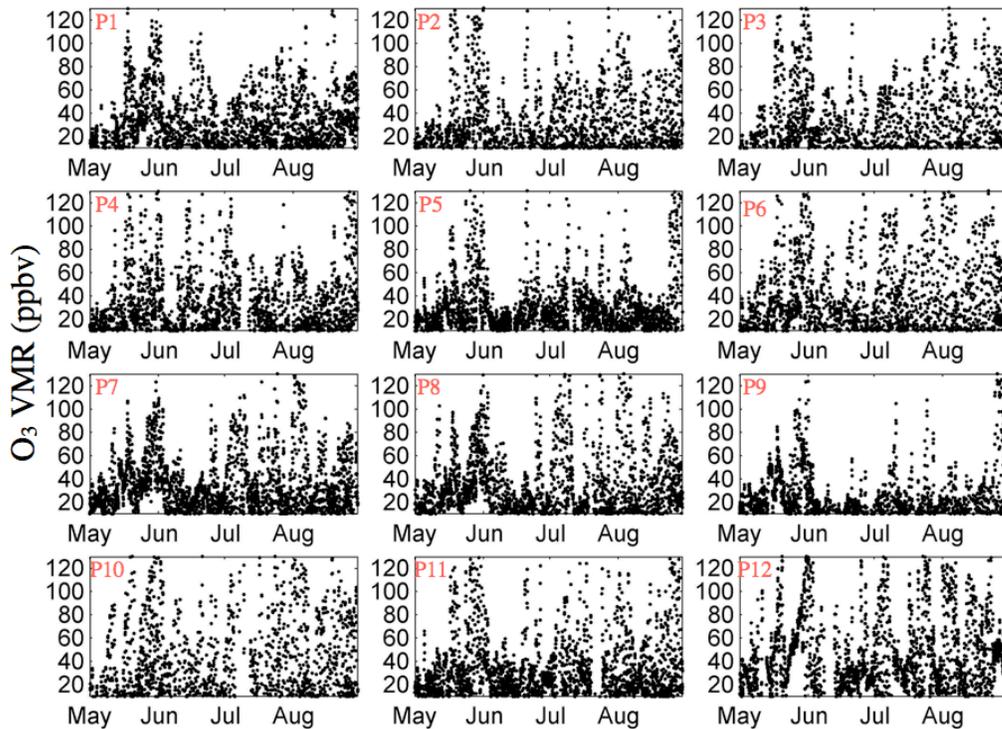
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39
 40 Figure S2. Hourly observations of surface O₃ at the North China Plain stations during the
 41 EASM of 2011.

42
 43 Figure 2 has suggested that the NCP region is not affected by the EASM as the rest of
 44 China, and we had a general persistence of high tropospheric O₃ column values. Figure
 45 S1 shows that the urban/suburban NCP stations (N1 to N6) have high diurnal variations
 46 with recurrent near-zero O₃ values suggesting high O₃ losses. This is due to the depletion
 47 of O₃ through titration by the freshly emitted NO which is common in the shallow
 48 nocturnal boundary layer in polluted regions (Duncan et al., 2008; Sillman et al., 1990).
 49 These stations show a small decrease from June to July due to the weak effect of the
 50 EASM on surface O₃ over this region.

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 54 Fig S3. Hourly observations of surface O₃ at Pearl River Delta during the EASM of 2011.
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56 The ground observations of the PRD stations (P1 to P12) in Fig. S2 show frequent O₃
 57 peaks and what is noted is that the decrease detected during the EASM is starting June
 58 whereas it was couple of weeks later in the NCP region. In fact, the EASM is latitude
 59 dependent and this region is lower in latitude and thus affected by the EASM earlier than
 60 the NCP region, a result also detected for the O₃ column in Fig. 2. The O₃ VMR increase
 61 afterwards in July and August and are comparable to the May values due to the decrease
 62 in monsoon strength over this region (also seen in Figure 2).

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