

Exploring the atmospheric chemistry of $O_2SO_3^-$ and assessing the maximum turnover number of ion catalysed H_2SO_4 formation

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Supplementary information:

Table SI-1: Entropies, Gibbs free energies and basis set superposition errors of all stable species calculated with CAM-B3LYP/aug-cc-pVTZ.

Species	ΔS (cal mol $^{-1}$ K $^{-1}$)	ΔG 298.15 K (Hartree)	BSSE (kJ mol $^{-1}$)
SO ₃	64.911	-623.867143	
SO ₃ ⁻	66.639	-623.962534	
SO ₃ ⁻ (H ₂ O)	83.571	-700.403577	
O ₃	56.738	-225.447418	
O ₃ ⁻	58.879	-225.549824	
O ₃ ⁻ (H ₂ O)	78.503	-301.998782	0.52
O ₂ SO ₃ ⁻	78.261	-774.337657	1.46
O ₂ SO ₃ ⁻ (H ₂ O)	95.869	-850.775256	2.08
O ₂ SO ₃ ⁻ O ₃	114.465	-999.780495	2.10
O ₂ SO ₃ ⁻ (H ₂ O)(O ₃)	132.813	-1076.217975	2.68
O ₃ SO ₃ ⁻	87.203	-849.495301	1.67
O ₃ SO ₃ ⁻ (H ₂ O)	108.671	-925.933002	2.22
O ₂	48.948	-150.355933	
H ₂ O	46.449	-76.434954	

Table SI-2: Relative entropies and gibbs free energies of species corresponding to the potential energy surface shown in Figure 3 in the main article calculated with CAM-B3LYP/aug-cc-pVTZ. Values are corrected for basis set superposition error.

Dehydrated reaction	ΔS (J mol $^{-1}$ K $^{-1}$)	ΔG (kJ(mol)
O ₂ SO ₃ ⁻ + O ₃	0.0	0.0
O ₂ SO ₃ ⁻ O ₃	-85.9	12.66
O ₃ ⁻ +O ₂ +SO ₃	157.9	30.50
TS	-147.0	28.8
SO ₆ ⁻ +O ₂	4.8	-173.45
TS	-12.1	-160.0
SO ₄ ⁻ +2 O ₂	140.6	251.4
Monohydrated reaction	ΔS (J mol $^{-1}$ K $^{-1}$)	ΔG (kJ(mol)
O ₂ SO ₃ ⁻ (H ₂ O) + O ₃	0.0	0.0
O ₂ SO ₃ ⁻ (H ₂ O)O ₃	-82.8	12.9
O ₃ ⁻ (H ₂ O)+O ₂ +SO ₃	166.3	-0.6
TS	-147.0	35.1
SO ₆ ⁻ (H ₂ O)+O ₂	21.0	-173.8
TS	-5.8	-160.6
SO ₄ ⁻ (H ₂ O)+2 O ₂	158.3	-250.8

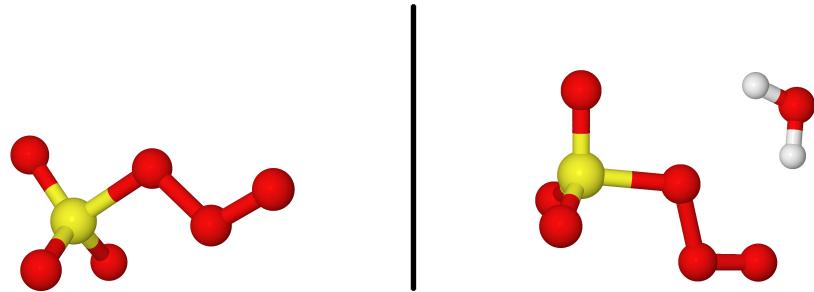


Figure SI-1: Structure of the most stable O_3SO_3^- and $\text{O}_3\text{SO}_3^-(\text{H}_2\text{O})$ clusters. Sulfur (yellow), oxygen (red), hydrogen (white).

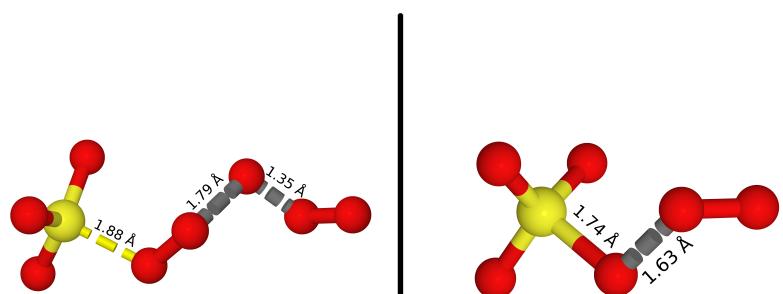


Figure SI-2: Structures of the dehydrated transition states of reaction (R12) and (R13) in the main article. Sulfur (yellow), oxygen (red).

Determining the inherent limitations of ion catalysed SO₂ oxidation.

We here determine the overall probability of reaction (R3a) vs. (R3b). The rates of these reactions are given as

$$r_{3a\ dehyd} = k_{3a\ dehyd} * [O_3][O_2SO_3^-] \quad (1)$$

$$r_{3a\ monohyd} = k_{3a\ monohyd} * [O_3][O_2SO_3^-(H_2O)] \quad (2)$$

$$r_{3b\ dehyd} = k_{3b\ dehyd} * [O_3][O_2SO_3^-] \quad (3)$$

$$r_{3b\ monohyd} = k_{3b\ monohyd} * [O_3][O_2SO_3^-(H_2O)] \quad (4)$$

The rate constants, k, are determined via transition state theory,

$$k(T) = A \times \exp\left(\frac{-E_A}{RT}\right). \quad (5)$$

The barrier heights, E_A, and prefactors, A, are given in Table SI-2.

The fraction of hydrated clusters is given by the law of mass action i.e.

$$\frac{[O_2SO_3^-(H_2O)]}{[O_2SO_3^-]} = [H_2O] \times \exp\left(\frac{-\Delta G}{RT}\right) \quad (6)$$

where $\Delta G = \Delta H - T\Delta S$, $\Delta H = -12.3$ kJ mol⁻¹, and $\Delta S = -82.8$ J mol⁻¹ K⁻¹.

The total rate of reaction (R3a) vs. (R3b) is hereby readily obtained as

$$F = \frac{r_{3a\ dehyd} + r_{3a\ monohyd}}{r_{3b\ dehyd} + r_{3b\ monohyd}} \quad (7)$$

Table SI-3: XYZ coordinates of stable species in Ångstroms.

SO_3			
S	-1.242506	-0.434132	0.000000
O	-1.956959	0.803271	0.000000
O	-1.956959	-1.671534	0.000000
O	0.186364	-0.434132	0.000000
SO_3^-			
S	-1.242745	-0.434132	0.092698
O	-1.961210	0.810919	0.469678
O	-1.961210	-1.679182	0.469678
O	0.195104	-0.434132	0.467946
$\text{SO}_3^-(\text{H}_2\text{O})$			
S	-0.703534	0.000006	-0.259332
O	0.092226	1.240999	-0.042272
O	-2.019035	-0.000133	0.417778
O	0.092441	-1.240868	-0.042324
O	2.718435	-0.000047	0.157072
H	2.091764	-0.737547	0.113619
H	2.092244	0.737841	0.113655
O_3			
O	0.000000	0.000000	0.425791
O	0.000000	1.063717	-0.212896
O	0.000000	-1.063717	-0.212896
O_3^-			
O	0.000000	0.000000	0.476637
O	0.000000	1.125087	-0.238318
O	0.000000	-1.125087	-0.238318
$\text{O}_3^-(\text{H}_2\text{O})$			
O	-1.275980	-0.057099	0.000684
O	-0.467785	-1.127033	-0.000454
O	-0.662584	1.118989	-0.000426
O	2.044935	0.031793	0.000168
H	1.271401	-0.574163	-0.000145
H	1.544198	0.857661	-0.000005
O_2SO_3^-			
S	-0.492653	-0.065117	-0.000013
O	-1.306145	1.136269	-0.000648
O	-0.468266	-0.830694	-1.230756
O	-0.469002	-0.829851	1.231237
O	2.110299	-0.090974	0.000057
O	1.118420	0.745485	0.000136
$\text{O}_2\text{SO}_3^-(\text{H}_2\text{O})$			
O	-3.107206	-0.619335	0.009221
O	2.121796	-1.272023	0.076638
O	1.190567	-0.822729	-0.707968
S	0.191065	0.445857	0.059139
O	1.148923	1.479429	0.378413
O	-0.411609	-0.247833	1.185531
O	-0.695810	0.699832	-1.065948
H	-2.441360	-0.728296	0.701183
H	-2.588981	-0.144131	-0.654511
$\text{O}_2\text{SO}_3^-(\text{O}_3)$			
S	-0.941890	-0.502628	0.013875
O	-2.008578	-1.329772	-0.509094
O	-0.006465	0.029744	-0.961180
O	-0.373735	-0.895532	1.289856
O	-2.449162	1.575548	-0.368280
O	-1.807324	0.966491	0.581011
O	3.150675	-0.730735	-0.432775
O	2.503989	0.103756	0.216660
O	2.874381	1.285755	0.156051

Table SI-4: XYZ coordinates of stable species in Ångstroms.

$\text{O}_2\text{SO}_3^-(\text{O}_3)(\text{H}_2\text{O})$			
O	-3.760072	0.845435	1.267732
O	-1.998277	-1.612739	0.453825
O	-1.160407	-1.430704	-0.518880
S	-0.473203	0.229681	-0.562206
O	0.242046	0.312481	0.694844
O	-1.656949	1.065162	-0.675851
O	0.327432	0.083791	-1.758298
H	-3.445841	-0.044842	1.452713
H	-3.112644	1.137387	0.606168
O	3.457309	1.109474	0.470342
O	2.978681	0.013691	0.143801
O	3.336453	-0.982521	0.789537
O_3SO_3^-			
S	-0.881747	-0.043815	0.000050
O	-0.894092	-0.820496	-1.225816
O	-0.893672	-0.819846	1.226330
O	-1.664295	1.176823	-0.000140
O	2.837890	0.178407	0.000151
O	1.696542	-0.339901	-0.000201
O	0.681122	0.712643	-0.000423
$\text{O}_3\text{SO}_3^-(\text{H}_2\text{O})$			
O	0.438866	-0.031188	0.359284
O	0.820146	-1.398481	0.067309
O	2.071259	-1.474456	-0.047398
O	3.091579	1.468017	-0.022802
H	2.952349	0.512252	-0.042573
H	2.190549	1.799306	0.067766
S	-1.253405	0.196675	-0.037066
O	-1.322779	-0.131673	-1.446403
O	-1.296406	1.603537	0.307628
O	-1.938720	-0.718050	0.853365
O_2			
O	0.000000	0.034895	0.021469
O	0.000000	1.053605	0.648231
H_2O			
H	0.764176	-0.465239	0.000000
O	0.000000	0.116284	0.000000
H	-0.764176	-0.465030	0.000000

Table SI-5: Cartesian coordinates (\AA) and harmonic frequencies (cm^{-1}) of transition states of Reaction (R3a)

Dehydrated			
S	1.696799	0.089378	-0.031464
O	2.411514	0.193075	1.222670
O	2.085038	-0.985014	-0.919485
O	1.273404	1.323424	-0.654194
O	-0.756669	-0.810417	-0.231269
O	0.130948	-0.550602	0.671802
O	-1.868110	0.599211	-0.445934
O	-2.866908	0.399614	0.435032
O	-3.802815	-0.348046	-0.015694
Frequencies	-321.9394 67.1859 252.9011 434.6550 584.2074 848.1631 1192.1632	28.9034 119.7483 321.4741 500.0760 609.1592 1062.1889 1323.6536	35.6838 208.6322 365.5565 543.4828 663.4043 1167.9925 1327.8310
Monohydrated			
O	-4.139019	-0.723724	0.506573
O	1.027279	-1.222804	-0.290461
O	-0.013047	-0.784810	-0.934377
S	-0.918027	0.483048	-0.027922
O	0.051019	1.544037	0.098670
O	-1.287300	-0.208777	1.193324
O	-1.982726	0.666216	-0.997164
H	-3.359208	-0.785292	1.073296
H	-3.772300	-0.248234	-0.250170
O	3.692386	-0.199709	0.991694
O	2.892432	0.420986	0.213331
O	2.486467	-0.328321	-0.828638
Frequencies	-398.3860 44.5390 120.3842 261.9621 337.9176 504.9036 604.1542 846.0554 1193.9943 1686.6462	18.7961 74.3038 150.6197 287.3842 365.1388 549.6088 628.7218 1058.9886 1299.3217 3772.8979	24.7694 96.3138 220.4618 318.3708 436.2471 579.0489 673.4874 1145.5589 1331.9861 3811.0335

Table SI-6: Cartesian coordinates (\AA) and harmonic frequencies (cm^{-1}) of transition states of Reaction (11)

Dehydrated			
S	-0.852454	0.081842	0.047629
O	-0.534869	1.530032	-0.002265
O	-1.854504	-0.406808	-0.934389
O	-0.935267	-0.496415	1.411700
O	2.731013	0.276631	-0.185921
O	1.780503	-0.367126	0.296526
O	0.518033	-0.699998	-0.680909
Frequencies	-422.1284 181.0144 472.8692 560.7382 1223.0578	100.4235 323.581 507.5197 706.7543 1223.683	113.9359 346.5348 530.5524 994.0551 1308.5782
Monohydrated			
O	-2.039858	2.123877	-0.060867
O	0.450184	1.094480	-0.895909
S	1.079592	0.086975	-0.044124
O	1.687418	-1.010922	-0.769579
O	-0.209700	-0.603318	0.805920
O	-1.141454	-1.382531	-0.266024
O	-2.293259	-1.411597	0.151230
O	1.808043	0.600521	1.100293
H	-1.159032	1.885708	-0.405576
H	-2.205438	1.438608	0.591047
Frequencies	-166.2702 55.3997 193.2041 378.1218 549.6016 663.4326 1266.7248 1684.7588	34.2897 131.4588 207.3905 386.2142 556.6035 784.4685 1309.2055 3600.2298	49.0112 163.2900 363.6081 446.2851 608.8597 1056.4784 1388.5282 3885.8532

Table SI-7: Thermodynamic data of the transition states of the de- and monohydrated reactions (R3a) and (R3b). Values are corrected for basis set superposition error.

Parameter	Reaction	
E_a	(R3a) dehyd.	$\Delta G = 28.8 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}, \Delta S = -57.0 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$
A	(R3a) dehyd.	$3.12 \times 10^{10} \text{ s}^{-1}$
E_a	(R3a) monohyd.	$\Delta G = 35.1 \text{ mol}^{-1}, \Delta S = -147.0 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$
A	(R3a) monohyd.	$7.40 \times 10^9 \text{ s}^{-1}$
E_a	(R3b) dehyd.	$\Delta G = 30.5 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}, \Delta S = 157.9 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$
A	(R3b) dehyd.	$540 \text{ cm}^{-1} = 1.62 \times 10^{13} \text{ s}^{-1}$
E_a	(R3b) monohyd.	$\Delta G = 12.9 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}, \Delta S = -82.8 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$
A	(R3b) monohyd.	$540 \text{ cm}^{-1} = 1.62 \times 10^{13} \text{ s}^{-1}$